

A FUTURE FULL OF POSSIBILITIES

2022 ANNUAL REPORT

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Strengthening Business, Consolidating Growth

Coming out of the unprecedented Covid-19 pandemic, the focus for Aoxin Q&M is "Strengthening business, consolidating growth" by continuing to build and invest in a more resilient and sustainable business that is better equipped to withstand the challenges and capitalise on opportunities that come our way. By strengthening the foundations of our business, we are better positioned to achieve sustainable growth over the long term, while also creating value for our stakeholders.

The annual report has been reviewed by the Company's Sponsor, PrimePartners Corporate Finance Pte. Ltd. (the "Sponsor")

This annual report has not been examined or approved by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "Exchange") and the Exchange assumes no responsibility for the contents of this annual report, including the correctness of any of the statements or opinions made or reports contained in this annual report.

The contact person for the Sponsor is Ms Lim Hui Ling, 16 Collyer Quay, #10-00 Collyer Quay Centre, Singapore 049318, sponsorship@ppcf.com.sg

VISION 愿景

TO BECOME THE LEADING DENTAL HEALTHCARE GROUP IN NORTHERN CHINA

成为中国北部领先的 牙科医疗团

CORE VALUES 核心价值观

KINDNESS 厚德
PROFESSIONALISM 精业
DILIGENCE 勤勉
AMBITION 致远

MISSION 使命

BUSINESS GROWTH 发展事业

CONTRIBUTION TO SOCIETY

造福社会

PROVIDING QUALITY HEALTHCARE

呵护健康



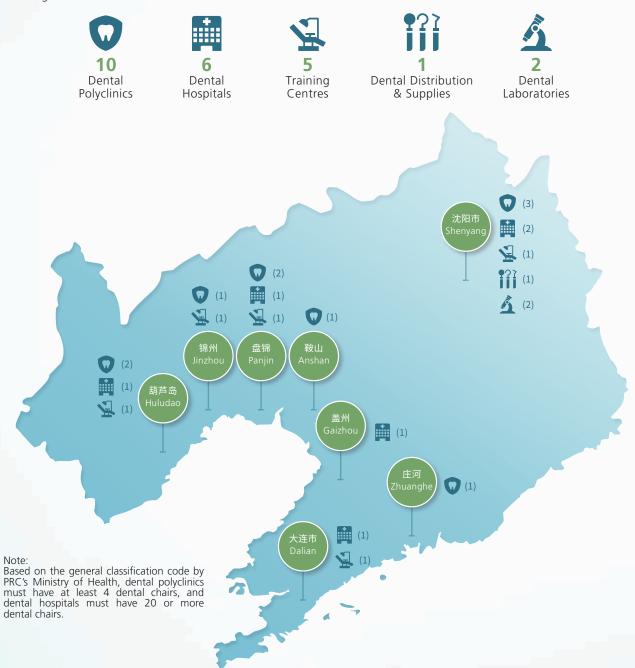
AT A GLANCE

ABOUT AOXIN Q & M

Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited ("Aoxin Q & M", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") is a leading provider of private dental healthcare services in Liaoning Province, Northern PRC. The Group currently operates 16 dental centres, comprising 10 dental polyclinics and 6 dental hospitals, located across 8 cities in Liaoning Province, namely, Shenyang, Huludao, Panjin, Gaizhou, Zhuanghe, Jinzhou, Dalian and Anshan. We currently have 416 dental professionals, including 174 dentists, 173 dental surgery assistants and 69 laboratory technicians. A majority of our dental centres are accredited as Designated Medical Institutions of Medical Insurance.

Additionally, the Group is engaged in the provision of dental laboratory services, as well as the distribution and sale of dental equipment and supplies in the Liaoning, Heilongjiang and Jilin Provinces in Northern PRC.

Aoxin Q & M was listed on the Catalist board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited on 26 April 2017.



AT A GLANCE



POST COVID-19 BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT FOR ACUMEN DIAGNOSTICS PTE. LTD.

Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd., in which Aoxin holds a 49% ownership stake and controlling shareholder, Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited holds 51%, won a tender by the Singapore Ministry of Health (MOH) for the operation of one of the Joint Testing and Vaccination Centres (JTVC).

As part of the Government's initiative to provide efficient and convenient access to COVID-19 booster shot vaccination, private medical sectors have been called upon to operate these centres. Acumen Diagnostics successfully secured a 15-month contract commencing on 1 October 2022 and ending on 31 December 2023, with operations beginning on 21 November 2022.

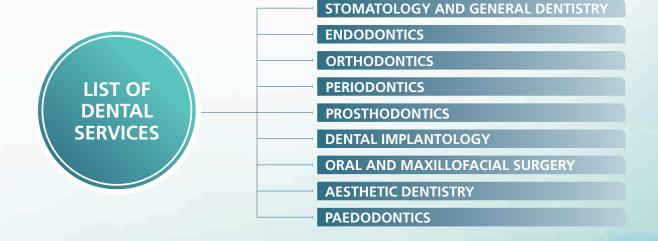
The contract value over the period is estimated to be worth at least \$\$3.6 million.



This achievement highlights our commitment to providing efficient and effective healthcare solutions to the public, and we are confident that our expertise and experience will ensure the success of this partnership.

Acumen will continue to progressively roll out its pipeline of new non-Covid PCR tests. These include the tests for sepsis, identification of bacteria pathogens and their associated antimicrobial resistance in hospitalised pneumonia, as well as colorectal cancer screening and pharmacogenomics. The company is looking into the feasibility of replicating the testing centres and tests in international markets. This expansion plan aligns with Acumen's commitment to provide efficient and innovative healthcare solutions to individuals worldwide.

AOXIN Q & M - LIST OF DENTAL SERVICES



MESSAGE TO SHAREHOLDERS



DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

As we reflect on the past couple of years, we want to express our deepest appreciation to all our shareholders for their support in the face of the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic. We take heart in the knowledge that the fundamentals of our business are sound and we are committed to our mission of providing high-quality dental healthcare to all our patients.

The pandemic has been a challenging time for everyone, and our business was no exception. We were forced to adapt quickly to new protocols to prioritise the health and safety of our patients and staff. We also faced operational and financial challenges as the pandemic disrupted our operations and led to decreased demand for our services as a direct result of multiple lockdowns across China in 2021 that only effectively ended in January 2023. Our business was dampened not only because patients could not visit our hospitals and polyclinics, but also because many of our staff were infected with Covid-19 which further affected our operations.

In October 2022, Acumen won a Singapore Ministry of Health (MOH) tender for the operation of one of the sites allocated for Joint Testing and Vaccination Centers (JTVC). The JVTC is part of the Government's policy and efforts to provide the public with efficient and convenient access to COVID-19 booster shot vaccination. The 15-month contract commences on 1 October 2022 and ends on 31 December 2023 with a contract value worth at least \$\$3.6 million.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

In the financial year ended 31 December 2022 ("FY2022"), the Group's revenue dropped by RMB20.5 million, representing a 12.8% decrease from RMB160.2 million in FY2021, to RMB139.7 million. The decline in revenue was primarily attributed to the resurgence of Covid-19 in Liaoning Province, Northern PRC during the second and fourth quarters of 2022, which adversely affected all business segments of the Group.

Although the primary healthcare segment experienced a 7.3% decline in revenue, dropping from RMB93.9 million in FY2021 to RMB87.0 million in FY2022, it remained relatively resilient given the sheer number of days that our hospitals and polyclinics were unable to open as mandated by the

local authorities, as well as a reduction in the number of patients seeking dental services, which were classified as non-essential by the authorities.

In FY2022, the distribution of dental equipment and supplies segment experienced a decrease of 22.0% in revenue, equating to RMB11.1 million, bringing the total revenue to RMB39.3 million compared to RMB50.4 million in FY2021. The reduced revenue was primarily caused by a decrease in demand for dental equipment from government hospitals due to fewer government tenders secured during the six months ended 30 June 2022, although there was a slight increase in demand in the six months ended 31 December 2022. The supply chain of dental equipment was also impacted by Covid-19 disruptions in FY2022.

In FY2022, the laboratory services segment experienced a 15.7% decline in revenue, falling from RMB15.9 million in FY2021 to RMB13.4 million. This drop was largely due to reduced demand from government dental hospitals, which was a result of the temporary closures and lockdowns.

Excluding the one-off impairment loss on investment in associate of RMB60.2 million, the Group's net loss for FY2022 was RMB7.5 million. The net loss for FY2022 included a tax credit of RMB5.3 million but was partly offset by an increase in operational losses. This increase in operational losses was largely attributable to three factors: a reduction in revenue by RMB20.5 million, a higher percentage of staff costs to revenue due to regulatory increases in social insurance contributions resulting in an increase in the contribution rate, and a higher unrealised foreign exchange loss arising from the translation of Singapore Dollars denominated balances to Chinese Renminbi.

OUTLOOK AND STRATEGY

With a network of 16 dental centres, comprising 6 dental hospitals and 10 polyclinics in Liaoning province, Northern PRC, we have deep experience and expertise in the dental healthcare space and will continue to explore strategic opportunities that come our way that will add value to the group, whether by way of clinic management and operations, mergers and acquisitions or organic growth in good population catchment locations.

The long-term outlook for dental care in China in the long run is positive. With increasing oral health awareness, Chinese

MESSAGE TO SHAREHOLDERS

consumers are becoming more aware of the importance of oral health and are seeking dental care services for preventive measures and treatments. Additionally, urbanisation and an expanding middle class with higher disposable incomes means that there is a corresponding willingness to spend more on dental care, including cosmetic and orthodontic treatments. The growing ageing population in China will also lead to an increased demand for dental services, such as dentures and implants.

To achieve our goals for 2023 and beyond, we are focusing on several key areas. Firstly, we will continue to prioritise the health and safety of our patients and staff. The investments we have made during the past 2 years in terms of safety protocols and equipment were intended to ensure that patients and staff of our hospitals and polyclinics are protected. Secondly, we are investing in technology to enhance the customer experience and streamline our operations. This includes the implementation of new digital tools and software to improve communication with patients and patient care. Lastly, we are committed to providing high-quality dental care that is accessible and affordable to all our patients.

We recognise that there is work to be done to reconnect with our patients, stakeholders and the community at large. We look forward to seeing many of our patients, who were unable to visit us during the lockdowns, returning to our hospitals and polyclinics for dental treatments as we move out from the Covid-19 pandemic era.

During the Covid-19 period, Acumen Diagnostics offered the Group an opportunity to tap on the medical diagnostics business, contributing significantly to the bottom line. As we move out from the Covid-19 period, patients requiring polymerase chain reaction ("PCR") tests for work or for travel has been drastically reduced. Acumen is developing other non-Covid-19 products and services. These include the tests for sepsis, identification of bacteria pathogens and their associated antimicrobial resistence in hospitalised pneumonia, as well as colorectal cancer screening and pharmacogenomics. At the same time, with the experience and capabilities built up over the last 3 years, Acumen is preparing to expand its business activities overseas, including offering its testing capabilities and services in the USA to cater to its larger domestic market.

While Aoxin's FY2022 results reflects the significant impact of the Covid-19 lockdowns in China, we are optimistic about the future of the Group. We have learnt valuable lessons from the pandemic, and we are better equipped to meet the challenges ahead. We have also invested in new training programs to improve the patient experience and increase efficiency in our operations. In addition, we intend to focus our efforts towards bolstering the Group's performance through both long-term and short-term efforts by improving the revenue of our dental hospitals and polyclinics; maximising the cost efficiency of our operations; increasing the utilisation of our operating assets and growing and maximising revenue from our existing businesses.

Barring any other unforeseen circumstances, there are no known significant changes in the trends and competitive conditions of the industry in which the Group operates and no other major known factors or events that may adversely affect the Group in the next reporting period and the next 12 months.

NEW APPOINTMENTS

Mr. San Yi Leong @ Tan Yi Leong, Executive Director and Deputy Chief Executive Officer ("Deputy CEO") relinquished his roles as the Executive Director and Deputy CEO with effect from 28 February 2022 and was re-designated as Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director with effect from 1 March 2022. He subsequently retired from the Board on 28 April 2022 at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting.

Ms. Ng Sook Hwa and Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong were appointed as non-executive and non-independent director effective 6 May 2022.

Ms. Wan Sin Nee resigned from the company and Mr. Loo Keat Choon to replace Ms. Wan Sin Nee as the Financial Controller effective 1 September 2022.

CONCLUSION

The investments made in our core business and acquisitions for the past year have generated a positive momentum for the Group, which we will be building on in the year ahead. Our business in Northern PRC remains strong and we are cautiously optimistic of the future as the worst of the Covid-19 pandemic is behind us.

The Group's robust business foundations, strong financial position, geographic reach in Northern PRC, a skilled and driven workforce remain advantageous, enabling us to adopt a long-term approach to our operations. Alongside our ongoing initiatives to increase productivity, utilisation and reduce costs while emphasising sustainability throughout our value-chain, we are committed to growing and enhancing the Group's revenue by tapping on strategic opportunities that can add value to our organisation.

APPRECIATION

In conclusion, I want to express my gratitude to our patients, employees, and stakeholders for their continued support during this challenging time. We are committed to emerging from this pandemic stronger and more resilient than ever before. We believe that by staying true to our values and continuing to prioritise patient care, we can have a sustainable business that is consistently adds value and grows.

On behalf of the Board, we would like to accord a special note of appreciation to Mr. Ryan San for his guidance and contribution to the Group during his tenure as the Executive Director and Deputy CEO.

We would also like to take this opportunity to thank our fellow Directors for their valued contributions during the past year. Their insights and guidance have helped us navigate through a tough operating environment as we set about building new strategic capabilities within the organisation.

Finally, a big thank you to our shareholders for the trust and confidence you have placed in us. We look forward expectantly to 2023 and will work hard with your support to achieve our goals and objectives.

MR CHUA SER MIANG

Non-Executive Chairman and Independent Director

DR SHAO YONGXIN

Executive Director and Group Chief Executive Officer



Mr. Chua Ser Miang, 54 Non-Executive Chairman | Independent Director

Date of Appointment 30 March 2017 Date of Last Re-appointment 29 June 2020 Length of service as a director (as at 31 December 2022) 5 years 9 months Country of Principal Residence Singapore

Board Committee Memberships

- Chairman of Audit CommitteeMember of Remuneration Committee
- Member of Nominating Committee

Board's Comments on the Appointment The re-appointment of Mr. Chua Ser Miang as Non-Executive Chairman and Independent Director of the Company was recommended by the Nominating Committee and approved by the Board, after taking into consideration his contributions, qualifications, expertise and past experiences.

- Academic & Professional Qualifications
 Master of Science in Global Finance & Banking, King's College London
- Bachelor of Business Administration (Honours), National University of Singapore
 Chartered Financial Analyst, CFA Institute

Shareholding interest (direct & deemed) in the Company and its subsidiaries (as at 15 March 2023) NIL $\,$

Family Relationship None

Other Principal Commitments (as defined in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance) including Directorships in other companies

Present

Listed Companies

- VCPlus LimitedLS 2 Holdings Limited
- Non-listed companies
- Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd.
- Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd.

Past (for the last 5 years)

- China Knowledge Data Technology Pte. Ltd.
- Yamada Green Resources Limited
- Deskera Holdings Limited
- Eastwin Capital Pte. Ltd.

- Working Experience and Occupation(s) over the last 10 years
 Director, Crowe Horwath Capital Pte. Ltd. (November 2020 to present)
- Director of Eastwin Capital Pte. Ltd. (January 2013 to December 2020)
- Director, Corporate Finance Department of DMG & Partners Securities Pte. Ltd. (September 2006 to December 2012)



Dr. Shao Yongxin (邵永新), 61 Executive Director and Group Chief Executive Officer



Dr Ong Siew Hwa, 51 **Executive Director**

Date of Appointment 24 February 2017 Date of Last Re-appointment 28 April 2021 Length of service as a director (as at 31 December 2022) 5 years 10 months Country of Principal Residence People's Republic of China

Board's Comments on the Appointment Not applicable

Dr. Shao Yongxin is not subjected to re-election

Job Title and Area of Responsibility

Executive Director and Group Chief Executive Officer

• Responsible for the overall strategic, management and business development of the Group

Academic & Professional Qualifications
• Professional Certificate (Stomatology), Shenyang
Dental Skills Training Centre

 Master of Business Administration, Jilin University of Technology

Shareholding interest (direct & deemed) in the Company and its subsidiaries (as at 15 March 2023) 109,401,709 (deemed interest)

Family Relationship None

Other Principal Commitments (as defined in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance) including Directorships in other companies

• Dean of Jinzhou Medical University Shenyang College of Dentistry

Non-listed companies

• Health Field Enterprises Limited

• Action Health Enterprises Limited

Q & M Dental (Shenyang) Pte. Ltd.
Shanghai Q & M Investment Management & Consulting Co., Ltd.

Shenyang Xinao Hospital Management Co., Ltd.

• Shenyang Quanxin Medical Equipment Leasing Co., Ltd.

Past (for the last 5 years) NIL

Working Experience and Occupation(s) over the last 10 years

 Executive Director and Group Chief Executive Officer of Aoxin Q&M Dental Group Limited (2017 to present)

 Hospital Director of Shenhe District No. 6 Hospital (1997 to 2016)

• Hospital Director of Shenyang Aoxin Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. (1997 to 2014)

Conflict of interest (including any competing business) NIL

Date of Appointment 1 November 2021 Date of Last Re-appointment Not applicable Length of service as a director (as at 31 December 2022) 1 year 2 months Country of Principal Residence Singapore

Board's Comments on the Appointment Not applicable. Dr Ong Siew Hwa is not subjected to re-election

Job Title and Area of Responsibility

Executive Director

• Oversee the overall management of the business of Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiary

Academic & Professional Qualifications

• Doctor of Philosophy, National University of Singapore, Institute of Molecular and Cell Biology, A*ŠTAR, Singapore

• Bachelor of Science (Honours), National University of Singapore

Shareholding interest (direct & deemed) in the Company and its subsidiaries (as at 15 March 2023) 88,021,818 (direct interest)

Family Relationship None

Other Principal Commitments (as defined in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance) including Directorships in other companies

Present

Non-listed companies

• Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd.

Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd.

Past (for the last 5 years)

• SME Centre @ SMF Pte. Ltd.

• Acumen Holdings Pte. Ltd.

Working Experience and Occupation(s) over the last 10 years
• Executive Director of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group

Limited (November 2021 to present)

• Adjunct Assistant Professor, Department of

Microbiology, at National University of Singapore (February 2004 to present) Chief Executive Officer and Chief Scientist of Acumen

Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. (April 2020 to present)
• Founder and Chief Executive Director of Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd. (January 2010 to present)



Professor Chew Chong Yin, 77 Independent Director



Mr. Lin Ming Khin, 64 Independent Director

Date of Appointment 30 March 2017 Date of Last Re-appointment 28 April 2022 Length of service as a director (as at 31 December 2022) 5 years 9 months Country of Principal Residence Singapore

Board Committee Memberships

- Chairman of Remuneration Committee
- Member of Audit Committee
- Member of Nominating Committee

Board's Comments on the Appointment Not applicable.

Professor Chew Chong Yin is not subjected to

Academic & Professional Qualifications

- Bachelor of Dental Surgery, University of Singapore
 Master of Dental Surgery, University of Singapore
 Doctor of Philosophy, University of Singapore
 Master of Science in Dentistry, Indiana University

Shareholding interest (direct & deemed) in the Company and its subsidiaries (as at 15 March 2023) 100,000 (direct interest)

Family Relationship None

Other Principal Commitments (as defined in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance) including Directorships in other companies

- Member, Dental Specialist Accreditation Board, Ministry of Health
- Emeritus Consultant, National University Health System
- Emeritus Professor, National University of Singapore

Past (for the last 5 years)

President, Singapore Dental Council, Ministry of

Working Experience and Occupation(s) over the last 10 years

- Professor, Faculty of Dentistry, National University of Singapore (1992 to 2019)
- Emeritus Consultant, National University Health System (1999 to present)

- Public Administration Medal (Silver), 2004
- National Medical Excellence Award, Ministry of Health, Singapore (National Clinician Mentor Award), 2009

Conflict of interest (including any competing business) NIL

Date of Appointment 30 March 2017 Date of Last Re-appointment 29 June 2020 Length of service as a director (as at 31 December 2022) 5 years 9 months Country of Principal Residence Singapore

Board Committee Memberships

- Chairman of Nominating Committee
- Member of Audit Committee
- Member of Remuneration Committee

Board's Comments on the Appointment The re-appointment of Mr. Lin Ming Khin as Independent Director of the Company was recommended by the Nominating Committee and approved by the Board, after taking into consideration his contributions, qualifications, expertise and past experiences.

Academic & Professional Qualifications

- Bachelor of Laws, University of BuckinghamAdvocate & Solicitor of Singapore
- Barrister-at-Law of the Middle Temple

Shareholding interest (direct & deemed) in the Company and its subsidiaries (as at 15 March 2023) NIL

Family Relationship None

Other Principal Commitments (as defined in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance) including Directorships in other companies

- Commissioner for Oaths
- Notary Public

Non-listed companies

Charles Lin LLC

Past (for the last 5 years)

• Bee Entertainment Pte. Ltd.

Working Experience and Occupation(s) over the last 10 years • Director at Charles Lin LLC (2017 to current) • Consultant at MyintSoe & Selvaraj (2011 to 2017)



Ms. Ng Sook Hwa, 52 Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director



Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong, 65 Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director

Date of Appointment 6 May 2022 Date of Last Re-appointment Not applicable Length of service as a director (as at 31 December 2022) 8 months Country of Principal Residence Singapore

Board's Comments on the Appointment The re-appointment of Ms. Ng Sook Hwa as Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director of the

Company was recommended by the Nominating Committee and approved by the Board, after taking into consideration her contributions, qualifications, expertise and past experiences.

Academic & Professional Qualifications

- Bachelor of Commerce, Finance & Marketing from Curtin University of Technology
- Master of Accounting from Curtin University of Technology
- Member of CPA Australia

Shareholding interest (direct & deemed) in the Company and its subsidiaries (as at 15 March 2023) NIL

Family Relationship Ms. Ng is a sister of Dr Ng Chin Siau, Group Chief Executive Officer of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited, who is a deemed controlling shareholder of the Company. Ms. Ng is Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited's nominee on the Company's Board

Other Principal Commitments (as defined in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance) including Directorships in other companies

Present

Non-listed companies

- TP Dental Surgeons Pte. Ltd.

- Tiong Bahru Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.
 Bright Smile Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.
 Q & M Dental (Shanghai) Pte. Ltd.
 Q & M Dental Holdings (Shenzhen) Pte. Ltd.
 Q & M Professionals Holding Pte. Ltd.
- Q & M Dental Holdings (Malaysia) Pte. Ltd.
- Q & M Free Dental Clinic Limited
- Aesthetics Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.
- Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons) Pte. Ltd.
- EM2Ai Pte. Ltd.
- AR Dental Supplies Sdn. Bhd.

Past (for the last 5 years)

- Working Experience and Occupation(s) over the last 10 years
 Chief Financial Officer of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited (May 2022 to present)
 Group Financial Controller of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited (June 2011 to May 2022)

Date of Appointment 6 May 2022 Date of Last Re-appointment Not applicable Length of service as a director (as at 31 December 2022) 8 months Country of Principal Residence Singapore

Board's Comments on the Appointment Not applicable. Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong is retiring pursuant to Regulation 122 of the Company's Constitution and he will not be seeking re-election.

Academic & Professional Qualifications

- Fellow of Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants
- Fellow of Association of Certified Accountants, United Kingdom

Shareholding interest (direct & deemed) in the Company and its subsidiaries (as at 15 March 2023) NIL

Family Relationship None

Other Principal Commitments (as defined in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance) including Directorships in other companies

Present

Non-listed companies

- Q & M Dental (Shenyang) Pte. Ltd.
- Q & M Professionals Holding Pte. Ltd.
- VBO Consultancy Pte. Ltd.
- GEM Asset Management Pte. Ltd.

Past (for the last 5 years)

- Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited
- Aesthetics Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons) Pte. Ltd
- Q & M Dental Holdings (Shenzhen) Pte. Ltd.
 Q & M Dental Holdings (Malaysia) Pte. Ltd.
- EM2Ai Pte Ltd
- Q & M Dental Group (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.
- Q & M Dental Holdings (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.
 Q & M Dental Surgery (Selatan) Sdn. Bhd.
 Q & M Dental Surgery (KL) Sdn. Bhd.

- AR Dental Supplies Sdn. Bhd.
- EM2Ai Sdn. Bhd.

Working Experience and Occupation(s) over the last 10 years
• Chief Financial Officer of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited (April 2010 to May 2022)

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Dr. Bai Yi | General Manager

Dr. Bai is the Group's General Manager. She assists the Group's Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer, Dr. Shao, in overseeing operations. Dr. Bai joined the Group in 2014, and she has more than 40 years of experience in the dental industry.

Dr. Bai began her career in 1978 as an employee and doctor's assistant with the Shenyang Shenhe Dental Disease Prevention & Cure Clinic (沈阳市沈河区牙病防治所), where she was eventually promoted to Head of Clinic in 1983. She then joined the Shenyang Shenhe People's Hospital (沈阳市沈河区人民医院) in 1996 as its Hospital Director, before joining Shenyang Aoxin Industrial Co., Ltd. (沈阳奥新实业有限公司) in 2005 as its Deputy General Manager pursuant to which she was also appointed as Deputy Hospital Director of Shenyang Aoxin Stomatology Hospital (沈阳奥新二腔医院). In 2011, Dr. Bai was promoted to General Manager of Shenyang Aoxin Industrial Co., Ltd. (沈阳奥新实业有限公司) and Hospital Director of Shenyang Aoxin Stomatology Hospital (沈阳奥新二腔医院). Dr. Bai subsequently joined Shenyang Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. (沈阳奥新全民口腔医院有限公司) as its General Manager and Hospital Director in 2014.

Dr. Bai is a graduate of the Shenyang Medical College (沈阳医学专科学校) (Diploma (Stomatology) (1983)), Jilin University of Technology (吉林工业大学) (Professional Certificate (Administration) (1996)) and Peking University (北京大学) (Master's Degree (Administration) (2002)).

Between 1997 and 2002, and 2002 and 2007, Dr. Bai was the representative of the 14th and 15th Shenhe District People's Congress (沈河区人大代表), respectively.

Mr. Cui Guo An | Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Cui was appointed as Chief Operating Officer ("**COO**") of the Group on 28 May 2018. As the COO of the Group, he is responsible for overseeing the Group's operations. He is also the General Manager of Shenyang Maotai Q & M Medical Equipment Co., Ltd. (沈阳茂泰全民医疗设备有限公司) ("**SY Maotai**").

Mr. Cui joined our Group in 2016. He has over 35 years of experience in the medical industry, of which more than 30 years have been in the dental industry. Mr. Cui began his career in 1986 as a Lab Technician with the Liaoning Basics Medical Science Institute (辽宁省基础医学研究所). In 1988, he joined the Liaoning College of Health Vocational Technology (辽宁省卫生职工医学院) as Chief of Academic Affairs. In 1990, he joined the China Medical University Science & Technology Development Company (中国医科大学科技开发总公司) as Sales Manager, before leaving in 1994 to establish Shenyang M&T Medical Equipment Co., Ltd., which business he transferred into SY Maotai in 2015.

Mr. Cui is a graduate of the China Medical University (中国医科大学) (Bachelor's Degree (Clinical Medicine) (1993)).

Mr. Loo Keat Choon | Financial Controller

Mr. Loo joined the Group as Deputy Financial Controller in March 2022 and was promoted to Financial Controller in September 2022. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Loo was the Finance Manager of A-Sonic Logistics Pte Ltd from October 2012 to February 2022. From February 2009 to October 2012, he was the Senior Accountant at DKSH Singapore Pte Ltd and Group Accountant in WIS Holding Pte Ltd. Prior to Year 2009, he was an auditor in Ernst and Young LLP and Cypress Singapore PAC.

Mr. Loo holds a Bachelor's Degree in Accounting from University of Hertfordshire (UK). He is also a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (UK) and Member of Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants.

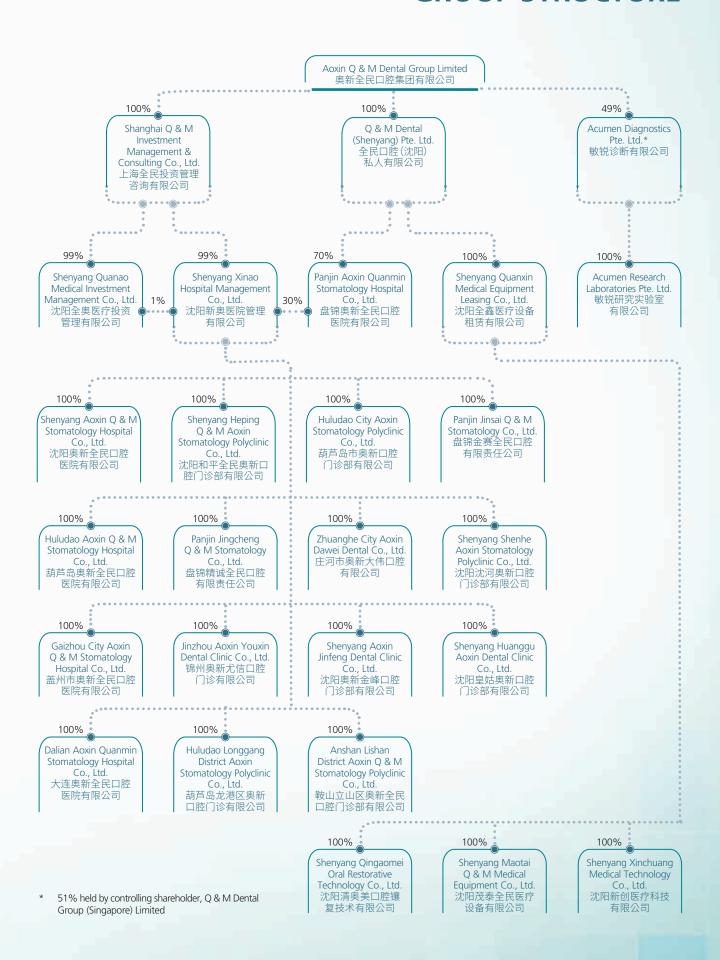
Mr. Zhang Dong Wei | Deputy General Manager (Finance)

As the Group's Deputy General Manager (Finance), Mr. Zhang assists the Group's Financial Controller, Mr. Loo, with financial and accounting matters. Mr. Zhang has over 20 years of experience in auditing, accounting, and financial management.

Mr. Zhang began his career in 1991 as the Finance Manager of the Meihekou, Jilin branch of the Shenyang Mulan Electronics Group Co., Ltd. (沈阳木兰电子集团吉林省梅河口分公司). Between 1995 and 1998, he was self employed and engaged in the sale of furniture. In 1998, Mr. Zhang joined Shenyang Bigtide Direction Group Co. Ltd. (沈阳北泰方向集团有限公司及其各子公司), as its Finance Manager. Subsequently, in 2008, Mr. Zhang joined Shenyang Aoxin Stomatology Hospital (沈阳奥新口腔医院) as Deputy General Manager (Finance). In 2014, he joined Shenyang Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. (沈阳奥新全民口腔医院有限公司) as its Deputy General Manager (Finance).

Mr. Zhang is a graduate of the Dongbei University of Finance and Economics (东北财经大学) (Bachelor's Degree (Economics) (1990)). Mr. Zhang is a Registered Tax Agent and Senior Accountant of the PRC. He is also a Non-Practicing Member of the Chinese Certified Tax Agents Association (中国注册税务师协会非执业会员) and a Non-Practicing Member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (中国注册会计师协会非执业会员).

GROUP STRUCTURE



HIGHLIGHTS OF FY2022 KEY FIGURES

















NO. OF DENTAL SURGERY ASSISTANTS + LABORATORY TECHNICIANS

242

^{*} Excluding impairment loss on investment in associate of RMB60.2 million due to the impairment loss in associate being non-recurring in nature and also not considered part of the Group's operating business.

FINANCIAL REVIEW



Introduction

The Group's FY2022 profits reflected the major impact of China's Covid-19 lockdowns on revenue. The re-opening of China in 2023 is expected to improve the country's business climate and economy, which will in turn boost the Group's revenue.

Acumen, the Group's associate company in medical technology will progressively roll out its pipeline non-Covid PCR tests. These include the tests for sepsis, identification of bacteria pathogens and their associated antimicrobial resistance in hospitalised pneumonia, as well as colorectal cancer screening and pharmacogenomics. In addition, Acumen was awarded the contract to operate a Joint Testing and Vaccination Center for the Singapore Ministry of Health. Acumen expects to earn at least \$\$3.6 million from the 15-month contract which began on 1 October 2022.

The Group will exercise strict financial discipline to control operational expenses and capital expenditures. The Group is also considering a fund-raising exercise within the next 12 months.

Barring unforeseen circumstances in 2023, business should improve as China opens up and its economy recovers. We do not foresee at this point in time, any major known factors or events that may adversely affect the Group in the next 12 months.

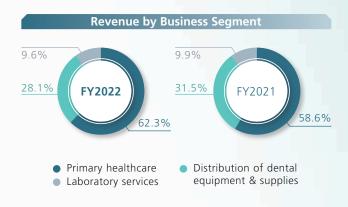
Revenue

Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited ("Aoxin" or the "Group") recorded a decline in revenue of RMB20.5 million or 12.8% from RMB160.2 million in FY2021 to RMB139.7 million in FY2022.

The Group's business was affected by the resurgence of Covid-19 in Liaoning Province, Northern PRC, in the second and fourth quarters of FY2022. Revenue from the primary healthcare segment declined by 7.3% from RMB93.9 million in FY2021 to RMB87.0 million in FY2022. The Group's dental hospitals were temporarily closed by local authorities, and dental polyclinics saw fewer patients due to dental services being classified as non-essential services.

Dental equipment and supplies distribution revenue declined 22.0%, or RMB11.1 million from RMB50.4 million in FY2021 to RMB39.3 million in FY2022. The drop was primarily attributable to lower demand for dental equipment from government hospitals due to fewer government tenders received in the six months ended 30 June 2022, offset by a modest gain due to contracts secured in the six months ended 31 December 2022.

Laboratory services revenue declined 15.7% from RMB15.9 million in FY2021 to RMB13.4 million in FY2022, mostly due to a drop in demand from government dental institutions due to the temporary shutdown.



Other Income and Gains

Other income and gains declined 8.3% or RMB0.2 million from RMB2.9 million in FY2021 to RMB2.7 million in FY2022, mostly due to a smaller profit guarantee from the vendor of acquired companies, offset by government grants and rental concessions.

Expenses

Cost of dental consumables and other dental supplies

The use of dental consumables and other dental supplies dropped 11.5% from RMB13.6 million in FY2021 to RMB12.0 million in FY2022, outpacing the primary healthcare segment's revenue drop.

This is mainly attributed to larger profit margins from higher-end dental services being performed. Consequently, the cost of dental consumables and other dental supplies made up 13.8% of primary healthcare segment revenue in FY2022, down from 14.5% in FY2021.

Cost of sales in dental equipment and supplies

The cost of sales from distribution of dental equipment and supplies segment declined by 22.9% from RMB42.2 million in FY2021 to RMB32.5 million in FY2022. Cost of sales in dental equipment and supplies was 82.8% of revenue from distribution in FY2022, marginally down from 83.7% in FY2021.

Cost of laboratory services

In FY2022, the cost of laboratory services was RMB3.6 million, up 0.9% from 26.8% of revenue in FY2022, compared to 22.5% in FY2021, resulting in a reduced gross profit margin. This is mainly due to the reclassification of primary healthcare segment's material cost in the previous year.

Employee benefit expenses

Employee benefit costs declined 0.4% from RMB70.1 million in FY2021 to RMB69.8 million in FY2022 due to decrease in staff pay, bonuses, and allowances as a result of the Group's lower revenue in FY2022. The loss was largely offset by an increase in social contributions due a change in government regulation that raised the contribution rate.

Rental Expenses

Rental expenses increased by RMB0.2 million in FY2022, from RMB1.0 million in FY2021 to RMB1.2 million, mainly due to the extension of rental agreement by a few months for one of the clinics.

Impairment loss on investment in associate company

Due to the relaxation of Covid-19 control procedures in various countries, including Singapore, the associate's underperformance triggered the impairment loss and the investment's write-down amounting to RMB60.2 million.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Other Expenses

Other expenses declined by 21.4% or RMB4.2 million from RMB19.8 million in FY2021 to RMB15.6 million in FY2022,

The decrease was mainly due to:

- decrease in professional fee of RMB1.8 million which was largely due to absence of acquisition related expenses incurred for Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd in FY2021:
- (ii) decrease in other tax expenses of RMB0.8 million;
- (iii) decrease in entertainment expenses of RMB0.3 million;
- (iv) decrease in advertisement fee of RMB0.3 million;
- (v) decrease in office expense of RMB0.2 million; and
- (vi) decrease in travelling expenses of RMB0.2 million

As a percentage of revenue, other expenses in FY2022 decreased to 11.1% from 12.3% in FY2021.

Other Losses

Other losses increased from RMB0.2 million in FY2021 to RMB1.8 million in FY2022 was largely due to higher unrealised foreign exchange loss arising from the translation of Singapore Dollars denominated balances to Chinese Renminbi.

Share of results of associate

Share of results of associate related to Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. which was acquired on 1 November 2021. While the Group recorded an increase of 35.1% or RMB0.4 million from RMB1.3 million in FY2021 to RMB1.7 million in FY2022, the share of result of associate was for 12 months in FY2022 as compared to 2 months in FY2021. The reason for the underperformance was largely due to changes in Singapore government's policy on PCR test and the shift to antigen rapid test as a result of reclassification of Covid-19 from pandemic to endemic stage.

Income tax

A tax credit of RMB5.3 million was recorded for FY2022 as compared to a tax expense of RMB0.5 million in FY2021. This was largely due to the recognition of deferred tax asset in relation to unutilised tax losses.

Loss After Tax

Owing to the above factors, the Group posted a net loss of RMB67.7 million in FY2022, up from RMB7.3 million in FY2021. Without the associate investment impairment loss, FY2022's net loss would have been RMB7.5 million.

Statement of Financial Position

Comparative performance for assets and liabilities is based on the Group's financial statements as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

Non-Current Assets

Deferred tax asset increased by RMB5.1 million due to the recognition of unutilised tax losses. Property, plant and equipment decreased by RMB6.2 million, from RMB48.2 million as at 31 December 2021 to RMB42.0 million as 31 December 2022. The decrease was mainly due to depreciation expenses. Right-of-use ("ROU") assets decreased by RMB5.2 million, from RMB38.0 million as at 31 December 2021 to RMB32.8 million as at 31 December 2022, mainly due to depreciation of ROU assets. The Group's ROU assets are related to premises leased by the Group for its dental centres and business units. Investment in an

associate decreased by RMB50.3 million from RMB125.1 million as at 31 December 2021 to RMB74.8 million as at 31 December 2022 largely due to impairment amounting to RMB60.2 million. However the decrease was partially offset by foreign exchange adjustment amounting to RMB8.2 million and share of result from associate amounting to RMB1.7 million.

Current Assets

Trade and other receivables decreased by RMB27.1 million, from RMB61.0 million as at 31 December 2021 to RMB33.9 million as at 31 December 2022 mainly due to receipt of dividend income from its associate company amounting to RMB23.1 million. However, the decrease was partially offset by additional profit guarantee income recognised amounting to RMB1.3 million and higher trade receivables for laboratory services segment RMB3.0 million due to slower payment from the customers. Cash and cash equivalents increased by RMB15.1 million, from RMB24.4 million as at 31 December 2021 to RMB39.4 million as at 31 December 2022, mainly due to cash inflows from operating activities, receipt of dividend income of RMB23.1 million and partially offset by the repayment of bank loan and bills payables of RMB18.3 million. For details on fluctuation of cash and cash equivalents, please refer to cash flow analysis below.

Current Liabilities

Trade and other payables increased by RMB1.8 million, from RMB21.4 million as at 31 December 2021 to RMB23.1 million as at 31 December 2022 largely due to increase of other payables in primary healthcare segment.

Other financial liabilities decreased by RMB6.4 million, from RMB9.6 million as at 31 December 2021 to RMB3.2 million as at 31 December 2022 mainly due repayment of bills payable and unsecured bank loan.

Non-Current Liabilities

Lease liabilities decreased by RMB5.8 million, from RMB28.4 million as at 31 December 2021 to RMB22.6 million as at 31 December 2022 due to payments of lease liabilities. Other non-current financial liabilities decreased by RMB8.0 million, from RMB9.0 million as at 31 December 2021 to RMB1.0 million as at 31 December 2022 due to the repayment of bills payable.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Group's net cash flows generated from operating activities in FY2022 was RMB16.0 million. This was mainly attributable to operating cash inflows before changes in working capital of RMB9.5 million and decrease in trade and other receivables of RMB4.3 million and increase trade and other payables of RMB1.8 million.

Net cash generated from investing activities in FY2022 was RMB19.1 million, which was mainly attributable to receipt of dividend income from its associate company. This was partially offset by the acquisition of plant and equipment for the Group's operations.

Net cash flows used in financing activities in FY2022 was RMB20.7 million, mainly due to the repayment of bank loans and bills payables, repayment of lease liabilities and interest. The cash outflow was partially offset by the cash inflow from issuance of new shares and proceeds from bank loans and bills payables.

As a result of the above, the Group's cash and cash equivalents stood at RMB39.4 million as at 31 December 2022.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY 企业社会责任

As a responsible corporate entity, we recognise that our responsibilities extend beyond merely delivering value to our shareholders. The success of our company is intertwined with the success of the communities in which we operate. Therefore, we actively seek out opportunities to give back to society. Through our corporate social responsibility initiatives, we support various causes that align with our values, such as environmental sustainability, education, community development and of course, health, in particular dental and oral health.

To this end, we embarked on over 30 projects throughout 2022, which provided us with many opportunities to tap on our internal resources and expertise in partnership with other organisations throughout the year in benefitting the very young up to the old. With our network of clinics and hospitals throughout Northern PRC, and our team of highly trained and motivated staff, we were able to support various local programs and activities in cities where the Group operates out of.

Good dental habits and healthcare starts from young and we had the opportunity to provide basic essential dental healthcare to over 800 kindergarten children and 4000 primary school students in various cities over the course of 2022. The work usually involved general cleaning, scaling, polishing and treatment of decay of the children. In addition, the children were provided with vital information on how to maintain a good level of dental hygiene and take care of their teeth. We were also very privileged to be visiting and offering our dental services to a special needs centre "昕起点心理援助中心" and treating some 80 children there.

Not forgetting the very old, Aoxin also had the opportunity to partner with other corporates and government entities to provide free dental consultation and treatment to the elderly, especially those with mobility issues by going door-to-door to reach out to them. One other project we are particularly proud of was in the city of Gaizhou, where we offered our free services to the cleaners in the city and were awarded an honorary flag by the city government of Gaizhou.

As we were still in the midst of the Covid-19 pandemic, we also assisted the government and local authorities in 7 cities in Liaoning Province minimise infections and stop the spread of the virus by administering oral swabs and oral health examinations. Through our interactions, we were also able to educate the children and elderly on good dental and oral hygiene. These services were provided by Aoxin's dentists and nurses.





Aside from the above, Panjin Aoxin Quanmin Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. also participated in the flood relief effort in August 2022 by donating essential items as well as offering free dental consultation to victims and families affected by the floods.

Through these events conducted in FY2022, we were able to actively engage with the community and at the same time, provide a channel for our staff to be a part of something they could be really proud to be associated with and where we can make a difference and contribute to the overall society at large. We believe that access to good quality dental healthcare, wherever possible, can raise the overall health and well-being of society and lead to many positive outcomes as well as educating the public on the importance of good health especially during times of a pandemic.

In conclusion, we will continue to prioritise ethical and moral standards in our operations and seek out meaningful opportunities to give back to the communities in which we operate, while delivering value to our shareholders.







CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Chua Ser Miang
Non-Executive Chairman and Independent Director

Dr. Shao Yongxin (邵永新) Executive Director and Group CEO

Dr. Ong Siew Hwa Executive Director

Professor Chew Chong Yin Independent Director

Mr. Lin Ming Khin Independent Director

Ms. Ng Sook Hwa Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director

Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong
Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chua Ser Miang *(Chairman)*Professor Chew Chong Yin
Mr. Lin Ming Khin

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Professor Chew Chong Yin (Chairman) Mr. Chua Ser Miang

Mr. Lin Ming Khin

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Mr. Lin Ming Khin (Chairman) Professor Chew Chong Yin Mr. Chua Ser Miang

COMPANY SECRETARY

Cheok Hui Yee

REGISTERED OFFICE

80 Robinson Road #02-00 Singapore 068898 Tel: (65) 6236 3333

SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (a division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.) 80 Robinson Road #11-02 Singapore 068898

SPONSOR

PrimePartners Corporate Finance Pte. Ltd. 16 Collyer Quay #10-00 Collyer Quay Centre Singapore 049318

AUDITORS

RSM Chio Lim LLP 8 Wilkie Road #03-08 Wilkie Edge Singapore 228095

Partner-in-charge: Chan Weng Keen (Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore)

Effective from financial year ended 31 December 2020

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The Board of Directors (the "Board" or "Directors") of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited (the "Company" and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance and has adopted the principles of the Code of Corporate Governance 2018 (the "Code") to enhance transparency and accountability as well as to protect the interest of shareholders.

The Board confirms that the Company had, for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 ("**FY2022**"), complied with and observed the Principles set out in the Code, and where there are deviations from the Provisions of the Code, explanations, including the Provision from which it has varied, reasons for deviation and how the Group's practices adopted are consistent with the intent, aim and philosophy of the Principle in question, have been provided in the relevant sections below.

The Company will continue to enhance its corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business and to review such practices from time to time to ensure compliance with Listing Manual Section B: Rules of Catalist (the "Catalist Rules") of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST").

BOARD MATTERS

The Board's Conduct of Affairs

Principle 1 The company is headed by an effective Board which is collectively responsible and works with Management for the long-term success of the company.

Board's Role

The primary role of the Board is to lead and control the Company's operations and affairs and to protect and enhance long-term shareholders' value. The Board is entrusted with the responsibility for the overall management of the Company.

The principal function of the Board, in addition to carrying out its statutory responsibilities, inter alia, are as follows:

- (a) provides entrepreneurial leadership and establishes the corporate strategies of the Company as well as sets the direction and goals for the executive management ("Management");
- (b) ensures that the necessary financial and human resources are in place for the Company to meet its strategic objectives;
- (c) supervise and constructively challenge the Management and review its performance;
- (d) instils an ethical corporate culture and ensure that the Company's values, standards, policies and practices are consistent with such culture;
- (e) implementing and maintaining sound corporate governance practices for the Company, and to ensure transparency and accountability to key stakeholder groups;
- (f) identify key stakeholder groups and recognise that their perceptions affect the Company's reputation, including but not limited to the dentists and patients; and
- (g) consider sustainability issues, such as environmental and social factors, as part of its strategic formulation of the Group.

Independent Judgement

The Board and the Management fully appreciate that an effective and robust board whose members engage in open and constructive debate and challenge the Management on its assumptions and proposals is fundamental to good corporate governance. The Directors have the appropriate core competencies and diversity of experience to enable them to contribute effectively. All Directors are fiduciaries who are expected to exercise due diligence and independent judgment in dealing with the business affairs of the Group and are obliged to act in good faith and to take objective decisions in the interest of the Group.

Code of Conduct and Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

The Board adopted a set of ethical values and standards which establishes the fundamental principles of professional and ethical conduct expected of the Directors in the performance of their duties. It includes guidelines on matters relating to conflicts of interest. Similarly, the employees of the Group are required to comply with, *inter alia*, the code of conduct stated in the employee handbook. Each Director is required to promptly disclose any conflict of interest, whether direct or indirect, in relation to a transaction or proposed transaction with the Group as soon as is practicable after the relevant facts have come to his/her knowledge. On an annual basis or as and when necessary, each Director is also required to submit details of his/her other directorships and interests in other entities for the purpose of monitoring interested persons transactions and potential conflict of interests. Where a Director has a conflict of interest in relation to any matter, he/she will recuse himself from discussions and decisions involving the issues of conflict.

Matters requiring Board Approval

The Board has established an internal framework to ensure that the type of material transactions that require the Board's approval is consistently applied throughout the Group. Matters requiring Board approval include:

- (a) Overall Company's business and budget strategy;
- (b) Capital expenditures, investments or divestments exceeding material limits;
- (c) All capital-related matters including capital issuance;
- (d) Significant policies governing the operations of the Company;
- (e) Corporate strategic development and restructuring;
- (f) Material acquisitions and disposals of assets;
- (g) Material interested person transactions;
- (h) Appointment or removal of Directors, Company Secretary and Executive Officers;
- (i) Risk management strategies;
- (j) Approval of half yearly and year end result announcements and the release thereof; and
- (k) Approval of the annual reports and accounts for presentation at annual general meeting ("AGM").

Directors' Orientation and Training

The Board ensures that each newly appointed Director will receive appropriate induction training including familiarisation with the Company's business, governance practices and relevant statutory and regulatory compliance issues to ensure that he or she has a proper understanding of the Company and is fully aware of his or her responsibilities and obligations of being a Director of a listed company. To get a better understanding of the Group's business, the Directors are given the opportunity to visit the Group's operational facilities and meet with the key management personnel. The Company will also provide each newly appointed Director with a formal letter of appointment setting out the Director's duties and responsibilities.

Newly appointed directors with no prior experience as a director of a listed company in Singapore will undergo training in the roles and responsibilities of a listed company director as prescribed by the SGX-ST in accordance to Rule 406(3)(a) of the Catalist Rules. In May 2022, the Company has appointed two new Non-Executive and Non-Independent Directors, namely Ms. Ng Sook Hwa and Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong. They had attended briefings by the Executive Director and CEO, as well as the Board, to familiarize themselves with the background and operations of the Group. In addition, as Ms Ng Sook Hwa has no prior experience as a director of a company listed on the SGX-ST, she had attended core modules under the Mandatory Training conducted by the Singapore Institute of Directors in October 2022.

The Company is responsible for arranging and funding the training of Directors. Directors are updated with the latest professional developments in relation to the Catalist Rules, accounting standards and other applicable regulatory updates or amendments to relevant laws, rules and regulations to ensure the compliance of the same by all Directors. New releases issued by the SGX-ST and the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") and news articles/reports (including analyst reports) which are relevant to the Group's business are regularly circulated to the Directors. Directors are encouraged to attend seminars and receive training to improve themselves in the discharge of their duties as Directors, and to be kept informed on the relevant new laws, regulations, code of corporate governance, financial reporting standards and changing commercial risks, from time to time. The Company has an ongoing budget for its Directors to attend appropriate courses, conferences and seminars conducted by external professionals for them to stay abreast of relevant business developments and outlook.

During FY2022, the Directors were provided with briefings and/or updates on: (i) the developments in financial reporting by the external auditor, RSM Chio Lim LLP; (ii) changes in the relevant laws and regulations pertaining to the Group's business and changing commercial risks and business conditions of the Group by the Management during the Board and/or Board Committee meeting; and (iii) updates relating to changes in the Catalist Rules and the Code by the sponsor, PrimePartners Corporate Finance Pte. Ltd. In addition, all the Directors have attended the sustainability training course as prescribed by the Singapore Exchange Regulation Pte. Ltd. ("SGX RegCo") to equip themselves with basic knowledge on sustainability matters.

Delegation by the Board

To facilitate effective management and to support the Board in discharging its duties and responsibilities efficiently and effectively, certain functions of the Board have been delegated to various Board committees, namely the Audit Committee (the "AC"), Nominating Committee (the "NC") and Remuneration Committee (the "RC") (collectively the "Board Committees"). The Board Committees function within clearly defined terms of references and operating procedures, which are reviewed on a regular basis taking into consideration the changes in the governance and legal environment. Any change to the terms of reference for any Board Committee requires the specific written approval of the Board.

All the Board Committees are actively engaged and play an important role in ensuring good corporate governance in the Company and within the Group. The Board acknowledges that while the Board Committees have the authority to examine particular issues and report back to the Board with their decisions and recommendations, the ultimate responsibility on all matters lies with the Board.

The composition of the Board and Board Committees is set out below:

	Board	Audit Committee	Nominating Committee	Remuneration Committee
Mr. Chua Ser Miang	Chairman	Chairman	Member	Member
Professor Chew Chong Yin	Member	Member	Member	Chairman
Mr. Lin Ming Khin	Member	Member	Chairman	Member
Dr. Shao Yongxin	Member	-	-	_
Dr. Ong Siew Hwa	Member	_	-	-
Ms. Ng Sook Hwa	Member	_	_	-
Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong	Member	_	-	-

Board Meetings and Attendance

The Board has scheduled to meet at least two (2) times a year and to coincide such meetings with the review and approval of the Group's results announcements. The Board meets on a regular basis as well as ad-hoc meetings, if warranted by circumstances deemed appropriate by the Board. Directors with multiple board representations will ensure that sufficient time and attention are given to the affairs of each company. At those meetings, the Board reviewed the Group's financial performance, annual budget, corporate strategy, business plans, potential acquisitions, risk management policies and significant operational matters. The number of Board and Board Committees meetings held during FY2022 and the attendance of each Director, where relevant, are as follows:

	Board	Audit Committee	Nominating Committee	Remuneration Committee
No. of Meetings held	4	2	1	1
Name of Directors				
		No. of Meeti	ngs attended	
Mr. Chua Ser Miang	4	2	1	1
Dr. Shao Yongxin	4	2*	1*	1*
Dr. Ong Siew Hwa	3	2*	1*	1*
Professor Chew Chong Yin	4	2	1	1
Mr. Lin Ming Khin	4	2	1	1
Ms. Ng Sook Hwa	3#	1*#	-#	-#
Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong**	3#	1*#	-#	-#
Mr. San Yi Leong @ Tan Yi Leong	1@	1*@	1*@	1*@

^{*} By Invitation

^{**}Mr Vitters Sim Yu Xiong will be retiring at the conclusion of the AGM to be held on 26 April 2023

[#] Ms Ng Sook Hwa and Mr Vitters Sim Yu Xiong were appointed on 6 May 2022

[@] Mr San Yi Leong @ Tan Yi Leong retired at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting held on 28 April 2022

The Company's Constitution provides for Directors to participate in meetings of Directors by means of conference telephone, video conferencing, audio visual, or other similar communication equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear and be heard by each other, without a Director being in the physical presence of the other Directors. The Board and Board Committees also make decisions through circulation of written resolutions.

Access to Information

The Directors have separate and independent access to the Management and the Company Secretary at all times. The Board is informed of all material events and transactions as and when they occur, and provided with complete, adequate and timely information so as to enable them to make informed decisions to discharge their duties and responsibilities. Requests for information from the Board are dealt with promptly by the Management. The Management provides the Board with half-yearly reports and quarterly business updates of the Company's performance. The Management also consults with Board members regularly whenever necessary and/or appropriate. The Board is issued with board papers in a timely fashion prior to Board and Board Committees meetings.

The Company has also adopted initiatives to ensure that the Directors are supported by accurate and timely information and have unrestricted access to the Management. These initiatives include informal meetings for the Management to brief the Directors on potential deals and strategies at an early stage and to circulate relevant information on various business initiatives. During FY2022, the Directors communicate regularly with the Group CEO and the key management personnel in People's Republic of China ("PRC") and Singapore via videos conferencing given the Covid-19 pandemic where travel restrictions are imposed.

The Company Secretary or her representative, attends and prepares minutes of all Board and Board Committees meetings. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in ensuring that Board procedures are followed and regularly reviewed so that the Board functions effectively and the Company's Constitution and the relevant rules and regulations applicable to the Company are complied with. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is a matter decided by the Board as a whole.

The Board in fulfilling its responsibilities can, as a group or individually, when deemed fit, direct the Company to appoint professional advisers to render professional advice at the Company's expense.

Board Composition and Guidance

Principle 2 The Board has an appropriate level of independence and diversity of thought and background in its composition to enable it to make decisions in the best interests of the company.

Board Composition and Diversity

The Board comprises seven (7) Directors, comprising two (2) Executive Directors; three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors; and two (2) Non-Independent and Non-Executive Director. There is an appropriate mix of core competencies and diversity of experience to direct and lead the Company. There is a good balance between the Executive and Non-Executive Directors, with an independent element on the Board. As at the date of this report, the Board comprises the following members:

Mr. Chua Ser Miang (Non-Executive Chairman and Independent Director)

Dr. Shao Yongxin (Executive Director and Group Chief Executive Officer ("**Group CEO**"))

Dr. Ong Siew Hwa (Executive Director)
Professor Chew Chong Yin (Independent Director)
Mr. Lin Ming Khin (Independent Director)

Ms. Ng Sook Hwa* (Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director)
Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong* (Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director)

^{*} Ms Ng Sook Hwa and Mr Vitters Sim Yu Xiong were appointed on 6 May 2022.

The Board considers its current Board size appropriate for the facilitation of decision making, taking into account the nature and scope of operations of the Group. The composition of our Board reflects diversity of gender, age, skills and knowledge. The Board comprises Directors with strong industry knowledge and diversified background such as legal and accounting, and who collectively bring with them a wide range of experience. The Board is also of the view that the Board comprises persons who as a group provide capabilities required for the Board to be effective. Details of the Directors' qualifications and experience are presented in the section entitled "Board of Directors" of this Annual Report. Members of the Board are regularly in touch with the Management to provide advice and guidance on matters for which their expertise will be constructive to the Group.

The Company has put in place a Board Diversity Policy. This policy sets out the framework for promoting diversity within the Board. In reviewing Board composition and succession planning, the NC will consider the benefits of all aspects of diversity, including diversity of background, experience, gender, age and other relevant factors as a key element to support the attainment of objective and development of the Group. These differences will be considered in determining the optimum composition of the Board and when possible should be balanced appropriately. The current Board comprises three (3) Directors with deep industry experience, three (3) Directors with accounting/financial management experience, one (1) Director with legal background and the Directors' ages range from 51 to 77.

In recognition of the importance of gender as an important aspect of diversity, we strive to have at least one female director on the Board. The Board has two female directors currently. To achieve this, we will ensure that:

- 1. Any brief to external search consultants to search for potential candidates for appointment to the Board will include a requirement to present female candidates:
- 2. Suitable female candidates (if selected) will be considered by the NC whenever it seeks to identify a new Director for appointment to the Board.

Through these measures, we target to consistently maintain appropriate female representation on the Board, recognising that the Board's needs will change over time. The Board conducts annual reviews to assess if the existing attributes and core competencies of the Board are complementary and contributes to the efficacy of the Board, of which enables the Board to maintain and/or enhance balance and diversity. The NC and the Board are of the view that the aims and target of the Company towards achieving board diversity has currently been met and sufficiently addressed, after taking consideration in the various aspect aforementioned, and having considered the existing needs, direction and overall strategy of the Group. Accordingly, the Board is of the view that its current practices are consistent with the aim of Principle 2 of the Code and the requirements of Catalist Rule 710A.

Non-Executive Directors

Currently, Non-Executive Directors (including Independent Directors) make up a majority of the Board. With the retirement of Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong at the conclusion of AGM to be held on 26 April 2023, the Non-Executive Directors still make up majority of the Board. The Non-Executive Directors exercise no management functions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries. Although all the Directors are equally responsible for the performance of the Group, the role of the Non-Executive Directors are important to ensure that the strategies proposed by the Management are fully discussed and examined by taking into account the long-term interests of shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers and the various communities in which the Group conducts its business. The Non-Executive Directors will constructively challenge and assist in developing the Group's strategic process, reviewing the performance of the Management in meeting agreed goals and objectives, and in monitoring the reporting of performance.

To facilitate a more effective check on management, the Non-Executive Directors (including the Independent Directors) led by the Independent Chairman will, when necessary, meet in the absence of Management to discuss concerns or matters such as overall Group business strategic and investments. The Independent Chairman will provide feedback of such meetings to the Board as appropriate. For FY2022, Non-Executive Director (including the Independent Directors) meet regularly in the absence of the management.

Independence of Independent Directors

Each of the Independent Directors has completed an independent director's declaration form and confirmed his independence. The independence of each Director has been and will be reviewed on an annual basis and as and when the circumstances require, by the NC, with reference to the guidelines as set out in the Code.

The two-tier vote was removed on 11 January 2023. Pursuant to Rule 406(3)(d)(iv) of the Catalist Rules, which came into effect on 11 January 2023, an Independent Director who has held his or her position for an aggregate period of more than nine (9) years (whether before or after listing) will cease to be independent thereafter. However such director may continue to be considered independent until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company for the financial year ending on or after 31 December 2023. None of the Independent Directors have served for more than nine (9) years from the date of their appointments.

Rules 406(3)(d)(i), 406(3)(d)(ii) and 406(3)(d)(iii) of the Catalist Rules also stipulate that a director will not be independent if he is employed or has been employed by the issuer or any of its related corporations in the current or any of the past three financial years; or if he has an immediate family member who is employed or has been employed by the issuer or any of its related corporations in the current or any of the past three financial years, and whose remuneration is or was determined by the remuneration committee of the issuer. In this regard, each of the Independent Directors has confirmed that they and their respective associates do and did not have any employment relationships with the Company.

The NC has determined that the Independent Directors are independent in accordance with the Code. The Independent Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Chua Ser Miang, Professor Chew Chong Yin, Mr. Lin Ming Khin have confirmed that they do not have any relationship with the Company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of their independent business judgement in the best interests of the Company. After taking into account the views of the NC, the Board is satisfied that each Independent Director is independent in character and judgement and that there are no relationships or circumstances which are likely to affect, or could affect, each Independent Director's judgement. The Board is of the view that there is a good balance between the Executive and Non-Executive Directors, and there is an independent element on the Board.

Mr. Chua Ser Miang is the Independent Chairman of the Company. In view of the fact that the Chairman is an Independent Director, Provision 2.2 of the Code, where Independent Directors should make up majority of the Board, is not applicable.

With effect from 1 January 2022, Rule 406(3)(c) of the Catalist Rules requires independent directors to make up at least one-third of the Board. With the Board comprising seven (7) Directors, three (3) of whom are independent and two (2) of whom are non-executive and non-independent, the composition of the Board complies with the recommendation under the Code that Independent Directors make up at least one-third of the Board.

The profiles of the Directors are set out in the section entitled "Board of Directors" of this Annual Report.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Principle 3 There is a clear division of responsibilities between the leadership of the Board and Management, and no one individual has unfettered powers of decision-making.

The Chairman and the CEO are separate persons, and there is a clear division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the CEO, which ensures an appropriate balance of power, increased accountability, and greater capacity of the Board for independent decision making. Mr. Chua Ser Miang, the Independent Chairman, and Dr. Shao Yongxin, the Group CEO, are not related to each other.

The Group CEO is responsible for the business management and day-to-day operations of the Company. He takes a leading role in developing and expanding the businesses of the Group including making major business and finance decisions. He also oversees the execution of the Company's corporate and business strategy as set out by the Board and ensures that the Directors are kept updated and informed of the Company's businesses.

The Independent Chairman leads the Board discussion and ensures that Board meetings are convened when necessary. He sets the Board's meeting agenda and ensures that Directors are provided with complete, adequate and timely information. He chairs the Board meetings and ensures that adequate time is available for discussion of all agenda items, in particular strategic issues, and promotes a culture of openness and debate at the Board. He also assists in ensuring compliance with the Group's guidelines on corporate governance. He encourages constructive relations within the Board and between the Board and the Management, and ensures effective communications between the Company and its shareholders. The Independent Chairman is available to shareholders where they have concerns and for which contact through the normal channels of communication with the Management are inappropriate or inadequate.

The Board has not appointed a Lead Independent Director as the roles of the Chairman and CEO are distinctly separate, the Independent Chairman is not part of executive management and is an Independent Director, the Board has an element of independence with three (3) out of seven (7) Directors being independent, and the Board's discussions are open and frank. The Board will review the need for a Lead Independent Director as part of its continuous assessment of corporate governance best practices.

Board Membership

Principle 4 The Board has a formal and transparent process for the appointment and re-appointment of directors, taking into account the need for progressive renewal of the Board.

All NC members are Independent Directors. The NC comprises the following members:

Mr. Lin Ming Khin (Chairman)
Professor Chew Chong Yin (Member)
Mr. Chua Ser Miang (Member)

The NC meets at least once a year. The principal functions of the NC under its term of reference include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) recommending to the Board on all board appointments, including re-nominations of existing Directors for re-election in accordance with the Constitution of the Company, having regard to the Director's contribution and performance;
- (b) determining on an annual basis whether or not a Director is independent;

- (c) deciding whether the Director is able to and has been adequately carrying out his/her duties particularly when he/she has multiple board representations;
- (d) implementing a process for evaluation and assessing the performance of the Board, the Board Committees and contribution of each Director to the effectiveness of the Board;
- (e) reviewing and approving any new employment of related persons and their proposed terms of employment;
- (f) reviewing and recommending to the Board succession plans for Directors, in particular, the Chairman, the CEO and key management personnel; and
- (g) the review of training and professional development programs for the Board.

Review of Independence of Independent Directors

The NC determines annually, and as and when circumstances require, the independence of the Independent Directors, where the criteria of independence are based on the definition given in the Catalist Rules and the Code. The Independent Directors shall immediately disclose to the NC any relationships or circumstances that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of his independent business judgement in the best interests of the Company. Under Provision 2.1 of the Code, the NC has reviewed the independence of each Independent Director and is of the view that Mr. Chua Ser Miang, Professor Chew Chong Yin and Mr. Lin Ming Khin are independent and are able to exercise judgment on the corporate affairs of the Group independently of the Management. There are no relationships between the Independent Directors with the Company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers, which may affect their independence.

Multiple Board Representations and Other Principal Commitments

The NC reviews and determines annually whether Directors who have multiple board representations and other principal commitments, give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company and adequately carry out his/her duties as a Director of the Company. The NC takes into consideration the contributions of the individual Director and his/her actual conduct on the Board, in making this assessment.

For the period under review, the NC was satisfied that, where a Director had other listed company board representations and/or other principal commitments, the Director was able to carry out and had been adequately carrying out, his duties as a Director of the Company. As the time requirement of each Director is subjective, the NC has decided not to fix a maximum limit on the number of directorships a Director can hold. The NC is of the view that the multiple board representations held presently by its Directors do not impede their respective performance in carrying out their duties for the Company. Based on the Directors' commitments and contributions to the Company, which are also evident in their level of attendance and participation at Board and Board Committee meetings, the NC and the Board are satisfied that all the Directors were able to and have been adequately carrying out their duties as Directors of the Company in FY2022.

Selection, Appointment and Re-appointment of Directors

The NC has in place policies and procedures for the selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors to the Board, including a search and nomination process. Candidates will be first sourced through an extensive network of contacts and selected based on, *inter alia*, the needs of the Group and the relevant expertise required. Where necessary, the NC will engage recruitment consultants or engage other independent experts to undertake research on, or assess candidates for new positions on the Board. New Directors are appointed by way of a Directors' resolution, after the NC has reviewed and nominated them by taking into consideration the qualification and experience of each candidate. The new Director's independence, expertise, background and skills will be considered before the Board makes its final decision on the appointment. For re-appointment of Directors to the Board, the Board will take into consideration, amongst others, the Director's integrity, competencies, independence, commitment, contribution and performance (such as attendance, participation, preparedness and candour). The Company's Constitution has stated clearly the procedures for the appointment of new Directors, re-election and removal of Directors.

The Board provides for appointment of alternate director only in exceptional cases such as when a director has a medical emergency. The Board will take into consideration the same criteria for selection of directors such as his qualifications, competencies, and independence. Currently, the Company does not have alternate directors.

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, one-third (1/3) of the Directors are required to retire by rotation and shall be eligible for re-election at every AGM of the Company. Further, all Directors are required to retire from office at least once every three (3) years and such Directors will be eligible for re-election at the meeting at which he/she retires. Director(s) appointed by the Board during the financial year, shall only hold office until the next AGM and thereafter be eligible for re-election at that AGM. Each member of the NC shall abstain from voting on any resolution in respect of his/her appointment or re-appointment as a Director of the Company.

The Board has accepted NC's recommendation to seek shareholders' approval to re-elect Mr. Chua Ser Miang, Mr. Lin Ming Khin and Ms. Ng Sook Hwa at the forthcoming AGM and noted that Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong is also due to retire at the AGM but he decided not to seek for re-election thereat.

The NC has recommended that Mr. Chua Ser Miang, Mr. Lin Ming Khin and Ms. Ng Sook Hwa be nominated for reelection at the forthcoming AGM of the Company. In making the above recommendation, the NC has considered the Director's overall contributions and performance, and the Board has accepted the NC's recommendation. Mr. Chua Ser Miang and Mr. Lin Ming Khin and Ms. Ng Sook Hwa had abstained from the Board's deliberation in respect of the acceptance of the NC's recommendation of his/her re-election as a Director of the Company.

Mr. Chua Ser Miang will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as the Independent Director and Non-Executive Chairman, Chairman of the AC and a member of the RC and NC. Mr Chua Ser Miang will be considered independent for the purposes of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules.

Mr. Lin Ming Khin will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as an Independent Director, Chairman of the NC and a member of the AC and RC. Mr Lin Ming Khin will be considered independent for the purposes of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules.

Ms. Ng Sook Hwa will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as a Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director of the Company.

Key information for each Director, including their present and past five (5) years' directorship(s) and other principal commitments, is disclosed in their profile as set out in the section entitled "Board of Directors" of this Annual Report. The Company has procured the undertakings from all the Directors in the format set out in Appendix 7H under Rule 720(1) of the Catalist Rules. In addition, pursuant to Rule 720(5) of the Catalist Rules, the additional information as set out in Appendix 7F of the Catalist Rules relating to the retiring Directors who are submitting themselves for re-election is disclosed below to be read in conjunction with the information in the section entitled "Additional Information on Director seeking Re-election" of this Annual Report.

Board Performance

Principle 5 The Board undertakes a formal annual assessment of its effectiveness as a whole, and that of each of its board committees and individual directors.

The Board has established processes to be carried out by the NC, for monitoring and evaluating the performance of the Board as a whole and the Board Committees, and the effectiveness and contribution of each individual Director. The Board has not engaged any external facilitator in conducting the assessment of the Board's performance and the performance of individual Directors. Where relevant, the NC will consider such engagement.

The NC examines the performance of the Board as a whole and the Board Committees, covering areas including, amongst others, the size and composition of the Board, the Board's access to information, Board processes and accountability annually. The NC reviews and evaluate the overall performance of the Board in terms of its role and responsibilities and the conduct of its affairs as a whole. The NC will review the appropriateness of the Board size, taking into consideration changes in the nature of the Group's businesses, the scope of operations, as well as changing regulatory requirements from time to time.

For the evaluation process, the Directors will complete a board evaluation questionnaire which seeks to assess the effectiveness of the Board and the Board Committees. The results are then collated by the Company Secretary who will submit to the NC Chairman in the form of a report. The report will be discussed during the NC meeting with a view to implementing recommendations to further enhance the effectiveness of the Board and/or the Board Committees.

The contribution of each individual Director to the effectiveness of the Board is assessed individually and reviewed by the NC Chairman. The assessment criteria include, *inter alia*, Director's attendance, commitment of time, candour, participation, knowledge and abilities, teamwork and overall effectiveness. The performance of each Director will be taken into account in their re-election or re-appointment.

The NC, having reviewed the overall performance of the Board and the Board Committees in terms of its role and responsibilities and the conduct of its affairs as a whole, and the individual Director's performance, is of the view that the performance of the Board, the Board Committees and each individual Director has been satisfactory for the period under review.

All NC members have abstained from the voting or review process of any matters in connection with the assessment of his performance.

REMUNERATION MATTERS

Procedures for Developing Remuneration Policies

Principle 6 The Board has a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on director and executive remuneration, and for fixing the remuneration packages of individual directors and key management personnel. No director is involved in deciding his or her own remuneration.

All RC members are Independent Directors. The RC comprises the following members:

Professor Chew Chong Yin (Chairman)
Mr. Chua Ser Miang (Member)
Mr. Lin Ming Khin (Member)

The RC meets at least once a year. The principal functions of the RC under its term of reference include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) to recommend to the Board a framework of remuneration for the Board and key management personnel, determine specific remuneration packages for each Executive Director and submit such recommendations for endorsement by the entire Board covering all aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to director's fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, options, share-based incentives and awards, and benefits in kind;
- (b) to perform annual review of the remuneration of employees related to the Directors and substantial shareholders to ensure that their remuneration packages are in line with the Company's staff remuneration guidelines and commensurate with their respective job scopes and level of responsibilities which include review and approve any bonuses, pay increases and/or promotions for these employees;
- (c) to review and recommend to the Board the terms of renewal for those Executive Directors whose current employment contracts will expire or have expired;
- (d) to recommend the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors appropriate for the level of contribution, taking into account factors such as effort and time spent, and responsibilities of the Directors; and
- (e) to consider the various disclosure requirements for Director's and senior management's remuneration, particularly those required by regulatory bodies such as the SGX-ST, and ensure that there is adequate disclosure in the financial statements to ensure and enhance transparency between the Company and relevant interested parties.

In discharging its duties, the RC will review and make recommendations on the specific remuneration packages for the Directors and key management personnel. The recommendations of the RC will be submitted for endorsement by the entire Board. All aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to Directors' fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, share-based incentives and awards, and benefits in kind, will be covered by the RC. Additionally, the RC considers termination terms, if any, to ensure they are fair.

Where applicable, the RC will also review annually the remuneration of employees related to the Directors and substantial shareholders to ensure that their remuneration packages are in line with the staff remuneration guidelines and commensurate with their respective job scopes and level of responsibilities. In the event that a member of the RC is related to the employee under review, he will abstain from participating in the review and voting on any resolution in relation to the remuneration package of that employee related to them.

Each member of the RC shall abstain from voting on any resolutions or making any recommendations and/or participating in the deliberations of the RC in respect of his remuneration package.

The RC may from time to time, and where required, seek advice from external consultants in framing the remuneration policy and determining the level and mix of remuneration for Directors and key management personnel. If external consultants are appointed, the RC will ensure that existing relationships, if any, between the Company and its appointed consultants will not affect the independence and objectivity of the consultants. The expense of such services shall be borne by the Company. The RC did not seek the service of an external remuneration consultant in FY2022.

Level and Mix of Remuneration

Principle 7 The level and structure of remuneration of the Board and key management personnel are appropriate and proportionate to the sustained performance and value creation of the company, taking into account the strategic objectives of the company.

In recommending the level and mix of remuneration, the RC seeks to build, motivate and retain Directors and key management personnel. It ensures that competitive remuneration policies and practices are in place to draw and motivate high-performance executives so as to drive the Group's businesses to greater growth, efficiency and profitability.

The RC seeks to ensure that the level and mix of remuneration of Executive Directors and key management personnel is competitive, relevant and appropriate in linking awards with corporate and individual performance and that the amount and mix of compensation is aligned with the interests of shareholders and promotes the long-term success of the Group.

The Company has entered into a fixed-term service agreement with the Executive Director and Group CEO, Dr. Shao Yongxin. The service agreement is valid for an initial term of five (5) years from the date of the listing of the Company on the Catalist of the SGX-ST. Upon the expiry of the initial period of five (5) years, the employment of Dr. Shao Yongxin shall be automatically extended for one (1) year thereafter unless terminated in accordance with the service agreement. Based on terms stipulated in Dr. Shao Yongxin's service agreement as disclosed in the Company's offer document dated 18 April 2017, he is entitled to receive fixed salary and monthly service fee equal to 35.0% of the monthly net sales revenue (being the total professional fees charged to and paid by the patients attended to by Dr. Shao Yongxin, less all costs, allowances, discounts, laboratory fees, sale of dental products, applicable taxes and other deductions as per the accounting policy of the Company), and an annual variable discretionary bonus as recommended by the RC, subject to Dr. Shao Yongxin's performance.

The Company has entered into an employment contract with Mr. San Yi Leong @ Tan Yi Leong subject to a 3 month termination of employment notice and entitled to a fixed one-month bonus. Any adjustments to his remuneration package and variable bonus are subject to RC's approval. The employment contract between the Company and Mr. San Yi Leong @ Tan Yi Leong ("Mr San") as the Executive Director and Group Deputy CEO was terminated as he relinquished his roles as the Executive Director and Deputy CEO with effect from 28 February 2022 and was re-designated as Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director with effect from 1 March 2022. Mr. San has retired at the conclusion of the AGM on 28 April 2022.

Dr Ong Siew Hwa's role is to oversee the overall management of the business of Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. ("Acumen") and its subsidiary. Other than Director fee of S\$30,000, her remuneration package is in Acumen.

Please refer to Principle 8 for more details on Dr. Shao Yongxin and Mr. San's remuneration for FY2022.

The review of the remuneration of the Executive Directors and key management personnel takes into consideration the performance and the contributions of the Executive Directors and key management personnel to the Company and/ or the Group and gives due regard to the financial and business performance of the Group. The Group seeks to offer competitive level of remuneration to attract/motivate and retain senior management of the required competency to run the Group successfully. In view of the market downturn/closure of dental clinics as a result of Covid-19 measure, the performance conditions for Dr. Shao Yongxin has not been met and hence he did not receive any bonus in FY2022.

The remuneration of the Executive Directors and key management personnel comprise primarily a basic salary component and a variable component which is inclusive of bonuses and other benefits.

In setting remuneration packages, the RC will take into consideration the pay and employment conditions within the industry and comparable companies and the broad guidelines recommended by the Singapore Institute of Directors. The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors will also be reviewed to ensure that the remuneration commensurate with the effort, time spent, contribution and responsibilities of the Non-Executive Directors. All revisions to the remuneration packages for the Directors and key management personnel are subject to the review by RC and approval of the Board.

Of the two (2) Executive Director, only Dr. Ong Siew Hwa received Directors fees during the year. The Non-Executive and Non-Independent Directors receive Directors' fees in accordance with their representation and contributions on the Board and various Board Committees, taking into account factors such as effort and time spent, as well as the general corporate responsibilities, risks and obligations of the Directors. No member of the RC is involved in deliberating and deciding in respect of any remuneration, compensation or any form of benefits to be granted to him.

The Company will submit the quantum of Directors' fees to the shareholders for approval at the AGM annually. The Board concurred with the RC that the proposed directors' fees for FY2022 is appropriate and not excessive, taking into consideration the level of contributions by the Directors and factors such as effort and time spent for serving on the Board and Board Committees, as well as the responsibilities and obligations of the Directors.

There are no termination, retirement and post-employment benefits that may be granted to the Directors and key management personnel of the Group. The RC is of the view that it is currently not necessary to use contractual provisions to allow the Company to reclaim incentive components of remuneration from the Executive Directors and key management personnel unless in exceptional cases of wrongdoings. The RC will review such contractual provision as and when necessary.

Disclosure on Remuneration

Principle 8 The Company is transparent on its remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation.

The compensation packages for employees including the Executive Directors and the key management personnel comprise a fixed component (base salary) and a variable component (cash-based annual bonus), where applicable, taking into account amongst other factors, the individual's performance and the performance of the Group and industry practices.

A breakdown showing the level and mix of each individual Director's remuneration payable for FY2022 is as follows:

	Remuneration Band ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Salary	Bonus	Benefits ⁽³⁾	Directors' Fees ⁽⁴⁾	Total
Name		%	%	%	%	%
Mr. Chua Ser Miang	А	- 1	_	_	100	100
Dr. Shao Yongxin ⁽⁵⁾	В	99	_	1	_	100
Mr. San Yi Leong @ Tan Yi Leong ⁽⁶⁾	А	56	28	8	8	100
Dr. Ong Siew Hwa	А	-	-		100	100
Ms. Ng Sook Hwa ⁽⁷⁾	А	-	_	_	100 ⁽⁷⁾	100
Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong ⁽⁷⁾	А	_	_	_	100 ⁽⁷⁾	100
Professor Chew Chong Yin	А	-	-	_	100	100
Mr. Lin Ming Khin	А	- , -	_	_	100	100

Notes:

- 1. Band A: Below S\$250,000
- 2. Band B: S\$250,000 and above but below S\$300,000
- 3. Benefits refer to mainly employer's contribution to the Central Provident Fund or equivalent.
- 4. The Directors' Fees are subject to approval by shareholders at the forthcoming AGM.
- 5. For FY2022, Dr. Shao Yongxin did not receive any monthly service fees, and had only received a fixed salary.
- 6. Mr. San Yi Leong @ Tan Yi Leong re-designated from Executive Director and Deputy CEO to Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director with effect from 1 March 2022. He did not seek for re-election and retired as Non-Executive Director on 28 April 2022 at the conclusion of the AGM.
- 7. Date of appointment is from 6 May 2022. The Director fee is for the period from 6 May 2022 to 31 December 2022.

For FY2022, the Group only has five (5) key management personnel who are not Directors or the CEO. For FY2022, the aggregate remuneration paid to all the key management personnel of the Group amounted to approximately S\$490,000. The details of remuneration of the key management personnel is set out below:

	Remuneration Band ⁽¹⁾	Salary	Bonus	Benefits ⁽²⁾	Total
Name		%	%	%	%
Ms. Wan Sin Nee ⁽³⁾	А	83	6	11	100
Mr. Loo Keat Choon ⁽⁴⁾	А	69	19	12	100
Dr. Bai Yi	А	95	5	_	100
Mr. Zhang Dong Wei	Α	91	-	9	100
Mr. Cui Guo An	А	59	17	24	100

Notes

- 1. Band A: Below S\$250,000
- 2. Benefits refer to mainly employer's contribution to the Central Provident Fund or equivalent
- 3. Ms Wan Sin Nee resigned on 31 May 2022
- 4. Mr Loo Keat Choon joined on 1 March 2022 as a Deputy Financial Controller and was promoted to Financial Controller on 1 September 2022.

For FY2022, the details of the remuneration of employees who are substantial shareholders of the Company, or who are immediate family members of a Director, the CEO or a substantial shareholder of the Company, are set out as follows:

	Remuneration Band ⁽¹⁾	Salary	Bonus	Benefits ⁽²⁾	Directors' Fees ⁽⁴⁾	Total
Name		%	%	%	%	%
Mdm Shao Li Hua ⁽³⁾	А	100	_	_	_	100
Mr. San Yi Leong @ Tan Yi Leong ⁽⁴⁾	А	86	8	8	8	100

Notes:

- 1. Band A: Below S\$100,000
- 2. Benefits refer to mainly employer's contribution to the Central Provident Fund or equivalent.
- 3. Mdm Shao Li Hua, Deputy Admin Manager of the Group, is the sister of the Executive Director and Group CEO, Dr. Shao Yongxin.
- 4. Mr. San Yi Leong @ Tan Yi Leong, Non-Independent and Non-Executive Director of the Company, is the brother-in-law of Dr. Ng Chin Siau, the Executive Director and Group CEO of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited, a controlling shareholder of the Company. He retired at the conclusion of the Company's annual general meeting on 28 April 2022.

Save as disclosed, there are no employees who are immediate family members of a Director, the CEO or a substantial shareholder, and whose remuneration exceeds \$\$100,000 during the year.

Provision 8.1 of the Code stipulates that the Company should disclose the names, amounts and breakdown of remuneration of each individual director and the CEO. However, to maintain confidentiality on the remuneration policies of the Company and for competitive reasons, the Board is of the view that it is in the best interests of the Company to keep the disclosure of remuneration of each individual Director and key management personnel in remuneration bands of \$\$250,000.

The Board has sought to link the quantum of salary to the current market for the Executive Directors and key management personnel taking into consideration their respective roles and responsibilities. Bonuses are paid based on the individual performances and the performance of the Company as a whole. The remuneration of the Company's top five (5) key management personnel takes into account the pay and employment conditions within the industry and is performance-related.

All Directors and the key management personnel are remunerated on an earned basis and there was no termination, retirement and post-employment benefits granted during FY2022.

The Company has adopted the Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme and Aoxin Q & M Performance Share Plan (collectively, the "**Schemes**") that were approved by shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting ("**EGM**") held on 9 January 2019, to align itself with and embrace local trends and best practices in employee compensation and retention. The Schemes aim to promote higher performance goals, recognise exceptional achievement and retain talents within the Group. The Schemes are administered by the RC. Please refer to the section entitled "Directors' Statement" of this annual report for more information on the Schemes.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Risk Management and Internal Controls

Principle 9 The Board is responsible for the governance of risk and ensures that Management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls, to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The Board with the assistance of the AC oversees the Management in the area of risk management and internal control system. The Board regularly reviews and improves the Company's business and operational activities to identify areas of significant risks as well as take appropriate measures to control and mitigate these risks.

It is the opinion of the Board that, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the system of internal controls maintained by the Management that was in place throughout the financial year and up to the date of this report provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material financial misstatements or losses, and includes the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records, the reliability of financial information, compliance with appropriate legislation, regulations and best practices, and the identification and containment of financial, operational and compliance risks.

The Board notes that all internal control systems contain inherent limitations and no system of internal controls could provide absolute assurance against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgment in decision making, human error losses, fraud or other irregularities.

The Company outsources the internal audit function to an external professional firm to perform the review and test of controls of the Group's processes. The Company has appointed CLA Global TS Risk Advisory Pte Ltd ("CLA Global TS") formerly known as Nexia TS Risk Advisory Pte. Ltd, as the internal auditors to review the internal control processes of the Group. CLA Global TS is a company of CLA Global TS Holdings Pte Ltd, an independent member firm of CLA Global Network. CLA Global TS provides a full spectrum of professional services and is recognised as an established mid-tier accounting firm for more than 30 years. CLA Global TS possesses vast experience in providing internal audits, risk management services and advisory services in the region. The current engagement team assigned comprises of three (3) members and is led by Ms Pamela Chen who has more than 16 years performing audits for listed companies. The primary reporting line of the internal auditors is to the AC. The AC also decides on the appointment, termination and remuneration of the internal auditors.

Based on the work performed by CLA Global TS, the Board is satisfied with the Company's levels of risk tolerance and risk policies for FY2022, and overseen the Management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Board has also received assurance from the Group CEO, and the Financial Controller ("**FC**") that (a) the financial records have been properly maintained, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's operations and finances, and (b) the Company's risk management and internal control systems are adequate and effective.

Based on the report of the internal auditors and internal controls established and maintained by the Group, actions taken by the Management, assurances from the Group CEO and FC as well as reviews performed by the internal auditors and external auditors, the Board, with the concurrence of the AC, is of the opinion that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are adequate and effective in addressing the financial, operational, compliance and information technology risk of the Group for FY2022.

Management will continue to review and strengthen the Group's control environment and devote resources and expertise towards improving its internal policies and procedures to maintain a high level of governance and internal controls. The Board notes that the system of internal controls is designed to manage, rather than to eliminate, the risk of failure in achieving business objectives, and that no system of risk management and internal control can provide absolute assurance against the occurrence of errors, losses, fraud or other irregularities and the containment of business risk. Nonetheless, the Board believes its responsibility of overseeing the Group's risk management framework and policies are well supported. The Board will look into the need for establishment of a separate board risk committee at the relevant time.

Audit Committee

Principle 10 The Board has an Audit Committee ("AC") which discharges its duties objectively.

Functions of the AC

The role of the AC is to assist the Board with regard to the discharge of its responsibility to safeguard the Company's assets, maintain adequate accounting records, develop and maintain effective systems of internal controls with an overall objective to ensure that the Management has created and maintained an effective control environment in the Company, and that the Management demonstrates and stimulates the necessary aspect of the Company's internal control structure among all parties.

The AC Chairman has recent and relevant accounting or related financial management expertise or experience. Notwithstanding that Provision 10.2 requires at least 2 members, including the AC Chairman to have recent and relevant accounting or related financial management expertise or experience, the Board is of the view that the current composition of the AC is in the best interests of the Company, given that there is a diverse range of relevant experience ranging from accounting, finance, legal and dentistry. Accordingly, the AC, collectively, has the relevant accounting and financial management expertise or experience to discharge the responsibilities of the AC's functions, in line with the intent of Principle 10.

The AC, including the AC Chairman comprises the following members:

Mr. Chua Ser Miang (Chairman)
Professor Chew Chong Yin (Member)
Mr. Lin Ming Khin (Member)

All AC members are independent Directors and not former partners or directors or the Company's external auditors. The AC meets half-yearly to discuss and review the following where applicable:

- (a) review the audit plan of the internal auditor, scope of work, including the results of the internal auditor's review and evaluation of the Group's system of internal controls and any matters which the internal auditor may wish to discuss in the absent of management;
- (b) review the audit plan of the external auditor and the result of the external auditors review and evaluation of the Group's internal accounting controls that are relevant to the statutory audit;
- (c) review the periodic consolidated financial statements and results announcements before submission to the Board for approval, focusing in particular on changes in accounting policies and practices, major risk areas, significant adjustments resulting from the audit, compliance with accounting standards and the Catalist Rules and any other relevant statutory or regulatory requirements;

- (d) review the effectiveness and adequacy of the internal control procedures addressing financial, operational, compliance and information technology control risks, and ensure coordination between the internal and external auditors, and the Management, reviewing the assistance given by the Management to the auditors, and discuss problems and concern, if any, arising from the interim and final audits, and any matters which the auditors may wish to discuss (in the absence of the Management where necessary);
- (e) review and discuss with external and internal auditors, any suspected fraud or irregularity, or suspected infringement of any relevant laws, rules or regulations, which has or is likely to have a material impact on the Group's operating results or financial position, and the Management's response;
- (f) make recommendations to the Board on the proposals to the shareholders on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditors, and approving the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors;
- (g) review transactions falling within the scope of Chapter 9 and Chapter 10 of the Catalist Rules;
- (h) review any potential conflict of interests, including reviewing and considering transactions in which there may be potential conflicts of interest between the Group and its interested persons and recommend whether those who are in a position of conflict should abstain from participating in any discussions or deliberations of the Board or voting on resolutions of the Board or the shareholders in relation to such transaction;
- (i) undertake such other reviews and projects as may be requested by the Board, and report to the Board its findings from time to time on matters arising and requiring the attention of the AC;
- (j) review the Company's key financial risk areas, with a view to providing an independent oversight on the Company's financial reporting. The outcome of these reviews will be disclosed in the annual report of the Company or where the findings are material, immediately announced via SGXNet;
- (k) generally to undertake such other functions and duties as may be required by statute or the Catalist Rules, or by such amendments as may be made thereto from time to time;
- (I) review and approve all hedging policies and instruments (if any) to be implemented by the Group;
- (m) review the significant financial reporting issues and judgements with the FC and the external auditors so as to ensure the integrity of the financial statements of the Group and any announcements relating to the Group's financial performance;
- (n) review the adequacy, effectiveness, scope and results of the audit, cost effectiveness, the independence and objectivity of the external auditors and internal auditors annually. Where the auditors also supply a substantial volume of non-audit services to the Company, the nature and extent of such services should be reviewed in order to balance the maintenance of objectivity and value for money;
- (o) ensure that the internal auditors' primary line of reporting is to the AC although he would also report administratively to the CEO. The internal auditor should meet or exceed the standards set by nationally or internationally recognised professional bodies including the Standards for the Professional Practice set by The Institute of Internal Auditors;
- (p) review and reporting to the Board at least annually on the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's risk management and internal controls systems in addressing the financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls via reviews carried out by the internal auditors;

- (q) investigate any matter within its terms of reference, having full access to and co-operation from the Management and full discretion to invite any Executive Director or executive officer to attend its meetings, and reasonable resources to enable it to discharge its functions properly;
- (r) review and monitor the measures the Group has put in place in respect of the legal representatives of the subsidiaries in the PRC; and
- (s) review the policy and arrangements for employees to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting or any other matters to be safely raised, independently investigated and appropriately followed up on, and reassurance that they will be protected from reprisals or victimization for whistle blowing in good faith.

The AC has the power to conduct or authorise investigations into any matters within the AC's scope of responsibility. The AC is authorised to obtain independent professional advice, if it deems necessary, in the discharge of its responsibilities. Such expenses are to be borne by the Company.

The AC has full access to and co-operation from the Management and has full discretion to invite any Executive Director or Executive Officer to attend its meetings, and has been given reasonable resources to enable it to discharge its functions.

The AC also meets with the internal and external auditors without the presence of the Management at least once a year for them to highlight any material weaknesses or deficiencies over the Group's internal controls and financial reporting system respectively.

External Auditors

During the financial year under review, the Group has incurred an aggregate RMB1,219,000 paid to the external auditors for its audit services and has incurred an aggregate of RMB15,000 paid to the external auditors for its other non-audit professional services. The AC, having reviewed the range and value of non-audit services performed by the external auditors, RSM Chio Lim LLP, was satisfied that the nature and extent of such services has not prejudiced the independence and objectivity of external auditors.

The Company confirms that it has complied with Rules 712 and 715 of the Catalist Rules in relation to the appointment of its external auditors. The AC and the Board of Directors of the Company have satisfied themselves that the appointment of different auditors for certain of its overseas subsidiaries would not compromise the standard and effectiveness of the audit of the Group. The Board and Audit Committee has approved the nomination of RSM Chio Lim LLP for re-appointment as the external auditors of the Company at the forthcoming AGM.

No former partner or director of the Company's existing external auditors has acted as a member of the Company's AC.

Internal Audit

The Company's internal audit function is outsourced to CLA Global TS that reports directly to the AC. The Board is of the view that the outsourcing of the internal audit function had deliver enhanced independence as well as improve the quality of the audit as the IA is adequately qualified and equipped with a broad range of expertise with advanced degrees and technological specialisation to discharge its duties effectively.

The Board recognises that it is responsible for maintaining robust internal controls to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Company's business and assets. The AC approves the hiring, removal, evaluation and compensation of the internal auditors and reviews and approves the internal audit's plan during the AC meeting for each financial year. The AC also ensures that the internal auditors have unfettered access to all the Company's documents, records, properties and personnel including access to the AC.

The primary functions of internal audit are to:

- (a) assess if adequate and effective systems of internal controls are in place to protect the funds and assets of the Company and to ensure control procedures are complied with;
- (b) conduct regular in-depth audits of high-risk areas; and
- (c) identify and recommend improvement to internal control procedures, where required; and
- (d) to review the Sustainability Reporting process starting from FY2022.

The AC has reviewed the report submitted by CLA Global TS on the internal procedures and the internal controls that are in place, and is satisfied that there are adequate internal controls in the Company. The AC will review on an annual basis the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal audit function. The AC is satisfied that the internal audit function is independent, effective and adequately resourced for FY2022.

Whistle-Blowing Policy

The Company has in place a Whistle-blowing Policy which sets out the procedures for a whistle-blower to make a report to the Company on misconduct or wrongdoing relating to the Company and its officers. Under the Whistle-blowing Policy, it is provided, inter alia, that (a) the Company has designated the Audit Committee Chairman who will seek Financial Controller's assistance as and when required, to act as an independent function to investigate whistle-blowing reports made in good faith; (b) the Company will ensure that the identity of the whistle-blower will be kept confidential, unless it is required, inter alia, by law to do otherwise; (c) the Company is committed to ensure that all whistle-blowers will be protected against detrimental or unfair treatment or reprisal for whistle-blowing in good faith; and Audit Committee is responsible for the oversight and monitoring of the procedures for a whistle-blower to make complaints and for the investigation of complaints, including the execution and review of the Whistle-blowing Policy.

The Whistle-blowing Policy has a well-defined process which begins with a complaint being submitted via email to the Audit Committee Chairman who will seek Financial Controller's assistance as and when required to perform a preliminary review of the complaint received. If he determines that the complaint is valid and within the scope of the Whistle-blowing Policy, he will report it to the Audit Committee accordingly, which will review the facts of the complaint and follow-up with the appropriate course of action. Anonymous complaints are not disregarded and will also be investigated. The whistle-blowing policy can also be found at the Company's website at http://www.aoxinqm.com.sg. There was no incidents reported or complaints submitted pertaining to whistle-blowing during FY2022 and until the date of this Annual Report.

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND ENGAGEMENT

Shareholder Rights and Conduct of General Meetings

Principle 11 The company treats all shareholders fairly and equitably in order to enable them to exercise shareholders' rights and have the opportunity to communicate their views on matters affecting the company. The company gives shareholders a balanced and understandable assessment of its performance, position and prospects.

The Board is accountable to the shareholders and is mindful of its obligations to furnish timely information that present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects and to ensure full disclosure of material information to shareholders in compliance with statutory requirements and the Catalist Rules.

Price sensitive information will be publicly released either before the Company meets with any group of investors or analysts or simultaneously with such meetings. Financial results and annual reports will be announced or issued within the legally prescribed periods.

Shareholders are encouraged to attend the AGM and EGM to ensure a high level of accountability and to stay apprised of the Company's strategy and goals. Shareholders are given the opportunity to raise questions and clarify any issues that they may have relating to the resolutions to be passed. Any notice of general meeting is issued at least 14 clear days before the scheduled date of such meeting. Notice of Annual General Meeting will be made available on SGXNet at http://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements and the Company's website at http://www.aoxinqm.com.sg.

All shareholders who are not relevant intermediaries can appoint up to two (2) proxies during his/her absence to attend, speak and vote in general meeting in compliance with Companies Act 1967 of Singapore. Shareholders who are relevant intermediaries may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at general meetings.

Voting in absentia by mail, facsimile or email is currently not permitted to ensure proper authentication of the identity of shareholders and their voting intent. This is not in line with Provision 11.4 of the Code, where the Company's Constitution should allow for absentia voting at general meeting of shareholders. As the authenticity of shareholders' identity and other related integrity issues still remain a concern, the Company has decided, for the time being, not to implement voting in absentia.

The Company ensures that shareholders have the opportunity to participate effectively in and vote at general meetings of shareholders. The Chairman briefs the shareholders on the rules, including voting procedures, that govern general meetings of shareholders and addresses any queries that they may have on the procedures. The Company ensures that there are separate resolutions at general meetings on each distinct issue unless the issues are interdependent and linked so as to form one significant proposal. In situations where resolutions are "bundled", the Company will provide clear explanations on the reasons and material implications in the notice of meeting. All resolutions are put to vote by poll in the presence of independent scrutineers, and the voting results will be announced via SGXNet after the conclusion of the general meeting.

The Company's general meetings (AGM and/or EGM where applicable), are the principal forums for dialogue with shareholders. The Chairman of the AC, RC and NC as well as the Board will be present and available at the Company's AGMs and EGMs to address questions from shareholders. The external auditors will also be present to address shareholders' queries about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditors' report. All directors and external auditors attended the previous AGM of the Company held on 28 April 2022.

The proceedings of the general meeting will be properly recorded. The Company Secretary prepares minutes of AGM and EGM that include substantial and relevant comments or queries from shareholders relating to the agenda of the meetings, and responses from the Board and Management. These minutes are published on SGXNET and its corporate website as soon as practicable within one (1) month from the date of AGM and EGM.

The Board notes that Provision 11.6 of the Code sets out that the Company should have a dividend policy and communicates it to shareholders. However, the Company does not have a formal dividend policy. Nonetheless, the Company is of the view that the following disclosure would constitute a balanced and understandable assessment of its position on a dividend policy, and such practice is consistent with the intent of Principle 11 of the Code. Additionally, the Company also discloses the reasons for the decision of the Board not to declare or recommend a dividend, together with the announcement of the financial statements, which is in line with Rule 704(23) of the Catalist Rules.

The form, frequency and amount of dividends will depend on the Group's earnings, financial position, results of operations, capital needs, plans for expansion, and other factors as the Board may deem appropriate. Any dividend payouts are clearly communicated to shareholders via announcements on the SGXNet when the Company discloses its financial results. For FY2022, the Board has not declared or recommended any dividend as the Group has decided to conserve cash for working capital needs.

Engagement with Shareholders

Principle 12 The company communicates regularly with its shareholders and facilitates the participation of shareholders during general meetings and other dialogues to allow shareholders to communicate their views on various matters affecting the company.

The Company does not practise selective disclosure. In line with the continuous obligations of the Company pursuant to the Catalist Rules, the Board's policy is that all shareholders should be equally informed of all major developments impacting the Company. Price-sensitive and trade-sensitive information is publicly disclosed on an immediate basis where required under the Catalist Rules. Material information on the Group will be released to the public through the Company's announcements via SGXNet.

The Group has adopted financial reporting on a half-yearly basis and financial statements results announcements of the Group will be released within 45 days from the end of the Group's half-year period, and 60 days from the full financial year end. In addition, voluntary quarterly business updates are also released within 45 days of the end of the period.

The Company will provide voluntary interim updates on useful and relevant information in addition to the mandatory financial statements which includes discussion of the significant factors that affected the Company's interim performance, relevant market trends including the risks and opportunities that may have a material impact on the Company's prospects to the shareholders for better understanding on the Company's performance in the context of the current business environment. Such frequency of the update's announcement will be released to the public through Company announcements via SGXNet.

Information is disseminated to shareholders on a timely basis through:

- Announcements and news releases on SGXNet;
- Annual report and circulars prepared and issued to all shareholders;
- Notices of shareholders' meeting are published on the Company's website and announced via SGXNet.

Communication with shareholders is managed by the Board. The Company is committed to regular and proactive communication with its shareholders. Price-sensitive and trade-sensitive information is first publicly released before the Company meets with any group of investors or analysts.

The Group has specifically entrusted an investor relations team comprising the management team and the FC with the responsibility of facilitating communications with shareholders and analysts and attending to their queries or concerns. Shareholders may contact the investor relations team at qnm@aoxin.sg or +65 6235 1188 with questions, through which the investor relations team may respond to such questions.

The Company currently does not have an Investor Relation Policy as set out under Provision 12.2 of the Code. The Company will assess the need to have such a policy should the need arises. The Company's current practices allow for an ongoing exchange of views, and are able to engage with shareholders for effective communication, in line with the intent of Principle 12.

All shareholders are accorded their rights in accordance with the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore and the Company's Constitution.

To promote a better understanding of shareholders' views, the Board actively encourages shareholders to participate and vote at the Company's general meeting. These meetings provide excellent opportunities for the Company to obtain shareholders' view on value creation.

The Company will review its Constitution from time to time and make such amendments to the Constitution to be in line with the applicable requirements or rules and regulations governing the continuing listing obligations of the Catalist Rules.

MANAGING STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIPS

Engagement with Stakeholders

Principle 13 The board adopts an inclusive approach by considering and balancing the needs and interests of material stakeholders, as part of its overall responsibility to ensure that the best interests of the company are served.

The Company's key stakeholders are those who most materially impact the Company's strategy or are directly impacted by it. They comprise the Company's shareholders, customers, employees, community and regulators. Engagement with stakeholders provides the Company with an understanding of the matters they are most concerned with. These matters help to define the Company's strategic priorities and guide the Company's initiatives. The Company has regularly engaged its stakeholders through various medium and channels to ensure that the business interests are aligned with those of the stakeholders, to understand and address the concerns so as to improve services standards, as well as to sustain business operations for long-term growth.

Our stakeholder issues and engagement platforms are detailed below:

Our Group's senior management periodically assesses focus areas where our Group can have the greatest economic, environmental and social impact, as well as areas that are most important to our stakeholders. Our Group has made efforts to seek the opinions of many stakeholders either through informal or formal means. We evaluate the needs and expectations of our key stakeholder groups which are significant to our Group's value creation strategy and strive to build mutually beneficial relationships.

In Aoxin, we recognise the importance of a meaningful two-way engagement with our key stakeholders to understand their interests, expectations and also addressing the economic and Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") topics that are material to our business and stakeholders, whilst taking into account any pivotal developments within this industry. We have made conscious efforts to seek the opinions of our stakeholders through formal and informal engagements as well as establishing an internal review process to integrate stakeholder feedback with our corporate strategies.

The Company's corporate website at http://www.aoxinqm.com.sg also provides updated information to its stakeholders on its latest financial results and corporate developments. The website, which is updated regularly, contains various information on the Group and the Company which serves as an important resource for investors and all stakeholders.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Rule 1204(8) of the Catalist Rules

Save for the service agreement entered into with the Group CEO, there were no material contracts entered into by the Company or any of its subsidiaries involving the interest of the Group CEO, any Director, or controlling shareholder either subsisting at the end of the financial year reported on or if not then subsisting, which were entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS

Rule 907 of the Catalist Rules

The Company has established procedures to ensure that all transactions with interested persons are reported in a timely manner to the AC and that the transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and are not prejudicial to the interests of the Company and its minority shareholders.

The AC reviewed the rationale for the terms of the Group's interested person transactions and is of the view that the interested person transactions are entered on normal commercial terms and not prejudicial to the interest of shareholders.

No general mandate has been obtained from shareholders in respect of interested person transactions for FY2022. Particulars of the interested person transactions for FY2022, disclosed in accordance with Rule 907 of the Catalist Rules set out below:

Name of Interested		Aggregate value of all interested person transactions during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than S\$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the Catalist Rules)	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions conducted under the shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the Catalist Rules (excluding transactions less than \$\$100,000)
Person	Nature of relationship	S\$'000	S\$'000
Mdm Shao Li Hua - Rental of premises at Shenyang Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. and Shenyang Heping Q & M Aoxin Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd.	Mdm Shao Li Hua is the sister of the Executive Director and Group CEO, Dr. Shao Yongxin.	145	NIL

DEALING IN SECURITIES

Rule 1204(19) of the Catalist Rules

In compliance with Rule 1204(19) of the Catalist Rules, the Group has adopted and implemented policies in line with the SGX-ST's best practices in relation to the dealing of shares of the Company. The policies have been made known to Directors, executive officers and any other persons as determined by the Management who may possess unpublished material price-sensitive information of the Group.

The Company has advised Directors, executive officers and any other persons as determined by the Management who may possess unpublished material price-sensitive and/or trade-sensitive information of the Group, not to deal in the Company's shares during the period commencing two (2) weeks prior to the announcement of the Company's quarterly business updates (if applicable) and one (1) month prior to the announcement of the half-year and full-year results, as the case may be, and ending on the date of the announcement of the relevant updates or results.

The Company has reminded its Directors and officers that it is an offence under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore for a listed issuer or its officers to deal in the listed issuer's securities as well as securities of other listed issuers when the officers are in possession of unpublished material price-sensitive and/or trade-sensitive information in relation to those securities. Directors and officers are expected and reminded to observe insider trading laws at all times even when dealing in securities within permitted trading periods. The Company has further reminded its Directors and officers not to deal in the Company's securities on short-term considerations.

NON-SPONSOR FEES

Rule 1204(21) of the Catalist Rules

There were no non-sponsor fees paid or to be paid to the Company's Sponsor, PrimePartners Corporate Finance Pte. Ltd. for FY2022.

SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING

This is the sixth year the Company is publishing its sustainability report and it will continue to address the activities, data and measurements, where applicable, that fall within FY2022. The Company is proud to have continued its efforts in improving the report, giving the requisite descriptive and quantitative information on how business is conducted and how its ESG factors are being managed for a sustainable future, in compliance with the Catalist Rules and Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Sustainability Reporting Standards: Core Option. The Company will continue to demonstrate its commitment to grow its sustainable business model both as a responsible and a forward-looking corporate citizen. More information on how the Company engages with its stakeholders, as well as its approach to material topics and its overall sustainability performance, can be found in the Company's Sustainability Report 2022 that is depatched together with the Annual Report on 11 April 2023.

Mr Chua Ser Miang, Mr Lin Ming Khin and Ms. Ng Sook Hwa are the Directors seeking re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be convened on Wednesday, 26 April 2023 at 2.30 p.m., ("AGM") (collectively, the "Retiring Directors" and each a "Retiring Director").

Pursuant to Rule 720(5) of the Catalist Rules of the SGX-ST, the information relating to the Retiring Directors as set out in Appendix 7F to the Catalist Rules of the SGX-ST is set out below:

Name of Director	Chua Ser Miang	Lin Ming Khin	Ng Sook Hwa
Date of first appointment	30 March 2017	30 March 2017	6 May 2022
Date of last re-appointment	29 June 2020	29 June 2020	Not applicable
Age	54	64	52
Country of principal residence	Singapore	Singapore	Singapore
The Board's comments on this appointment (including rationale, selection criteria, and the search and nomination process)	The re-appointment of Mr Chua Ser Miang as Non-Executive Chairman and Independent Director of the Company was recommended by the Nominating Committee and approved by the Board, after taking into consideration his contributions, qualifications, expertise and past experiences.	The re-appointment of Mr Lin Ming Khin as Independent Director of the Company was recommended by the Nominating Committee and approved by the Board, after taking into consideration his contributions, qualifications, expertise and past experiences.	The re-appointment of Ms Ng Sook Hwa as Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director of the Company was recommended by the Nominating Committee and approved by the Board, after taking into consideration her contributions, qualifications expertise and past experiences.
Whether appointment is executive, and if so, the area of responsibility	Non-Executive	Non-Executive	Non-Executive
Job Title (e.g. Lead ID, AC Chairman, AC Member etc.)	AC Chairman, RC Member, NC Member	NC Chairman, AC Member, RC Member	Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director
Professional qualifications	Master of Science in Global Finance & Banking, King's College London Bachelor of Business Administration (Honours), National University of Singapore Chartered Financial Analyst, CFA Institute	Bachelor of Laws, University of Buckingham Advocate & Solicitor of Singapore Barrister-at-Law of the Middle Temple	Bachelor of Commerce, Finance & Marketing (with Distinction), from Curtin University of Technology Master of Accounting from Curtin University of Technology Member of CPA Australia

Chua Ser Miang	Lin Ming Khin	Ng Sook Hwa
g the past 10 Capital Pte. Ltd. LLC (2017 to current) (November 2020 to present) Consultant at MyintSc		Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited, Chief Financial Officer from 7 May 2022 to present Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited, Group Financial Controller from 1 June 2011 to 6 May 2022 Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited, Deputy Group Financial Controller, from 1 January 2008 to 31 May 2011
No	No	No
No	No	Ms Ng is (1) a sister of Dr Ng Chin Siau, Group Chief Executive Officer of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited ("Q&M Singapore"), who is a deemed controlling shareholder of the Company; (2) Chief Financial Officer of Q&M Singapore; (3) Present Directorships of certain companies under Q&M Singapore group; (4) Q&M Singapore's nominee on Aoxin's board.
No	No	No
Yes	Yes	Yes
	Director, Crowe Horwath Capital Pte. Ltd. (November 2020 to present) Director, Eastwin Capital Pte. Ltd. (January 2013 to December 2020) Director, Corporate Finance Department of DMG & Partners Securities Pte. Ltd. (September 2006 to December 2012) No No	Director, Crowe Horwath Capital Pte. Ltd. (November 2020 to present) Director, Eastwin Capital Pte. Ltd. (January 2013 to December 2020) Director, Corporate Finance Department of DMG & Partners Securities Pte. Ltd. (September 2006 to December 2012) No No No No No No No No No N

Name of Director	Chua Ser Miang	Lin Ming Khin	Ng Sook Hwa
Other Principal Commitments* Including Directorships# * "Principal Commitments" has the same meaning as defined in the Code. # These fields are not applicable for announcements of appointments pursuant to Listing Rule 704(9)			
Present	Listed Companies VC Plus Limited LS 2 Holdings Limited Non-listed companies Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd.	Commissioner for Oaths Notary Public Non-listed companies Charles Lin LLC	Non-listed companies TP Dental Surgeons Pte. Ltd Tiong Bahru Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. Bright Smile Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. Q & M Dental (Shanghai) Pte. Ltd. Q & M Dental Holdings (Shenzhen) Pte. Ltd. Q & M Professionals Holding Pte. Ltd. Q & M Dental Holdings (Malaysia) Pte. Ltd. Q & M Free Dental Clinic Limited Aesthetics Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons) Pte. Ltd. EM2Ai Pte. Ltd. AR Dental Supplies Sdn. Bhd.
Disclose the following matters concerning an appointment of director, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operating officer, general manager or other officer of equivalent rank. If the answer to any question is "yes", full details must be given. (a) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any bankruptcy law of any jurisdiction was filed against him or against a partnership of which he was a partner at the time when he was a partner or at any time within 2 years from the date	No	No	No

Nar	ne of Director	Chua Ser Miang	Lin Ming Khin	Ng Sook Hwa
(b)	Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any law of any jurisdiction was filed against an entity (not being a partnership) of which he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive, at the time when he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity or, where that entity is the trustee of a business trust, that business trust, on the ground of insolvency?	No	No	No
(c)	Whether there is any unsatisfied judgment against him?	No	No	No
(d)	Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving fraud or dishonesty which is punishable with imprisonment, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such purpose?	No	No	No
(e)	Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere,	No	No	No
	involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings			
	(including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such breach?			

Nar	ne of Director	Chua Ser Miang	Lin Ming Khin	Ng Sook Hwa
(f)	Whether at any time during the last 10 years, judgment has been entered against him in any civil proceedings in Singapore or elsewhere involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or a finding of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part, or he has been the subject of any civil proceedings (including any pending civil proceedings of which he is aware) involving an allegation of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part?	No	No	No
(g)	Whether he has ever been convicted in Singapore or elsewhere of any offence in connection with the formation or management of any entity or business trust?	No	No	No
(h)	Whether he has ever been disqualified from acting as a director or an equivalent person of any entity (including the trustee of a business trust), or from taking part directly or indirectly in the management of any entity or business trust?	No	No	No
(i)	Whether he has ever been the subject of any order, judgment or ruling of any court, tribunal or governmental body, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from engaging in any type of business practice or activity?	No	No	No

Na	me o	f Director	Chua Ser Miang	Lin Ming Khin	Ng Sook Hwa
(j)	kno with con	ether he has ever, to his owledge, been concerned in the management or duct, in Singapore or ewhere, of the affairs of:—			
	(i)	any corporation which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing corporations in Singapore or elsewhere; or	Yes. Mr. Chua Ser Miang was an independent director of Yamada Green Resources Ltd ("Yamada Green Resources Ltd ("Yamada Green") from September 2013 to March 2021. In September 2018, the audit committee of Yamada Green engaged Foo Kon Tan LLP to conduct an investigation into the disposal of bamboo plantations by the company without the Board's prior knowledge and approval. The key findings were announced on 28 January 2019. On 30 September 2022, SGX reprimanded the former Executive Director of Yamada Green for breaches of certain listing rules arising from the disposal of the bamboo plantations. As an independent director, Mr. Chua was not involved in the management or the operations of the company, and he was not a subject of the abovementioned investigations.	No	No

Name o	of Director	Chua Ser Miang	Lin Ming Khin	Ng Sook Hwa
(ii)	any entity (not being a corporation) which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing such entities in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No	No
(iii)	any business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing business trusts in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No	No
(iv)	any entity or business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere,	No	No	No
ma du wa	connection with any atter occurring or arising ring that period when he as so concerned with the tity or business trust?			
suk inv pro rep wa Au oth exc or wh	nether he has been the oject of any current or past restigation or disciplinary occedings, or has been orimanded or issued any arning, by the Monetary othority of Singapore or any her regulatory authority, change, professional body government agency, nether in Singapore or ewhere?	No	No	No

Name of Director	Chua Ser Miang	Lin Ming Khin	Ng Sook Hwa
Disclosure applicable to the appointment of Director only	Not applicable As this relates to the re-appointment of director	Not applicable As this relates to the re-appointment of director	Not applicable As this relates to the re-appointment of director
Any prior experience as a director of a listed company?			
If yes, please provide details of prior experience.			
If no, please state if the director has attended or will be attending training on the roles and responsibilities of a director of a listed issuer as prescribed by the Exchange. Please provide details of relevant experience and the nominating committee's reasons for not requiring the director to undergo training as prescribed by the Exchange (if applicable).			

The directors are pleased to present their statement together with the audited consolidated financial statements of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") and statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the reporting year ended 31 December 2022.

1. Opinion of the directors

In the opinion of the directors,

- (a) the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2022 and of the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the reporting year ended on that date; and
- (b) at the date of the statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The board of directors approved and authorised these financial statements for issue.

2. Directors

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

Chua Ser Miang
Shao Yongxin
Ong Siew Hwa
Professor Chew Chong Yin
Lin Ming Khin
Ng Sook Hwa (Appointed on 6 May 2022)
Vitters Sim Yu Xiong (Appointed on 6 May 2022)

3. Directors' interests in shares and debentures

The directors of the Company holding office at the end of the reporting year had no interests in shares in or debentures of the Company or other related body corporate as recorded in the register of directors' interests in shares in or debentures kept by the Company under section 164 of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") except as follows:

	Direct interest		Deemed interest		
Name of directors and companies in which interests are held	At beginning of the reporting year	At end of the reporting year	At beginning of the reporting year	At end of the reporting year	
The Company		Number of shares of no par value			
Shao Yongxin	-	-	109,401,709	109,401,709	
Ong Siew Hwa	88,021,818	88,021,818	_	_	
Professor Chew Chong Yin	100,000	100,000	-	_	

3. Directors' interests in shares and debentures (Cont'd)

By virtue of section 7 of the Act, Dr. Shao Yongxin and Dr. Ong Siew Hwa are deemed to have an interest in all related body corporates of the Company.

The directors' interests as at 21 January 2023 were the same as those at the end of the reporting year.

4. Arrangements to enable directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares and debentures

Neither at the end of the reporting year nor at any time during the reporting year did there subsist arrangements to which the Company is a party, being arrangements whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate except as mentioned below.

5. Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme

The Company has adopted a long-term employee incentive scheme known as Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme") that was approved by its shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 9 January 2019. The Scheme will expire on 8 January 2029.

The Scheme is administered by the ESOS Committee whose members are the same as the Remuneration Committee ("RC") of the Company from time to time:

Professor Chew Chong Yin (RC Chairman and Independent Director)

Chua Ser Miang (Independent Director)
Lin Ming Khin (Independent Director)

Under the Scheme, the aggregate number of shares arising from options which the ESOS Committee may grant on any date, when added to the number of shares allotted and issued in respect of (i) all options and awards granted under the Scheme and the Aoxin Q & M Performance Share Plan, and (ii) all options or awards granted under other incentive schemes or share plans adopted by the Company and for the time being in force, shall not exceed 15% of the issued share capital (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) of the Company on the day immediately preceding the date of grant of the option.

Since the adoption of the Scheme till the date of this statement:

- No options have been granted to the controlling shareholders of the Company and their associates;
- No options were granted to the directors of the Company;
- No participant has received 5% or more of the total number of options available under the Scheme;
- No options that entitle the holder to participate, by virtue of the options, in any share issue of any other corporation have been granted; and
- No options have been granted at a discount.

5. Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme (Cont'd)

On 20 January 2020, the Company granted 2,441,000 options to one of the principal dentists of Jinzhou Aoxin Youxin Dental Clinic Co. Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, to subscribe for 2,441,000 ordinary shares of the Company at an exercise price of S\$0.20 per share, which is equal to the average of the last dealt prices of the shares on the SGX-ST over the five (5) consecutive market days immediately preceding the date of grant (the "2020 Options").

The 2020 Options are exercisable one year from the date of grant and will expire on 20 January 2030. The 2020 Options may be exercised in full or in respect of 1,000 shares or a multiple thereof, on payment of the exercise price at any time after one year from the date of grant of the 2020 Options, subject to the new shares upon exercise of the 2020 Options being moratorised up to 30 September 2022.

On 8 March 2022, the Company issued 2,441,000 new ordinary shares at \$\$0.20 per share to Mr You Zhongjiang, pursuant to the exercise of the options granted under the Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme in relation to the acquisition of 100% equity interest in Jinzhou Aoxin Youxin Dental Clinic Co. Ltd. These ordinary shares are held in trust by Honour Pte. Ltd. in accordance with PRC legal requirement as Mr You Zhongjiang is a PRC national.

As at 31 December 2022, there were no outstanding share options (2021: 2,441,000).

The options granted by the Company do not entitle the holders of the options, by virtue of such holding, to any rights to participate in any share issue of any other company.

The Company does not have a parent company. Therefore, the disclosure required under Catalist Rule 851(1) (b)(i), (ii), (iii), (c)(i) and (d) are not applicable.

6. Aoxin Q & M Performance Share Plan

The Company has adopted the Aoxin Q & M Performance Share Plan (the "Plan") that was approved by its shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 9 January 2020. The Plan will expire on 8 January 2029.

The Plan is administered by the PSP Committee whose members are of the Remuneration Committee of the Company from time to time:

Professor Chew Chong Yin (RC Chairman and Independent Director)

Chua Ser Miang (Independent Director)
Lin Ming Khin (Independent Director)

Under the Plan, the aggregate number of shares arising from awards which the PSP Committee may grant on any date, when added to the number of shares allotted and issued in respect of (i) all options and awards granted under the Scheme and the Plan, and (ii) all options or awards granted under other incentive schemes or share plans adopted by the Company and for the time being in force, shall not exceed 15% of the issued share capital (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) of the Company on the day immediately preceding the date of grant of the award.

The objective of the Plan is to incentivise participants to excel in their performance and encourage greater dedication and loyalty to the Company. Full-time executives (including executive directors) of the Company, its subsidiary companies or associated companies who hold such rank as may be designated by the PSP Committee from time to time and non-executive directors are eligible to participate in the Plan.

6. Aoxin Q & M Performance Share Plan (Cont'd)

Under the Plan, performance target(s), which shall be set according to the specific roles of the participant, will be at the discretion of the PSP Committee.

On 20 January 2020, the Company awarded 960,565 performance shares to one of the principal dentists of Anshan Lishan District Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company. These performance shares will vest in accordance with the vesting schedules each commencing on 1 January 2020 and ending on 31 December 2029, subject to certain vesting conditions.

The Company does not have a parent company. Therefore, the disclosure required under Catalist Rule 851(1) (b)(i), (ii), (iii), (c)(i) and (d) are not applicable.

As at 31 December 2022, the total number of performance shares under the Plan that remained outstanding and unvested was 960,565 (2021: 960,565).

7. Audit Committee

The members of the Audit Committee ("AC") at the date of this statement are as follows:

Chua Ser Miang (AC Chairman)
Professor Chew Chong Yin (Member)
Lin Ming Khin (Member)

The AC performs the functions in accordance with section 201B(5) of the Act, including the following:

- Reviewed the audit plan of the independent external auditor.
- Reviewed the independent external auditor's evaluation of the adequacy of the Company's internal accounting controls that are relevant to the statutory audit, and their report on the financial statements and the assistance given by the Group and the management to the independent external auditors.
- Reviewed the internal auditor's scope and results of the internal audit procedures (including those relating to financial, operational, information technology and compliance controls and risk management) and the assistance given by the Group and the management to the internal auditor.
- Reviewed the financial statements of the Group and of the Company prior to their submission to the board of directors of the Company for adoption.
- Reviewed the interested person transactions in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 9 of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited's Listing Manual.

The AC, having reviewed all non-audit services provided by the external auditor to the Group, is satisfied that the nature and extent of such services would not affect the independence of the external auditor.

The AC convened two meetings during the year. The AC has also met with the internal and external auditors, without the presence of the Company's management, at least once a year.

7. Audit Committee (Cont'd)

The AC has recommended to the board that RSM Chio Lim LLP be nominated for re-appointment as independent auditor at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

Further details regarding the AC are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report.

8. Subsequent developments

There are no significant developments subsequent to the release of the Group's and the Company's preliminary financial information, as announced on 1 March 2023, which would materially affect the Group's and the Company's operating and financial performance as of the date of this statement, except for the additional impairment allowance as disclosed in Note 18.

On behalf of the directors	
Shao Yongxin Director	Chua Ser Miang Director
8 April 2023	

TO THE MEMBERS OF AOXIN Q & M DENTAL GROUP LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group, and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the reporting year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2022 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and the changes in equity of the Company for the reporting year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters ("KAMs") are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current reporting year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment assessment on the Group's property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, goodwill and intangible assets, and the Company's investments in subsidiaries

Please refer to Note 2A for accounting policies on "property, plant and equipment", "right-of-use assets", "intangible assets", "subsidiaries" and "carrying amounts of non-financial assets", Note 2C for critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties on "assessment of impairment of goodwill", "assessment of carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets" and "assessment of impairment of subsidiaries", and Note 15 for the key assumptions used in impairment testing of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, goodwill, intangible assets and investments in subsidiaries.

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying values of the Group's property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, goodwill and intangible assets, and the Company's investments in subsidiaries were RMB41,972,000, RMB32,755,000, RMB125,219,000, RMB3,896,000 and RMB298,380,000 respectively.

The Group's property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, and the Company's investments in subsidiaries were subject to impairment test assessments due to losses incurred in the current and previous reporting years.

TO THE MEMBERS OF AOXIN Q & M DENTAL GROUP LIMITED

Key audit matters (Cont'd)

Impairment assessment on the Group's property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, goodwill and intangible assets, and the Company's investments in subsidiaries (Cont'd)

The Group's goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units ("CGUs") and tested for impairment at least annually and whenever there is an indication that it may be impaired. Any shortfall of the recoverable amounts against the carrying value of the assets would be recognised as impairment losses.

Management engaged an independent external valuation expert to assist in the impairment assessment. Management applied the value-in-use method to determine the recoverable amounts of the above assets and goodwill. The value-in-use calculation requires management to estimate the future cash flows arising from the CGUs and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value of the recoverable amount of each CGU. Management's estimation of the future cash flows is based on the forecasted revenue, growth rates, profit margins and tax rates using presently available information. As the impairment assessment processes require management to exercise high degree of judgement and we have therefore identified these areas requiring particular audit attention.

We assessed management's process for the selection of its appointed independent external valuation expert, including the determination of the scope of work to be performed by the expert. We evaluated the competency of the independent external valuation expert by considering the independent valuation expert's qualification and objectivity.

Our audit procedures included, among other things, involving our valuation specialists as auditor's expert to assist us in evaluating the assumptions and methodologies used by management. We discussed with management the process over the determination of the forecasted revenue, growth rates, profit margins, tax rates and discount rate.

We, including our valuation specialists, reviewed management's estimates applied in the value-in-use calculations to arrive at the recoverable amounts of the CGUs by comparing them against historical forecasts and performance, and the growth rate of the dental patients' fee, patient numbers including the different types of dental treatment services offered by the dental centres. We also reviewed the reasonableness of the forecasted operating costs and capital expenditure. Our valuation specialists reviewed the appropriateness of management's methodology used in the impairment assessment, the reasonableness of discount rate by comparing the rate to market observable data including market and country risk premiums and any asset-specific risk premium, and tested the accuracy of the computations.

We also reviewed the adequacy of the disclosures about those assumptions to which the outcome of the impairment test is most sensitive, that is, those that have the most significant effect on the determination of the recoverable amount of the assets including goodwill.

Purchase price allocation ("PPA") arising from acquisition of associate

Please refer to Note 2A for accounting policy on "business combinations", Note 2C on critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties on "assessment of purchase price allocation arising from acquisition of associate", and Note 18 on investment in an associate.

In the prior year, on 1 November 2021, the Group acquired 3,000,000 ordinary shares of Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiary (the "Acumen Group") for \$\$29,400,000 (approximately RMB139,398,000), representing 49% of the equity interests in the Acumen Group (the "Acquisition"). The Acumen Group then became an associate of the Group. The Acquisition was satisfied by issuance of 127,272,726 new ordinary shares of the Company at \$\$0.231 per share. The fair value of these new shares on the date of the Acquisition was RMB147,847,000.

TO THE MEMBERS OF AOXIN Q & M DENTAL GROUP LIMITED

Key audit matters (Cont'd)

Purchase price allocation ("PPA") arising from acquisition of associate (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2021, management estimated the Group's share of provisional fair value of identifiable net assets acquired to be RMB46,657,000. Accordingly, management also recorded a provisional goodwill arising from the Acquisition of RMB101,190,000. These provisional values were subject to change upon completion of the PPA exercise.

During the current year, management engaged an external valuation expert to perform the PPA and this was completed on 5 April 2022. Based on this exercise, there were no significant changes from the provisional values recognised in the prior year.

We assessed management's process for the selection of its appointed external valuation expert, including the determination of scope of work to be performed. We evaluated the competency of the external valuation expert by considering the valuer's qualifications and objectivity.

We have identified the PPA arising from the Acquisition as a key audit matter because this process required significant management judgement and estimation by the Group.

As part of our audit procedures, we reviewed the sale and purchase agreement and other related documents to evaluate the appropriateness of Group's accounting of the Acquisition. In addition, involving our internal valuation specialists, we also reviewed the results of the PPA. We assessed the appropriateness of the methodology and assumptions applied in the valuation of acquired net identifiable assets. We tested the integrity of inputs of the projected cash flows used. To this end, we also challenged the growth rates and discount rates used in the computations by comparing them against historical rates and available industry data, taking into consideration comparability and market factors. Where the rates were outside the expected range, we undertook further procedures to understand the effect of additional factors and, when necessary, held further discussions with management and the external valuation expert. We also assessed the accuracy of the calculation of goodwill.

Lastly, we assessed the adequacy of disclosures in respect of the Acquisition in the financial statements.

Assessment of impairment of carrying value of investment in associate

Please refer to Note 2A for accounting policies on "associate" and "carrying amounts of non-financial assets", Note 2C for critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties on "assessment of impairment of investment in associate", and Note 18 for the key assumptions used in impairment testing of investments in associate.

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying values of the Group's and the Company's investment in associate, namely, the Acumen Group, was RMB74,832,000.

The Group's and the Company's investment in the Acumen Group was subject to impairment assessment due to weaker performance of the associate as the principal activities of the Acumen Group are mainly COVID-19 related diagnostic tests which have been affected by the relaxation of Covid-19 control measures in many countries including Singapore. Any shortfall of recoverable amounts against the carrying value of the assets would be recognised as impairment loss.

Management engaged an external valuation expert to assist in the impairment assessment. Management applied the value-in-use method to determine the recoverable amount of the investment in associate. The value-in-use calculation requires management to estimate the future cash flows arising from the CGUs and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value of the recoverable amount of each CGU. Management's estimation of the future cash flows is based on the forecasted revenue, growth rates, profit margins and tax rates using presently available information. As the impairment assessment process requires management to exercise high degree of judgement and is subject to significant estimation uncertainties, we have therefore identified this area as requiring particular audit attention.

TO THE MEMBERS OF AOXIN Q & M DENTAL GROUP LIMITED

Key audit matters (Cont'd)

Assessment of impairment of carrying value of investment in associate (Cont'd)

We assessed management's process for the selection of its appointed external valuation expert, including the determination of scope of work to be performed. We evaluated the competency of the external valuation expert by considering the valuer's qualifications and objectivity.

Our audit procedures included, among other things, involving our internal valuation specialists as auditor's expert to assist us in evaluating the assumptions and methodologies used by management.

We, including our internal valuation specialists, reviewed management's estimates applied in the value-in-use model based on our knowledge of the associate's operations, and compared the value-in-use model against historical forecasts and performance and industry benchmarks. Our in-house valuation specialists also performed a review of the management's methodology, expectations and the discount rates used in the impairment assessment and tested the accuracy of the computations.

We also reviewed the adequacy of disclosures about those assumptions to which the outcome of the impairment test is most sensitive, that is, those that have the most significant effect on the determination of the recoverable amount of the asset.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the statement by directors and the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and directors for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the financial reporting standards, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

TO THE MEMBERS OF AOXIN Q & M DENTAL GROUP LIMITED

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (f) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

TO THE MEMBERS OF AOXIN Q & M DENTAL GROUP LIMITED

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (Cont'd)

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by the subsidiary corporation incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Weng Keen.

RSM Chio Lim LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore

8 April 2023

Engagement partner – effective from reporting year ended 31 December 2020

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Revenue	5	139,721	160,180
Interest income		100	95
Other income and gains	6	2,656	2,896
Consumables and dental supplies		(12,037)	(13,594)
Cost of dental equipment and supplies		(32,517)	(42,184)
Cost of laboratory services		(3,605)	(3,573)
Employee benefits expenses	7	(69,802)	(70,050)
Depreciation and amortisation expenses		(11,055)	(10,605)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		(6,929)	(7,053)
Rental expenses		(1,226)	(986)
Finance costs	8	(2,439)	(3,121)
Impairment allowance on trade and other receivables	21	(52)	(188)
Impairment loss on investment in associate		(60,175)	_
Other expenses	9	(15,526)	(19,763)
Other losses	6	(1,797)	(161)
Share of results of associate		1,720	1,273
Loss before income tax		(72,963)	(6,834)
Income tax benefit/(expense)	10	5,288	(492)
Loss, net of tax Other comprehensive income/(loss) Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		(67,675)	(7,326)
Exchange differences on translation to presentation currency		11,278	(1,400)
Total comprehensive loss		(56,397)	(8,726)
Loss, net of tax attributable to:			
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		(67,673) (2)	(7,326)
		(67,675)	(7,326)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(56,395)	(8,726)
Non-controlling interests		(2)	_
		(56,397)	(8,726)
		2022 RMB Cents	2021 RMB Cents
Earnings per share (loss)			
BasicDiluted	12	(13.25) (13.25)	(1.82) (1.81)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

RMB'000 RMB'000 <t< th=""><th>21 2'000</th></t<>	21 2'000
ASSETS Non-current assets 13 41,972 48,154 21 Right-of-use assets 14 32,755 37,994 821	
Non-current assets 41,972 48,154 21 Right-of-use assets 14 32,755 37,994 821	22
Property, plant and equipment 13 41,972 48,154 21 Right-of-use assets 14 32,755 37,994 821	22
Right-of-use assets 14 32,755 37,994 821	22
(=00dvall 1) L (1)	940
	-
Intangible assets 16 3,896 4,779 179	205
	569
Deferred tax assets 10 5,050 – –	904
	538
Other non-financial assets, non-current 22 134 191 134	177
Total non-current assets 283,858 341,640 380,533 429	
	.555
Inventories 20 11,113 11,595 –	
	148
Other non-financial assets, current 22 1,605 1,482 160	147
	.938
	233
Total assets 369,861 440,130 412,017 466	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity	
Share capital 24 445,473 443,203 445,473 443	203
·	947
	(615)
Equity attributable to owners of	
	535
Non-controlling interests – 2 –	_
Total equity 310,526 363,886 406,093 450	535
Non-current liabilities	
Deferred tax liabilities 10 722 926 –	_
Lease liabilities, non-current 28 22,630 28,447 742	835
Other financial liabilities, non-current 27 979 8,982 979 8	982
Total non-current liabilities 24,331 38,355 1,721 9	817
Current liabilities	
Income tax payable 199 341 –	_
Trade and other payables, current 26 23,146 21,357 3,359 2	573
Lease liabilities, current 28 8,420 6,549 205	209
Other financial liabilities, current 27 3,239 9,642 639 3	454
Total current liabilities 35,004 37,889 4,203 6	236
Total liabilities 59,335 76,244 5,924 16	.053
Total equity and liabilities 369,861 440,130 412,017 466	588

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Attributable					Share-	Foreign	
		to owners					based	currency	Non-
	Total	of the	Share	Accumulated	Other	Statutory	payment	translation	controlling
Group	equity	Company	capital	losses	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	interests
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current year									
Opening balance at 1 January 2022	363,886	363,884	443,203	(24,761)	(71,920)	8,535	6,515	2,312	7
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(26,397)	(26,395)	I	(67,673)	I	I	I	11,278	(2)
Transfer to statutory reserve									
(Note 25A)	I	I	I	(228)	I	228	I	I	I
Share-based payments (Note 25B)	797	792	I	ı	I	I	797	I	I
Issuance of new shares (Note 24)	2,270	2,270	2,270	1	1	1	1	ı	1
Closing balance at 31 December 2022	310,526	310,526	445,473	(65,662)	(71,920)	8,763	7,282	13,590	1
Previous year									
Opening balance at 1 January 2021	223,345	223,343	295,356	(16,832)	(71,920)	7,932	260'5	3,712	2
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(8,726)	(8,726)	I	(7,326)	I	I	I	(1,400)	I
Transfer to statutory reserve									
(Note 25A)	I	I	I	(603)	I	603	I	I	I
Share-based payments (Note 25B)	1,420	1,420	I	ı		I	1,420	I	I
New shares issued for acquisition of									
associate	147,847	147,847	147,847	1	1	1	I	1	1
Closing balance at 31 December 2021	363,886	363,884	443,203	(24,761)	(71,920)	8,535	6,515	2,312	2

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

<u>Company</u>	Total equity RMB'000	Share capital RMB'000	Retained earnings/ (Accumulated losses) RMB'000	Share-based payment reserve RMB'000	Foreign currency translation reserve RMB'000
Current year					
Opening balance at 1 January 2022	450,535	443,203	7,947	6,515	(7,130)
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income for the year	(47,479)	_	(84,131)	_	36,652
Share-based payments (Note 25B)	767	_	-	767	_
Issuance of new shares (Note 24)	2,270	2,270			
Closing balance at 31 December 2022	406,093	445,473	(76,184)	7,282	29,522
Previous year					
Opening balance at 1 January 2021 Total comprehensive income/	296,424	295,356	(11,819)	5,095	7,792
(loss) for the year	4,844	_	19,766	_	(14,922)
Share-based payments (Note 25B) New shares issued for acquisition of	1,420	_	-	1,420	-
associate (Note 24)	147,847	147,847			
Closing balance at 31 December	450 525	442.202	7.047	C F1F	/7.120\
2021	450,535	443,203	7,947	6,515	(7,130)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Loss before income tax	(72,963)	(6,834)
Depreciation of plant and equipment	10,080	9,693
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	6,929	7,053
Amortisation of intangible assets	975	912
De-recognition of right-of-use assets	(85)	_
Plant and equipment written-off	55	58
Interest expense	2,439	3,121
Share-based payments	767	1,420
Impairment loss on investment in associate	60,175	-
Share of results of associate	(1,720)	(1,273)
Unrealised foreign exchange gains	2,884	(741)
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	9,536	13,409
Inventories	482	(677)
Trade and other receivables	4,344	(9,946)
Other non-financial assets	(62)	529
Trade and other payables	1,789	(1,333)
Net cash flows from operations	16,089	1,982
Income taxes paid	(117)	(884)
Net cash flows from operating activities	15,972	1,098
Cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		
Acquisition of intangible assets (Note 16)	(71)	(383)
Acquisition of plant and equipment (Note 13)	(3,953)	(6,374)
Increase in staff loans	-	(234)
Dividend received from associate	23,085	
Net cash flows generated from/(used in) investing activities	19,061	(6,991)
Cash flows used in financing activities		
Proceeds from bank loans and bill payable	3,334	18,698
Repayments of bank loans and bill payable	(18,263)	(17,099)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(5,578)	(5,349)
Repayment of interest portion of lease liabilities	(2,070)	(2,407)
Interest expense paid	(369)	(714)
Issuance of new shares	2,270	
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(20,676)	(6,871)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	14,357	(12,764)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning balance	24,370	37,912
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	702	(778)
Cash and cash equivalents, ending balance (Note 23)	39,429	24,370

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2022

1. General

Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited (the "Company") is incorporated in Singapore with limited liability. It is listed on the Catalist Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

The financial statements are presented in Chinese Renminbi ("RMB") and they cover the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"). All information in these financial statement are rounded to the nearest thousand ("RMB'000") except when otherwise indicated.

The board of directors approved and authorised these financial statements for issue on the date of the statement by directors. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

The registered office of the Company is located at 80 Robinson Road, #02-00, Singapore 068898 and the principal place of business of the Company is in Singapore.

Uncertainties relating to the Covid-19 pandemic

The Covid-19 pandemic and the aftermath of the pandemic has had, or may have, an impact on the Group based on known information that extends to the nature of the services and products offered, patients and customers, supply chain, staffing and geographic regions in which the Group operates. Other than as addressed in specific notes, it does not currently appear to have any significant impact on the financial statements nor are there any significant uncertainties with respect to events or conditions which may impact the Group unfavourably as at the reporting date or subsequently as a result of the pandemic.

Statement of compliance with financial reporting standards

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)") and the related Interpretations to SFRS(I) ("SFRS(I) INT") as issued by the Singapore Accounting Standards Council. They are in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and with the International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention except where a financial reporting standard requires an alternative treatment (such as fair values) as disclosed where appropriate in these financial statements. The accounting policies in the financial reporting standards may not be applied when the effect of applying them is not material. The disclosures required by financial reporting standards may not be provided if the information resulting from that disclosure is not material.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2022

1. General (Cont'd)

Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Apart from those involving estimations, management has made judgements in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies. The areas requiring management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgements, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 2C below, where applicable.

Basis of presentation and principles of consolidated

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements made up to the end of the reporting year of the company and all of its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are the financial statements of the group (the parent and its subsidiaries) presented as those of a single economic entity and are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. All significant intragroup balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date the reporting entity obtains control of the investee. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the loss of control are accounted for within equity as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. The carrying amounts of the group's and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. When the group loses control of a subsidiary it derecognises the assets and liabilities and related equity components of the former subsidiary. Any gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value at the date when control is lost and is subsequently accounted as equity investments financial assets in accordance with the financial reporting standard on financial instruments.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

2A. Significant accounting policies

Revenue recognition

The financial reporting standard on revenue from contracts with customers establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer (which excludes estimates of variable consideration that are subject to constraints, such as right of return exists, and modifications), net of any related taxes and excluding any amounts collected on behalf of third parties. An asset (goods or services) is transferred when or as the customer obtains control of that asset. As a practical expedient the effects of any significant financing component is not adjusted if the payment for the good or service will be within one year.

Revenue from provision of dental healthcare and laboratory services is recognised when the entity satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time generally when the significant acts have been completed and when transfer of control occurs or for services that are not significant transactions revenue is recognised as the services are provided.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised at a point in time when the performance obligation is satisfied by transferring a promised good or service to the customer. Control of the goods is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods (in this respect, incoterms are considered).

Management fee income is recognised over time during the contract period and it is accounted for as a single performance obligation that is satisfied over time.

Dividend from equity instruments is recognised in profit or loss only when the entity's right to receive payment of the dividend is established. It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attaching to them will be complied with and that the grants will be received. Grants in recognition of specific expenses are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs that they are intended to compensate. The grant related to assets is presented in the statement of financial position by recognising the grant as deferred income that is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset and in the proportions in which depreciation expense on those assets is recognised.

Employee benefits

Contributions to a defined contribution retirement benefit plan are recorded as an expense as they fall due. The entity's legal or constructive obligation is limited to the amount that it is obligated to contribute to an independently administered fund (such as the Central Provident Fund in Singapore, a government managed defined contribution retirement benefit plan). For employee leave entitlement the expected cost of short-term employee benefits in the form of compensated absences is recognised in the case of accumulating compensated absences, when the employees render service that increases their entitlement to future compensated absences; and in the case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur. A liability for bonuses is recognised where the entity is contractually obliged or where there is constructive obligation based on past practice.

Pursuant to relevant regulations of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") government, the subsidiaries in the PRC have participated in a local municipal government retirement benefits scheme (the "Scheme"), whereby the subsidiaries in the PRC are required to contribute to a certain percentage to the basic salaries of its employees to the Scheme to fund their retirement benefits. The local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefits obligations of those employees of the Group. Contributions to the Scheme are recorded as an expense as they fall due.

31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Share-based compensation

For the equity-settled share-based compensation transactions, the fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period is measured by reference to the fair value of the options granted ignoring the effect of non-market conditions such as profitability and sales growth targets. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. The fair value is measured using a relevant option pricing model. The expected lives used in the model are adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations. At each end of the reporting year, a revision is made of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital when the options are exercised. Cancellations of grants of equity instruments during the vesting period (other than a grant cancelled by forfeiture when the vesting conditions are not satisfied) are accounted for as an acceleration of vesting, therefore any amount unrecognised that would otherwise have been charged is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowings and are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. Interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method.

Foreign currency transactions

The functional currency of the Company is the Singapore Dollar ("S\$") as it reflects the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in the functional currency at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. At each end of the reporting year, recorded monetary balances and balances measured at fair value that are denominated in non-functional currencies are reported at the rates ruling at the end of the reporting year and fair value measurement dates respectively. All realised and unrealised exchange adjustment gains and losses are dealt with in profit or loss except when a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income.

The presentation currency of the Company and the Group is the Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"). For the RMB financial statements assets and liabilities are translated at year end rates of exchange and the income and expense items are translated at average rates of exchange for the reporting year. The resulting translation adjustments (if any) are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity. The translations of S\$ amounts into RMB amounts are included solely for the convenience of readers. The reporting year end rates used are RMB5.1385 to S\$1 (2021: RMB4.7111 to S\$1) which approximate the rate of exchange at the end of the reporting year. The average rates of exchange for the reporting year were RMB4.8782 to S\$1 (2021: RMB4.7991 to S\$1). Certain balances are translated at historical rates. Such translation should not be constructed as a representation that the RMB amounts could be converted into S\$ at the above exchange rates or other rates.

31 DECEMBER 2022

- 2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)
- 2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Translation of financial statements of other entities

Each entity in the Group determines the appropriate functional currency as it reflects the primary economic environment in which the relevant reporting entity operates. In translating the financial statements of such an entity for incorporation in the consolidated financial statements in the presentation currency the assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies are translated at end of the reporting year rates of exchange and income and expense items for each statement presenting profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average rates of exchange for the reporting year. The resulting translation adjustments (if any) are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity until the disposal of that relevant reporting entity.

Income tax

The income taxes are accounted using the asset and liability method that requires the recognition of taxes payable or refundable for the current year and deferred tax liabilities and assets for the future tax consequence of events that have been recognised in the financial statements or tax returns. The measurements of current and deferred tax liabilities and assets are based on provisions of the enacted or substantially enacted tax laws; the effects of future changes in tax laws or rates are not anticipated. Tax expense (tax income) is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the reporting year in respect of current tax and deferred tax. Current and deferred income taxes are recognised as income or as an expense in profit or loss unless the tax relates to items that are recognised in the same or a different period outside profit or loss. For such items recognised outside profit or loss the current tax and deferred tax are recognised (a) in other comprehensive income if the tax is related to an item recognised directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same income tax authority. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each end of the reporting year and is reduced, if necessary, by the amount of any tax benefits that, based on available evidence, are not expected to be realised. A deferred tax amount is recognised for all temporary differences, unless the deferred tax amount arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which (i) is not a business combination; and (ii) at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). A deferred tax liability or asset is recognised for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries except where the reporting entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the taxable temporary difference and it is probable that the taxable temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future or for deductible temporary differences, they will not reverse in the foreseeable future and they cannot be utilised against taxable profits.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost on initial recognition and after initial recognition at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes acquisition cost, borrowing cost capitalised and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset or component to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Subsequent costs are recognised as an asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss when they are incurred.

31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line method to allocate the gross carrying amounts of the assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives of each part of an item of these assets (or, for leasehold improvements and certain leased assets, the shorter lease term). The useful lives and residual values rates of the underlying assets are as follows:

		<u>Useful lives</u>	Residual value rates
Leasehold improvements	-	10 years	_
Furniture and fittings and equipment	_	5 to 10 years	5%
Motor vehicles	_	10 years	5%
Software	_	2 to 10 years	_

An asset is depreciated when it is available for use until it is derecognised even if during that period the item is idle. Fully depreciated assets still in use are retained in the financial statements.

The residual value and the useful life of an asset is reviewed at least at each end of the reporting year and, if expectations differ significantly from previous estimates, the changes are accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate, and the depreciation charge for the current and future periods are adjusted.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss.

Right-of-use assets

The right-of-use assets are accounted and presented as if they were owned such as property, plant and equipment. The useful lives of the underlying assets are as follows:

Leasehold building – 24.3 years

Dental clinics, hospitals, and office space – 1.3 to 11 years

Dormitory – 1.3 to 3.6 years

Warehouses – 1.2 to 2 years

Software – 8 years

Leases of lessee

A lease conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration. A right-of-use asset is capitalised in the statement of financial position, measured at the present value of the unavoidable future lease payments to be made over the lease term. A liability corresponding to the capitalised right-of-use asset is also recognised, adjusted for lease prepayments, lease incentives received, initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of any future restoration, removal or dismantling costs. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. An interest expense is recognised on the lease liability (included in finance costs). For short-term leases of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets (such as personal computers and small office equipment) where an accounting policy choice exists under the lease standard, the lease payments are expensed to profit or loss as incurred on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term.

31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Leases of lessor

For a lessor each of lease is classified as either an operating lease or a finance lease. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit, even if the payments are not on that basis.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity including unincorporated and special purpose entity that is controlled by the reporting entity and the reporting entity is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The existence and effect of substantive potential voting rights that the reporting entity has the practical ability to exercise (that is, substantive rights) are considered when assessing whether the reporting entity controls another entity.

In the reporting entity's separate financial statements, an investment in a subsidiary is accounted for at cost less any allowance for impairment in value. Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss for a subsidiary is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying value and the net book value of the investment in a subsidiary are not necessarily indicative of the amount that would be realised in a current market exchange.

Associate

An associate is an entity including an unincorporated entity in which the reporting entity has a significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement of the reporting entity. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies. An investment in an associate includes goodwill on acquisition, which is accounted for in accordance with the financial reporting standard on business combinations. However the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested under the financial reporting standard on impairment, by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value) with its carrying amount, whenever application of the requirements in the financial reporting standard on financial instruments indicates that the investment may be impaired.

31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Associate (Cont'd)

In the consolidated financial statements, the accounting for investments in an associate is on the equity method. Under the equity method the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the investor's share of the investee's net assets. The carrying value and the net book value of the investment in the associate are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that would be realised in a current market exchange. The investor's profit or loss includes its share of the investee's profit or loss and the investor's other comprehensive income includes its share of the investee's other comprehensive income. Losses of an associate in excess of the reporting entity's interest in the relevant associate are not recognised except to the extent that the reporting entity has an obligation. Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the reporting entity and an associate are recognised in the financial statements only to the extent of unrelated reporting entity's interests in the associate. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates are changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the reporting entity. The reporting entity discontinues the use of the equity method from the date that when its investment ceases to be an associate and accounts for the investment in accordance with the financial reporting standard on financial instruments from that date. Any gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained in the former associate is measured at fair value at the date that it ceases to be an associate.

In the reporting entity's separate financial statements, an investment in an associate is accounted for at cost less any allowance for impairment in value. Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss for an associate is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying value and the net book value of an investment in the associate are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that would be realised in a current market exchange.

Business combinations

A business combination is a transaction or other event which requires that the assets acquired and liabilities assumed constitute a business. It is accounted for by applying the acquisition method of accounting. The cost of a business combination includes the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the acquirer, in exchange for control of the acquiree. The acquisition-related costs are expensed in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received except for any costs to issue debt or equity securities are recognised in accordance with the financial reporting standard on financial instruments. As of the acquisition date, the acquirer recognises, separately from goodwill, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree measured at acquisition-date fair values as defined in and that meet the conditions for recognition under the financial reporting standard on business combinations. If there is gain on bargain purchase, for the gain on bargain purchase a reassessment is made of the identification and measurement of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities and the measurement of the cost of the business combination and any excess remaining after this reassessment is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

31 DECEMBER 2022

- 2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)
- 2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interest is equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the reporting entity as the parent. The non-controlling interest is presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the parent. For each business combination, any non-controlling interest in the acquiree (subsidiary) is initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Where the non-controlling interest is measured at fair value, the valuation techniques and key model inputs used are disclosed in the relevant Note. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Goodwill

Goodwill is an asset representing the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognised. Goodwill is recognised as of the acquisition date measured as the excess of (a) over (b); (a) being the aggregate of: (i) the consideration transferred which generally requires acquisition-date fair value; (ii) the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree measured in accordance with the financial reporting standard on business combinations (measured either at fair value or as the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets); and (iii) in a business combination achieved in stages, the acquisition-date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; and (b) being the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed measured in accordance with the financial reporting standard on business combinations.

After initial recognition, goodwill acquired in a business combination is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortised. Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, goodwill and also any intangible asset with an indefinite useful life or any intangible asset not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually. Goodwill impairment is not reversed in any circumstances.

For the purpose of impairment testing and since the acquisition date of the business combination, goodwill is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree were assigned to those units or groups of units. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is so allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and is not larger than a segment.

Intangible assets

An identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance is recognised as an intangible asset at acquisition cost if it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. After initial recognition, an intangible asset with finite useful life is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is not amortised. An intangible asset is regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on an analysis of all of the relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows for the entity.

31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Intangible assets (Cont'd)

The amortisable amount of an intangible asset with finite useful life is allocated on a systematic basis over the best estimate of its useful life from the point at which the asset is ready for use. The useful lives are as follows:

Customer lists – 10 years Software – 2 to 10 years

Software under development is not depreciated as the assets are not available for use.

Carrying amounts of non-financial assets

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, an annual impairment test is performed at about the same time every year on an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life or an intangible asset not yet available for use. The carrying amount of other non-financial assets is reviewed at each end of the reporting year for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down through profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The impairment loss is the excess of the carrying amount over the recoverable amount and is recognised in profit or loss. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. When the fair value less costs of disposal method is used, any available recent market transactions are taken into consideration. When the value in use method is adopted, in assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). At each end of the reporting year non-financial assets other than goodwill with impairment loss recognised in prior periods are assessed for possible reversal of the impairment. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been measured, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost (weighted average method) and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

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2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All other financial instruments (including regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets) are recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. At initial recognition the financial asset or financial liability is measured at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the entity neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset. A financial liability is removed from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

At initial recognition the financial asset or financial liability is measured at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified into (1) Financial asset classified as measured at amortised cost; (2) Financial asset that is an equity investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI); (3) Financial asset that is a debt asset instrument classified as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI); and (4) Financial asset classified as measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). At the end of the reporting year, the reporting entity had the following financial assets:

Financial asset classified as measured at amortised cost: A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), that is (a) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Typically trade and other receivables, bank and cash balances are classified in this category.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") in either of the following circumstances: (1) the liabilities are managed, evaluated and reported internally on a fair value basis; or (2) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise. All other financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Reclassification of any financial liability is not permitted.

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2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (Cont'd)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash and cash equivalents less cash subject to restriction and bank overdrafts payable on demand that form an integral part of cash management. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Fair value measurement

The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, market observable data to the extent possible is used. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is not directly observable, an estimate is made using valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs (e.g. by use of the market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar items, discounted cash flow analysis, or option pricing models refined to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances). Inputs used are consistent with the characteristics of the asset/liability that market participants would take into account. The entity's intention to hold an asset or to settle or otherwise fulfil a liability is not taken into account as relevant when measuring fair value.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs to the measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety: Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognised at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred.

The carrying values of current financial instruments approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments and the disclosures of fair value are not made when the carrying amount of current financial instruments is a reasonable approximation of the fair value. The fair values of non-current financial instruments may not be disclosed separately unless there are significant differences at the end of the reporting year and in the event the fair values are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

2B. Other explanatory information

Provisions

A liability or provision is recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A provision is made using best estimates of the amount required in settlement and where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount recognised is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Changes in estimates are reflected in profit or loss in the reporting year they occur.

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2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2B. Other explanatory information (Cont'd)

Segment reporting

The reporting entity discloses financial and descriptive information about its consolidated reportable segments. Reportable segments are operating segments or aggregations of operating segments that meet specified criteria. Operating segments are components about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing the performance. Generally, financial information is reported on the same basis as is used internally for evaluating operating segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources to operating segments.

2C. Critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties

The critical judgements made in the process of applying the accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements and the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting year, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities currently or within the next reporting year are discussed below. These estimates and assumptions are periodically monitored to ensure they incorporate all relevant information available at the date when financial statements are prepared. However, this does not prevent actual figures differing from estimates.

Assessment of impairment of goodwill

The carrying amount of goodwill is tested annually for impairment. This annual impairment test is significant and the process is complex and highly judgmental and is based on assumptions that are affected by expected future market or economic conditions. As a result, significant judgement is required in evaluating the assumptions and methodologies used by management, in particular those relating to the forecasted revenue growth and profit margins. Judgement is also required in identifying the cash-generating units ("CGUs"). The disclosures about goodwill are included in Note 15, which explains that small changes in the key assumptions used could give rise to an impairment of the goodwill balance in the future. Actual outcomes could vary from these estimates. The carrying amount of goodwill at the end of the reporting year is disclosed in Note 15.

Assessment of carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets

An assessment is made for the reporting year whether there is any indication that the asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units if applicable is measured based on the fair value less costs of disposal or value in use calculations. It is impracticable to disclose the extent of the possible effects. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that outcomes within the next reporting year that are different from assumptions could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the balances affected. The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets at the end of the reporting year are disclosed in Note 13, Note 14 and Note 16 respectively.

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2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2C. Critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties (Cont'd)

Estimation of useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The estimates for the useful lives and related depreciation charges for property, plant and equipment are based on commercial and other factors which could change significantly as a result of innovations and in response to market conditions. The depreciation charge is increased where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or the carrying amounts written off or written down for technically obsolete items or assets that have been abandoned. It is impracticable to disclose the extent of the possible effects. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that outcomes within the next reporting year that are different from assumptions could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the balances affected. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment at the end of the reporting year is disclosed in Note 13.

Assessment of impairment of subsidiaries

Where an investee is in net equity deficit and or has suffered losses a test is made whether the investment in the investee has suffered any impairment loss. This measurement requires significant judgement. An estimate is made of the future profitability of the investee, and the financial health of and near-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, and operational and financing cash flow. Value-in-use calculation based on each CGU that linked to each investees, will be used in the assessment of impairment of subsidiaries. The key assumption and estimates are disclosed in Note 15. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that outcomes within the next reporting year that are different from assumptions could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected. The carrying amount of the specific asset or liability (or class of assets or liabilities) at the end of the reporting year affected by the assumption is RMB129,409,000.

Assessment of purchase price allocation ("PPA") arising from acquisition of associate

As described in Note 18, the group acquired Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiary (the "Acumen Group") on 1 November 2021 and from that date the group gained control. Management completed the acquisition accounting on 5 April 2022. This requires judgement given the nature of the subsidiary. Consideration has to be given in determining the assumptions that underlie the initial acquisition accounting such as the fair value of assets acquired, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed. These are estimated by management by taking into consideration the available information as at 5 April 2022. The fair value of the specific asset or liability (or class of assets or liabilities) at the end of the reporting year is disclosed in Note 18.

Assessment of impairment of associate

Where there is a negative change in the market demand that leads to weaker performance for the associate, a test is made whether the investment in the investee has suffered any impairment loss. This measurement requires significant judgement. An estimate is made of the future profitability of the investee, and the financial health of and near-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, and operational and financing cash flow. It is impracticable to disclose the extent of the possible effects. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that outcomes within the next reporting year that are different from assumptions could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected. The carrying amount of the specific asset or liability (or class of assets or liabilities) at the end of the reporting year affected by the assumption is RMB74,832,000.

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2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (Cont'd)

2C. Critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties (Cont'd)

Assessment of write-down of inventories

The assessment of write-down of inventories requires a degree of estimation and judgement. The level of the loss allowance is assessed by taking into account the recent sales experience, the ageing of inventories, other factors that affect inventory obsolescence and subsequent events. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the stated value of the inventories. The carrying amount of inventories at the end of the reporting year is disclosed in Note 20.

Assessment of impairment of trade receivables

The trade receivables are subject to the expected credit loss ("ECL") model under the financial reporting standard on financial instruments. The allowance for ECL assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime ECL for trade receivables. In measuring the expected credit losses, management considers all reasonable and supportable information such as the reporting entity's past experience at collecting receipts, any increase in the number of delayed receipts in the portfolio past the average credit period, and forward looking information such as forecasts of future economic conditions (including the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic). The carrying amounts might change materially within the next reporting year but these changes may not arise from assumptions or other sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting year. The carrying amount of trade receivables at the end of the reporting year is disclosed in Note 21.

Income tax

The Group recognises tax liabilities and assets tax based on an estimation of the likely taxes due, which requires significant judgement as to the ultimate tax determination of certain items. Where the actual amount arising from these issues differs from these estimates, such differences will have an impact on income tax and deferred tax amounts in the period when such determination is made. In addition management judgement is required in determining the amount of current and deferred tax recognised and the extent to which amounts should or can be recognised. A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses if it is probable that the entity will earn sufficient taxable profit in future periods to benefit from a reduction in tax payments. This involves the management making assumptions within its overall tax planning activities and periodically reassessing them in order to reflect changed circumstances as well as tax regulations. As a result, due to their inherent nature assessments of likelihood are judgemental and not susceptible to precise determination. The income tax amounts are disclosed in Note 10.

3. Related party relationships and transactions

The financial reporting standard on related party disclosures requires the reporting entity to disclose: (a) related party relationships, transactions and outstanding balances, including commitments, including (b) relationships between parents and subsidiaries irrespective of whether there have been transactions between those related parties. A party is related to a party if the party controls, or is controlled by, or can significantly influence or is significantly influenced by the other party.

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3. Related party relationships and transactions (Cont'd)

3A. Members of the Group

Related companies in these financial statements include members of the Company's group of companies.

3B. Related party transactions

There are transactions and arrangements between the Group and its related parties and the effects of these on the basis determined between the parties are reflected in these financial statements. The related party balances are unsecured, without fixed repayment terms and interest or charge unless stated otherwise.

Intragroup transactions and balances that have been eliminated in these consolidated financial statements are not disclosed as related party transactions and balances below.

During the reporting year, certain subsidiaries leased clinics, hospitals and offices from their directors and the Company leased software from a related party. As at 31 December 2022, the total carrying values of the Group's and the Company's right-of-use assets related to these leases were RMB5,110,000 and RMB821,000 (2021: RMB6,258,000 and RMB940,000) respectively.

Other related party transactions and balances are disclosed elsewhere in the notes to the financial statements.

3C. Key management compensation

	Gro	oup
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	6,869	6,539
Included in the above amount are the following items:		
Remuneration of directors of the Company	1,526	2,353
Remuneration of directors of the subsidiaries	1,763	1,522
Remuneration of executive officers of the Group	2,201	1,767
Remuneration of directors of the subsidiaries cum executive officers		
of the Group	203	201
Fees to directors of the Company	1,176	696

The above amounts are included under employee benefits expense.

Key management personnel include the directors and those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly. The above amounts for key management compensation are for all the directors and other key management personnel. The amounts also include fees paid to directors for dental services rendered in their capacity as dentists.

Further information about the remuneration of individual directors is provided in the Report on Corporate Governance.

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3. Related party relationships and transactions (Cont'd)

3D. Balances with subsidiaries

	Comp	any
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Balance at beginning of the year	7,927	7,965
Payments received	(1,880)	_
Interest income	313	325
Exchange differences	508	(363)
Balance at end of the year	6,868	7,927
Presented in the statement of financial position as follows:		
Other receivables (Note 19 and Note 21)	6,868	7,929
Other payables (Note 26)		(2)
	6,868	7,927

4. Financial information by operating segments

4A. Information about reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

Disclosure of information about operating segments, products and services, the geographical areas, and the major customers are made as required by the financial reporting standard on operating segments. This disclosure standard has no impact on the reported financial performance or financial position of the Group.

For management purposes the Group is organised into the following major strategic operating segments that offer different products and services: (1) primary healthcare, (2) dental equipment and supplies distribution, and (3) laboratory services. Such a structural organisation is determined by the nature of risks and returns associated with each business segment and it defines the management structure as well as the internal reporting system. It represents the basis on which the management reports the primary segment information that is available and that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing the performance. They are managed separately because each business requires different strategies.

The segments and the types of products and services are as follows:

- (i) Primary healthcare comprising dentistry services;
- (ii) Distribution of dental equipment and supplies, which includes, amongst others, the distribution of equipment and supplies used in the provision of dental services; and
- (iii) Laboratory services comprising the manufacturing of porcelain crown, bridges and dentures.

Inter-segment sales are measured on the basis that the entity actually used to price the transfers. Internal transfer pricing policies of the reporting entity are as far as practicable based on market prices. The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in the significant accounting policies.

The management reporting system evaluates performances based on a number of factors. The primary profitability measurement to evaluate segment's operating results comprises major financial indicators: earnings from operations before depreciation and amortisation, interests and income taxes (called "Segment results").

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Profit or loss for the year and reconciliations

4B.

4.

Financial information by operating segments (cont'd)

Information of the reportable segments as reviewed by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), before any reconciling adjustments to the Group's consolidated financial information, are set out below:

	Primary h 2022 RMB′000	Primary healthcare 2022 2021 .MB'000 RMB'000	Distribution of dental equipment and supplie 2022 2021 RMB'000	Distribution of dental equipment and supplies 2022 2021 RMB'000 RMB'000	Laborator 2022 RMB′000	Laboratory services 2022 2021 :MB'000 RMB'000	Consolidated 2022 203 RMB′000 RMB	idated 2021 RMB′000
Revenue from external customers								
(Note 5)	87,020	93,891	39,272	50,374	13,429	15,915	139,721	160,180
Inter-segment revenue	21,563	19,816	7,799	10,251	15,310	6,980	44,672	37,047
Total revenue	108,583	113,707	47,071	60,625	28,739	22,895	184,393	197,227
Segment results	3,746	9,023	169	172	(56,455)	4,750	(52,540)	13,945
Finance costs							(2,439)	(3,121)
Depreciation of plant and equipment							(10,080)	(9,693)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of intangible assets							(6,929) (975)	(7,033)
Loss before income tax							(72,963)	(6,834)
Income tax benefit/(expense)							5,288	(492)
Loss, net of tax							(67,675)	(7,326)
Expenditure for non-current assets								
Property, plant and equipment	3,031	4,532	35	180	887	1,662	3,953	6,374
Other material non-cash items								
Depreciation of plant and equipment	8,792	8,580	19	19	1,269	1,094	10,080	6,693
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	6,452	6,653	126	132	351	268	6,929	7,053
Amortisation of intangible assets	208	451	42	42	425	419	975	912
Plant and equipment written-off	9	25	I	I	49	33	22	28
Impairment loss on investment in								
associate	I	I	I	I	60,175	I	60,175	I
(Reversal)/allowance for ECL on								
trade receivables	(33)	16	(364)	111	449	61	52	188
Share-based payment expense	767	1,420	1	I	'	ı	767	1,420
Segment assets	243,187	243,990	21,130	25,353	105,544	170,787	369,861	440,130
Segment liabilities	43,856	58,588	8,560	11,757	6,919	5,899	59,335	76,244

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4. Financial information by operating segments (Cont'd)

4C. Geographical information

The Group operates principally in the PRC. The contribution from Singapore is not material and therefore no separate geographical segments have been presented.

4D. Information about major customers

There are no customers with revenue transactions of over 10% of the Group's revenue.

5. Revenue

	Gro	oup
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Revenue classified by type		
Rendering of services	85,753	92,445
Sale of goods	39,272	50,374
Laboratory services	13,429	15,888
Leasing income	1,068	1,068
Management fee income	141	378
Other income	58	27
	139,721	160,180
Revenue classified by timing of revenue recognition		
Point in time	138,512	158,734
Over time	1,209	1,446
	139,721	160,180

6. Other income and gains and (other losses)

		oup
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Bad debts written-off	(4)	(48)
Compensation damages	_	(2)
De-recognition of contingent consideration payable	-	21
Foreign exchange (losses)/gains, net	(1,580)	811
Government grant income	530	211
De-recognition of right-of-use assets	85	_
Compensation on early termination of leases/penalty	(144)	(53)
Plant and equipment written-off	(55)	(58)
Profit guarantees from vendors of acquired subsidiaries	1,357	1,750
Rental discounts	684	85
Other gains	_	18
Other losses	(14)	
	859	2,735

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6. Other income and gains and (other losses) (Cont'd)

	Gro	up
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Presented in profit or loss as: Other income and gains Other losses	2,656 (1,797)	2,896 (161)
	859	2,735

7. Employee benefits expenses

	Gro	oup
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Short-term employee benefits expenses	53,562	54,605
Contributions to defined contribution plans	11,926	10,574
Share-based payments (Note 25B)	767	1,420
Other benefits	3,547	3,451
	69,802	70,050

8. Finance costs

	Gro	up
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Interest expense	369	714
Interest on lease liabilities	2,070	2,407
	2,439	3,121

9. Other expenses

The major components and other selected components include the following:

	Gro	oup
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Entertainment expenses	1,311	1,593
Marketing expenses	967	1,274
Motor vehicle expenses	676	757
Other tax expenses	2,138	2,977
Professional fees	4,854	6,761
Property management fee	352	338
Travelling expenses	408	629
Utilities expenses	1,628	1,525

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10. Income tax expense

10A. Components of tax (benefit) expense recognised in profit or loss

	Gro	oup
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current tax		
Current tax expense	290	505
Under/(over) provision in respect of prior years	14	(16)
	304	489
Deferred tax		
Deferred tax benefit	(5,254)	(189)
Withholding tax (benefit) expense		
Current withholding tax expense	61	496
Over provision in respect of prior years	(399)	(304)
	(338)	192
	(5,288)	492

The reconciliation of income taxes below is determined by applying the PRC corporate tax rate as the Group primarily operates in the PRC. The income tax in profit or loss varied from the amount determined by applying the PRC income tax rate of 25% (2021: 25%) to profit or loss before income tax as a result of the following differences:

	Gro	oup
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Loss before income tax Share of results of associate	(72,963)	(6,834)
Share of results of associate	(1,720) (74,683)	(1,273) (8,107)
Income tax benefit at the above rate	(18,671)	(2,027)
Effect of different tax rates in different countries	3,520	124
Tax effect on non-deductible expenses	15,508	2,219
Tax incentives	(222)	_
Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets recognised this year	(5,253)	_
Under/(over) provision of income tax in respect of prior years	14	(16)
Over provision of withholding tax in respect of prior years	(399)	(304)
Withholding tax	61	496
Others	154	
Total income tax (benefit) expense	(5,288)	492

There are no income tax consequences of dividends to owners of the Group.

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10. Income tax expense (Cont'd)

10B. Deferred tax benefit recognised in profit or loss

	Group	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Excess of carrying values over tax values of intangible assets, and plant and equipment	204	189
Tax losses carryforwards	5,050	
Total deferred tax benefit	5,254	189

10C. Deferred tax balance in the statement of financial position

	Group	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Deferred tax assets		
Tax losses carryforwards	5,050	_
Excess of carrying values over tax values of intangible assets, and		
plant and equipment	(722)	(926)
	4,328	(926)
Presented in the statement of financial position as follows:		
Deferred tax assets	5,050	_
Deferred tax liabilities	(722)	(926)
	4,328	(926)

Subject to the agreement by the tax authorities, the Group and the Company have unutilised tax losses of approximately RMB54.6 million and RMB1.0 million (2021: RMB33.4 million and RMB2.6 million) respectively available for offset against future profits at the reporting date.

As at 31 December 2022, deferred tax asset of RMB5,050,000 (2021: Nil) was recognised in respect of these unutilised tax losses as it is probable that the benefit will flow to the entities having these losses and the benefit can be reliably measured.

The following unrecognised tax losses of the Group can only be carried forward for a maximum period of 5 years from the year of assessment:

	Gro	Group		
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000		
Expiring within:				
Within one year	1,536	346		
Between one and three years	24,526	13,701		
Between three and five years	28,563	16,802		
	54,625	30,849		

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10. Income tax expense (Cont'd)

10C. Deferred tax balance in the statement of financial position (Cont'd)

Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

As at 31 December 2022, no deferred tax liability has been recognised for withholding tax that would be payable on the undistributed profits of the PRC subsidiaries as the Group has determined that the portion of the undistributed profits of its PRC subsidiaries will not be distributed in the foreseeable future. Such temporary difference for which no deferred tax liability has been recognised amounted to approximately RMB35,434,000 (2021: RMB38,795,000) and the related deferred tax liability is estimated at approximately RMB1,772,000 (2021: RMB1,940,000), subject to certain conditions being fulfilled.

11. Items in profit or loss

In addition to the charges and credits disclosed elsewhere in the notes to the financial statements, other expenses also include the following charges:

	Gre	oup
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Fees to the independence auditor of the Company:		
– Audit fees	396	353
 Audit related services 	146	229
– Non-audit fees	15	30
Audit fees to alliance/affiliated firms of independent auditor of the Company	677	618
Audit fees to other independent auditors	54	52
Rental expense:		
– Short-term leases	1,078	822
 Low value assets written-off 	148	164

12. Earnings per share (loss)

The following table illustrates the numerators and denominators used to calculate basic and diluted loss per share of no par value:

	Gro	Group		
	RMB	RMB		
	Cents	Cents		
Earnings per share (loss)				
– Basic	(13.25)	(1.82)		
– Diluted	(13.25)	(1.81)		

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12. Earnings per share (loss) (Cont'd)

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Numerators:		
Loss, net of tax attributable to equity holders:		
– Basic and diluted	(67,673)	(7,326)
	No. of	shares
	'000	'000
Denominators:		
Weighted average number of equity shares – basic	510,827	402,845
Weighted average number of equity shares – diluted	510,827	404,891

Basic and diluted loss per share are calculated by dividing loss, net of tax for the reporting year attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares.

The dilutive effect derives from share options transaction (Note 24A). The diluted amount per share is based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive ordinary share equivalents outstanding during each reporting year. The ordinary share equivalents included in these calculations are: (1) the average number of ordinary shares assumed to be outstanding during the reporting year and (2) shares of ordinary share issuable upon assumed exercise of share options which (if any) would have a dilutive effect.

13. Property, plant and equipment

Group	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Software RMB′000	Total RMB′000
Cost					
At 1 January 2021	28,722	58,879	907	10	88,518
Additions	2,354	3,912	108	_	6,374
Reclassified to inventories	_	(198)	_	_	(198)
Written-off	(63)	(56)	_	_	(119)
Exchange differences		(3)			(3)
At 31 December 2021	31,013	62,534	1,015	10	94,572
Additions	1,605	2,348	_	-	3,953
Written-off	(23)	(802)	_	-	(825)
Disposals	_	(2)	_	_	(2)
Exchange differences		7			7
At 31 December 2022	32,595	64,085	1,015	10	97,705

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13. Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

<u>Group</u>	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment RMB'000	Motor vehicles RMB'000	Software RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2021	9,633	26,986	196	7	36,822
Depreciation for the year	3,219	6,380	92	2	9,693
Reclassified to inventories	_	(34)	_	_	(34)
Written-off	(30)	(31)	_	_	(61)
Exchange differences		(2)			(2)
At 31 December 2021	12,822	33,299	288	9	46,418
Depreciation for the year	3,288	6,694	97	1	10,080
Written-off	(23)	(747)	_	_	(770)
Exchange differences		5			5
At 31 December 2022	16,087	39,251	385	10	55,733
Carrying value					
At 1 January 2021	19,089	31,893	711	3	51,696
At 31 December 2021	18,191	29,235	727	1	48,154
At 31 December 2022	16,508	24,834	630		41,972

Company	Furniture, fittings and equipment RMB'000
Cost	
At 1 January 2021	64
Additions	6
Exchange differences	(3)
At 31 December 2021	67
Additions	7
Exchange differences	6
At 31 December 2022	80
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1 January 2021	40
Depreciation for the year	7
Exchange differences	(2)
At 31 December 2021	45
Depreciation for the year	9
Exchange differences	5
At 31 December 2022	59
Carrying value	
At 1 January 2021	24
At 31 December 2021	22
At 31 December 2022	21

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13. Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

Impairment testing of property, plant and equipment

Refer to Note 15 for the key assumptions used for impairment testing.

14. Right-of-use assets

<u>Group</u>	Leasehold building RMB'000	Dental clinics, hospitals, and office space RMB'000	Dormitory RMB'000	Warehouses RMB'000	Software RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost						
At 1 January 2021	6,818	49,305	225	194	1,577	58,119
Additions	_	1,289	_	_	_	1,289
Written-off	_	(432)	(74)	(194)	_	(700)
Remeasurement	_	13	_	_	_	13
Exchange differences					(72)	(72)
At 31 December 2021	6,818	50,175	151	_	1,505	58,649
Additions	_	2,836	_	_	_	2,836
Written-off	_	(1,649)	(151)	_	_	(1,800)
Remeasurement	_	(2,013)	_	_	_	(2,013)
Exchange differences					136	136_
At 31 December 2022	6,818	49,349		<u> </u>	1,641_	57,808
Accumulated depreciation	1					
At 1 January 2021	645	12,946	159	194	395	14,339
Depreciation for the year	267	6,550	42	_	194	7,053
Written-off	_	(432)	(74)	(194)	_	(700)
Remeasurement	_	(13)	_	_	_	(13)
Exchange differences					(24)	(24)
At 31 December 2021	912	19,051	127	_	565	20,655
Depreciation for the year	265	6,445	24	_	195	6,929
Written-off	_	(1,649)	(151)	_	_	(1,800)
Remeasurement	_	(791)	_	-	_	(791)
Exchange differences					60	60_
At 31 December 2022	1,177	23,056_			820	25,053
Carrying value						
At 1 January 2021	6,173	36,359	66		1,182	43,780
At 31 December 2021	5,906	31,124	24	_	940	37,994
At 31 December 2022	5,641	26,293			821	32,755

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14. Right-of-use assets (Cont'd)

Company	Software RMB'000
Cost At 1 January 2021 Exchange differences	1,577 (72)
At 31 December 2021 Exchange differences	1,505 136
At 31 December 2022	1,641
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2021 Depreciation for the year Exchange differences	394 194 (23)
At 31 December 2021 Depreciation for the year Exchange differences	565 195 60
At 31 December 2022	820
Carrying value At 1 January 2021	1,183
At 31 December 2021	940
At 31 December 2022	821

Details of leasehold building at the reporting date are as follows:

		Unexpired		Gross floor		
		lease term		area		
Description of building	Tenure	(year)	Existing use	(sq. metres)		
No.190 of Danan Street, Shenhe District,	Leasehold*	21.0*	Dental hospital	345.26		
Shenyang, Liaoning Province, PRC						

^{*} The building owned by the Group is situated on leasehold land.

Dental clinics, hospitals, and office space

The Group leases several dental clinics and hospitals, and office space for use in its operations.

Dormitory

The Group leases dormitory for staff accommodation.

Warehouses

The Group leases warehouses for storage of dental equipment and supplies.

Software

The Group leases software for primary healthcare segment.

Impairment testing of right-of-use assets

Refer to Note 15 for the key assumptions used for impairment testing.

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15. Goodwill

	Gro	up
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cost at beginning and end of the reporting year	125,219	125,219

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. Each of these cash-generating units represents the Group's integration segments as follows:

	Group	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Name of segment		
Primary healthcare		
All dental centres consisting of dental hospitals and polyclinics	115,204	115,204
Distribution of dental equipment and supplies		
Shenyang Maotai Q & M Medical Equipment Co., Ltd.	3,203	3,203
Laboratory services		
Shenyang Qingaomei Oral Restorative Technology Co., Ltd.	6,812	6,812
	125,219	125,219

The goodwill was tested for impairment at the end of the reporting year. The identification of CGUs requires significant judgment and is influenced by the manner in which management monitors the Group's operations, specifically on the integration of the primary healthcare services during the reporting year, and as to how management makes decisions about continuing or disposing of the Group's assets or operation.

The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been measured using the value in use method. The value in use is regarded as the lowest level for fair value measurement as the valuation includes inputs for the asset that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Management engaged an independent external valuation expert to assist in the impairment assessment. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and considering the historical and forecasted average dental patients' fee and patients' numbers at the dental practices including the different types of dental treatment services offered. In arriving at the key assumptions, management has also committed plans for the near future, forecasted professional dentists recruitment and deployment having regard to past performance and forecasted operating costs, capital expenditure and considered the timing of cash flows.

Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The growth rates are based on historical performance and management's committed plans in the near future. The discount rates reflect specific risks relating to the relevant segments and the countries in which they operate. The terminal growth rate was determined based on management's estimate of the long-term compound annual EBITDA growth rate, consistent with the assumptions that a market participant would make. The value in use is a recurring fair value measurement (Level 3).

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15. Goodwill (Cont'd)

The cash flow forecasts have been prepared using information derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management for the next 5 years. Management forecasted the revenue growth rates and discount rates as follows:

	Grou	Group		
	Revenue	Discount		
	growth rate ⁽¹⁾	rate ⁽²⁾		
2022				
Primary healthcare CGU	16.7%	11.5%		
Distribution CGU	10.0%	12.0%		
Laboratory services CGU	13.0%	13.0%		
2021				
Primary healthcare CGU	13.4%	11.0%		
Distribution CGU	10.0%	10.0%		
Laboratory services CGU	10.0%	9.4%		
(A)				

- (1) 5-year annual average growth rates.
- (2) Pre-tax discount rates.

Management forecasts the terminal growth rate at 3.0% (2021: 3.6%).

No impairment losses were recognised because the carrying amounts of all cash-generating units were lower than their recoverable amounts.

Primary healthcare CGU

Actual outcomes could vary from these estimates. A decrease in the 5-year annual average revenue growth rate by 810 basis points (2021: 290 basis points) could result in the recoverable amount of primary healthcare segment to be equal to the carrying amount of its CGU. If the revised estimated discount rate applied to the discounted cash flows had been 100 basis points less favourable than management's estimates, there would be a need to reduce the carrying amount of CGU by RMB40,931,000 (2021: RMB55,462,000).

Distribution CGU

Actual outcomes could vary from these estimates. A decrease in the 5-year annual average revenue growth rate by 740 basis points (2021: 284 basis points) will result in the recoverable amount of distribution segment to be equal to the carrying amount of its CGU. If the revised estimated discount rate applied to the discounted cash flows had been 100 basis points less favourable than management's estimates, there would be a need to reduce the carrying amount of CGU by RMB3,344,000 (2021: RMB13,032,000).

Laboratory services CGU

Actual outcomes could vary from these estimates. A decrease in the revenue 5-year annual average revenue growth rate by 670 basis points (2021: 642 basis points) will result in the recoverable amount of distribution segment to be equal to the carrying amount of its CGU. If the revised estimated discount rate applied to the discounted cash flows had been 100 basis points less favourable than management's estimates, there would be a need to reduce the carrying amount of CGU by RMB3,582,000 (2021: RMB4,457,000).

The cash flow forecasts have also been used for impairment assessment of the Group's property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets, and the Company's investments in subsidiaries. No impairment loss was recognised.

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16. Intangible assets

Group	Customer lists RMB'000	Software RMB'000	Work-in- progress RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Cost				
At 1 January 2021	8,136	870	291	9,297
Additions	_	674	(291)	383
Exchange differences		(20)		(20)
At 31 December 2021	8,136	1,524	-	9,660
Additions Exchange differences	_	71 38	_	71 38
<u> </u>	9.136			9,769
At 31 December 2022	8,136	1,633		9,769
Accumulated amortisation	3,620	359		3,979
At 1 January 2021 Amortisation for the year	814	98	_	912
Exchange differences	-	(10)	_	(10)
At 31 December 2021	4,434	447		4,881
Amortisation for the year	813	162	_	975
Exchange differences	-	17	_	17
At 31 December 2022	5,247	626		5,873
Carrying value				
At 1 January 2021	4,516	511	291	5,318
At 31 December 2021	3,702	1,077	_	4,779
At 31 December 2022	2,889	1,007	_	3,896
Company				Software RMB'000
Cost				
At 1 January 2021				444
Exchange differences				(20)
At 31 December 2021				424
Exchange differences				38
At 31 December 2022				462
Accumulated amortisation				
At 1 January 2021				186
Amortisation for the year				43
Exchange differences				(10)
At 31 December 2021				219
Amortisation for the year				47
Exchange differences				17
At 31 December 2022				
				283
Carrying value At 1 January 2021				258
Carrying value				
Carrying value At 1 January 2021				258

Impairment testing of intangible assets

Refer to Note 15 for the key assumptions used for impairment testing.

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17. Investments in subsidiaries

	Company		
	2022 202		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Unquoted equity interests, at cost	284,331	284,331	
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	(1,670)	(1,531)	
Foreign currency adjustments	15,719	(9,231)	
Net carrying amount	298,380	273,569	
Movements in allowance for impairment loss:			
Balance at beginning of the year	(1,531)	(1,605)	
Foreign currency adjustments	(139)	74	
Balance at end of the year	(1,670)	(1,531)	

Impairment testing of the Company's investments in subsidiaries

Refer to Note 15 for the key assumptions used for impairment testing.

17A. Listing of and information on subsidiaries

	Cost of ir	ivestment	Effective ed	quity held
Name of subsidiaries, place of operations and principal activities	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2022 %	2021 %
Held by the Company				
Q & M Dental (Shenyang) Pte. Ltd. ^{(b) (f)} 上海全民投资管理咨询有限公司 Shanghai Q & M Investment Management	168,973	154,922	100	100
& Consulting Co., Ltd. ^{(a) (h)}	129,407	118,647	100	100
	298,380	273,569		
Held through subsidiaries				
沈阳新奥医院管理有限公司				
Shenyang Xinao Hospital Management Co., 沈阳奥新全民口腔医院有限公司	Ltd. ^{(b) (g)}		100	100
Shenyang Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospita 沈阳和平全民奥新口腔门诊部有限公司	al Co., Ltd. ^(g)		100	100
Shenyang Heping Q & M Aoxin Stomatology 葫芦岛市奥新口腔门诊部有限公司	Polyclinic Co.,	Ltd. ^(g)	100	100
Huludao City Aoxin Stomatology Polyclinic C	Co., Ltd. ^(g)		100	100

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17. Investments in subsidiaries (Cont'd)

17A. Listing of and information on subsidiaries (Cont'd)

	Effective equity held	
	2022	2021
Name of subsidiaries, place of operations and principal activities	%	%
Held through subsidiaries (Cont'd)		
葫芦岛奥新全民口腔医院有限公司 Huludao Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. [©]	100	100
沈阳全鑫医疗设备租赁有限公司	100	100
Shenyang Quanxin Medical Equipment Leasing Co., Ltd. (e) (g)	100	100
盘锦金赛全民口腔有限责任公司		
Panjin Jinsai Q & M Stomatology Co., Ltd. ^(h)	100	100
盘锦精诚全民口腔有限责任公司		
Panjin Jingcheng Q & M Stomatology Co., Ltd. ^(g)	100	100
盖州市奥新全民口腔医院有限公司		
Gaizhou City Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. (h)	100	100
庄河市奥新大伟口腔有限公司 Zhuanghe City Aoxin Dawei Dental Co., Ltd. ^⑤	100	100
盘锦奥新全民口腔医院有限公司	100	100
Panjin Aoxin Quanmin Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. ^(g)	100	100
沈阳茂泰全民医疗设备有限公司		100
Shenyang Maotai Q & M Medical Equipment Co., Ltd. (d) (g)	100	100
沈阳清奥美口腔镶复技术有限公司		
Shenyang Qingaomei Oral Restorative Technology Co., Ltd. (c) (g)	100	100
沈阳全奥医疗投资管理有限公司		
Shenyang Quanao Medical Investment Management Co., Ltd. ^{(b) (h)}	99	99
沈阳沈河奥新口腔门诊部有限公司		
Shenyang Shenhe Aoxin Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd. ^(g)	100	100
大连奥新全民口腔医院有限公司 Dalian Aoxin Quanmin Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. ^⑤	100	100
葫芦岛龙港区奥新口腔门诊有限公司	100	100
Huludao Longgang District Aoxin Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd. ^(h)	100	100
鞍山立山区奥新全民口腔门诊部有限公司		
Anshan Lishan District Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd. ^(h)	100	100
锦州奥新尤信口腔门诊有限公司		
Jinzhou Aoxin Youxin Dental Clinic Co., Ltd. ^(g)	100	100
沈阳皇姑奥新口腔门诊部有限公司		
Shenyang Huanggu Aoxin Dental Clinic Co., Ltd. ^(h)	100	100
沈阳奥新金峰口腔门诊部有限公司 Shanyang Asyin linfang Dontal Clinic Co. Ltd (b)	100	100
Shenyang Aoxin Jinfeng Dental Clinic Co., Ltd. ^(h) 沈阳新创医疗科技有限公司	100	100
Shenyang Xinchuang Medical Technology Co., Ltd. ^{(c) (g)}	100	100
2, 2g		

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17. Investments in subsidiaries (Cont'd)

17A. Listing of and information on subsidiaries (Cont'd)

- (a) The principal activities of the subsidiary are provision of consultancy services.
- (b) The principal activity of the subsidiary is investment holding
- (c) The principal activities of the subsidiary are the provision of laboratory services including processing of porcelain crown, bridges and dentures, development of dental inlay technology, and provision of technical consultancy services.
- (d) The principal activities of the subsidiary are trading of medical and dental instruments and supplies, provision of investment consultancy services, and leasing of medical equipment.
- (e) The principal activities of the subsidiary are leasing of dental equipment.
- (f) Audited by RSM Chio Lim LLP.
- (g) Audited by SBA Stone Forest (Beijing) CPA Firm, an alliance firm of RSM Chio Lim LLP.
- (h) Audited by Liaoning Runzhi CPAs, a firm of accountants other than member firms of RSM International of which RSM Chio Lim LLP in Singapore is a member.

Other than Q & M Dental (Shenyang) Pte. Ltd., which is incorporated and operating in Singapore, the remaining subsidiaries are registered and operating in the PRC.

All subsidiaries are engaged in the provision of dental services unless otherwise disclosed above.

There is no subsidiary that has non-controlling interests that is considered material to the Group.

18. Investment in associate

	Group		Company	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Unquoted equity shares	74,832	125,064	74,832	146,904
Balance at beginning of the year	125,064	_	146,904	_
Additions (a)	_	147,847	_	147,847
Impairment loss (b)	(60,175)	_	(81,070)	_
Foreign exchange adjustments	8,223	(540)	8,998	(943)
Share of results for the year	1,720	1,273	-	_
Dividends		(23,516)		
Balance at end of the year	74,832	125,064	74,832	146,904

(a) On 1 November 2021, the Group acquired 3,000,000 ordinary shares of Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiary (the "Acumen Group") for \$\$29,400,000 (approximately RMB139,398,000), which was satisfied by issuance of 127,272,726 new ordinary shares of no par value in the capital of the Company at \$\$0.231 per share. The fair value of these new shares measured and recorded in the financial statements on acquisition date in accordance with relevant financial reporting standard was RMB147,847,000.

As at 31 December 2021, the fair values of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed from the acquisition were recorded on a provisional basis and were subject to change upon completion of the purchase price allocation exercise as required under SFRS(I)3 Business Combination. The purchase price allocation exercise was completed on 5 April 2022.

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18. Investments in associate (Cont'd)

The fair values of the Acumen Group's identifiable assets acquired and liabilities are as follows:

	Provisional	
	fair values	Fair values
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Property, plant and equipment	19,311	19,311
Right-of-use assets	8,716	8,716
Intangible assets	11,783	11,783
Other assets, non-current	919	919
Inventories	9,691	9,691
Trade and other receivables	79,426	79,426
Other assets, current	2,940	2,940
Cash and cash equivalents	37,859	37,859
Provision, non-current	(165)	(165)
Lease liabilities	(9,338)	(9,338)
Income tax payable and deferred tax liabilities	(17,116)	(17,116)
Trade and other payables	(48,808)	(48,808)
Net identifiable assets	95,218	95,218
Share of fair value of identifiable net assets acquired		46,657
Goodwill arising on acquisition		101,190
Purchased consideration, satisfied by shares		147,847

(b) The Group's and the Company's investment in the Acumen Group was subject to impairment assessment due to weaker performance of the associate as the principal activities of the Acumen Group are mainly COVID-19 related diagnostic tests which have been affected by the relaxation of Covid-19 control measures in many countries including Singapore. The impairment test was carried out using a discounted cash flow model covering a nine-year period. Cash flows projections are based on the next nine year budgets and plans approved by management; cash flows projections beyond that nine-year period have been extrapolated on the basis of a 3% (2021: 2%) terminal growth rate. Such a growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate of the sector. The discount rate applied (weighted average cost of capital "WACC" gross of tax effect) is 22% (2021: 20%). Management believes that any reasonably possible change in the key assumptions on which this segment's recoverable amount is based would not cause the carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount. The value in use is a recurring fair value measurement (Level 3). The quantitative information about the value in use measurement using significant unobservable inputs for the cash generating unit are consistent with those used for the measurement last performed.

Following Singapore's lifting of the Covid-19 restrictions, the Group commenced shifting from Covid-19 business activities to non-Covid-19 business activities. The Group has implemented its business development plans to increase its associate's market share as its products were only launched in late FY2022. Hence, management expects revenue to be growing at a rate higher than long-term average growth of the sector over the next nine years. In view of this, management assessed that it is reasonable to consider cash flows for a longer period until the stage when the Group has established its products in the market.

The carrying values of investment in associate of the Group and of the Company were written down by RMB60,175,000 and RMB81,070,000, respectively.

Actual outcomes could vary from these estimates. If the revised estimated discount rate applied to the discounted cash flows had been 100 basis points less favourable than management's estimates, there would be a need to reduce the carrying amount of the associate by RMB777,000.

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18. Investments in associate (Cont'd)

The associate held by the Group is listed as below:

	Effective equity held by the Group	
Name of associates, country of incorporation, place of operations and principal activities and independent auditor	2022 %	2021 %
Held by Company		
Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. (a) (c)		
Singapore	49	49
Held by Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd.		
Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd. (b) (c)		
Singapore	49	49

- a) The principal activities of the associate are medical laboratories and manufacture of medical, dental tools, instruments and supplies.
- (b) The principal activities of the company are research and experimental development on biotechnology, life and medical science.

(c) Audited by RSM Chio Lim LLP.

This associate is considered material to the Group. The summarised financial information and the amounts (and not the reporting entity's share of those amounts) based on the financial statements of the associate is as follows:

	Group		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Acumen Group			
Revenue	44,905	178,421	
Total comprehensive income	2,787	89,995	
Non-current assets	40,535	39,071	
Current assets	32,702	95,863	
Current liabilities	(5,638)	(75,735)	
Non-current liabilities	(10,259)	(10,423)	
Net assets of associate	57,340	48,776	
Interest at 49%	28,097	23,900	
Goodwill	101,190	101,190	
Foreign exchange differences	5,720	(26)	
Impairment loss	(60,175)		
Net carrying amount of interest in associate	74,832	125,064	

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19. Other receivables, non-current

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Staff loan	_	239	-	_
Subsidiary (Note 3)			6,166	7,538
		239	6,166	7,538

Other receivables from a subsidiary bear interest at 4.35% (2021: 4.35%) per annum. The amounts are unsecured and repayable on 19 May 2024.

Other receivables are regarded as of low credit risk if they have a low risk of default and the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. The methodology applied for impairment loss depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. No estimated credit loss allowance is necessary.

20. Inventories

	Gro	Group		
	2022	2021		
	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Dental and medical supplies	3,977	4,309		
Finished goods and goods for resale	6,212	6,443		
Raw materials	924	843		
	11,113	11,595		

There are no inventories pledged as securities for liabilities.

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21. Trade and other receivables, current

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
<u>Trade receivables</u>				
Outside parties	26,085	30,063	-	70
Subsidiaries (Note 3)	_	_	10,219	6,600
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(1,164)	(1,112)		
	24,921	28,951	10,219	6,670
Other receivables				
Outside parties	5,054	4,350	2	2
Staff loans	2,239	2,000	_	_
Deposits paid to suppliers	1,642	2,657	_	_
Dividend receivable from associate	_	23,085	_	23,085
Subsidiary (Note 3)			702	391
	8,935	32,092	704	23,478
	33,856	61,043	10,923	30,148
Movements in above allowance				
Balance at beginning of the year	1,112	925	_	_
Charge to profit or loss	52	188	_	_
Bad debts written-off		(1)		
Balance at end of the year	1,164	1,112	_	_

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition. The Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and determines credit limits to be allowed before accepting any new customer. Credit limits granted to customers are reviewed regularly. Subsidiaries receivables are regarded as of low credit risk if they are guaranteed with the ability to settle the amount.

Loss allowance for trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The ECL on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix, and by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date.

A trade receivable is written-off when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or when the trade receivables are over two years past due, whichever occurs earlier. None of the trade receivables that have been written-off is subject to enforcement activities.

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21. Trade and other receivables, current (Cont'd)

The Group's credit risk exposure in relation to trade receivables are set out in the provision matrix as follows:

		Past due				
<u>Group</u>	Current RMB'000	Within 30 days RMB'000	31 to 60 days RMB'000	61 to 90 days RMB'000	More than 90 days RMB'000	Total RMB'000
2022 ECL rate (%)	0.2%	1.6%	18.8%	19.9%	55.8%	4.5%
Trade receivables – gross Loss allowance	21,249 (45) 21,204	2,517 (40) 2,477	329 (62) 267	262 (52) 210	1,728 (965) 763	26,085 (1,164) 24,921
2021 ECL rate (%)	1.0%	9.2%	5.1%	16.8%	25.7%	3.7%
Trade receivables – gross Loss allowance	23,696 (235) 23,461	3,278 (302) 2,976	973 (50) 923	208 (35) 173	1,908 (490) 1,418	30,063 (1,112) 28,951

The Group has many varied customers and which are considered to have low credit risk individually. The trade receivables shown above are subject to the expected credit loss model under the financial reporting standard on financial instruments. At the end of the reporting year, a loss allowance of RMB1,164,000 (2021: RMB1,112,000) is recognised.

There is no collateral held as security and other credit enhancements for the trade receivables.

As part of the process of setting customer credit limits, different credit terms are used. The average credit period generally granted to outside party trade receivable customers is about 30 days (2021: 30 days). The Group's dental hospitals and clinics do not generally grant credit as services are usually settled in cash, "Yi Bao" (i.e. 中华人民共和国医疗保险), which is the PRC's social health insurance, and credit card payments. The trade receivables are mainly credit card payments that take a few days to settle. Subsidiaries engaged in the trading of dental surgery materials and equipment, and provision of laboratory services generally grant credit term of 30 days to 180 days (2021: 30 days to 180 days) to their customers.

Concentration of trade receivable customers as at the end of reporting year:

	Gro	Group		
	2022	2021		
	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Top 1 customer	2,417	3,387		
Top 2 customers	4,812	5,551		
Top 3 customers	6,824	7,462		

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21. Trade and other receivables, current (Cont'd)

Other receivables

Other receivables, including staff loans, are non-trade in nature, non-interest bearing, unsecured and repayable on demand or within the next twelve months from the reporting date.

Other receivables at amortised cost shown above are subject to the expected credit loss model under the financial reporting standard on financial instruments. Other receivables are normally with no fixed terms and therefore there is no maturity. Other receivables are regarded as of low credit risk if they have a low risk of default and the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. The methodology applied for impairment allowance depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

The deposits have been assessed to be placed with counterparties that are creditworthy and accordingly, no allowance for non-recovery of these deposits is required.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting year in assessing the loss allowance for trade and other receivables.

22. Other non-financial assets

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-current				
Sign-on bonus	134	177	134	177
Others		14		
	134	191	134	177
Current				
Sign-on bonus	59	54	59	54
Prepayments	1,523	1,409	101	93
Income tax recoverable	23	19		
	1,605	1,482	160	147
	1,739	1,673	294	324

The sign-on bonus relates to payments made to Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Group, Dr. Shao Yongxin, in relation to a 12-year service agreement before the date of the public listing of the Company.

Prepayments relate to partial payments in advance to non-trade suppliers.

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23. Cash and cash equivalents

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Not restricted in use	39,429	24,370	20,401	6,938

The interest earning balances are not significant.

RMB is not freely convertible into foreign currencies. The remittance of these funds maintained with banks in the PRC by the Group out of the PRC is subject to currency exchange restrictions. The amounts totalled RMB18,374,000 (2021: RMB16,597,000).

23A. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

	Beginning of the year RMB'000	Cash flows RMB'000	Non-cash changes RMB'000	End of the year RMB'000
Group				
2022 Borrowings Bill payables Lease liabilities	12,436 6,188 34,996 53,620	(11,341) (3,588) (7,648) (22,577)	523 ^(a) - 3,702 4,225	1,618 2,600 31,050 35,268
2021				
Borrowings	14,814	(1,746)	(632) ^(a)	12,436
Bill payables	2,843	3,345	_	6,188
Lease liabilities	39,216	(7,756)	3,536	34,996
	56,873	(6,157)	2,904	53,620

⁽a) Due to foreign exchange differences.

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24. Share capital

	Group and Company			
	Number of			
	shares issued	Share capital		
	′000	RMB'000		
Ordinary shares of no par value				
Balance as at 1 January 2021	381,575	295,356		
Issuance of new shares ^(a)	127,273	147,847		
Balance as at 31 December 2021	508,848	443,203		
Issuance of new shares ^(b)	2,441	2,270		
Balance as at 31 December 2022	511,289	445,473		

- (a) On 1 November 2021, the Company issued 127,272,726 new ordinary shares at \$\$0.231 per share at no par value to Acumen Holdings Pte. Ltd. and Dr. Ong Siew Hwa as consideration for the acquisition of 49% shareholdings in Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. The fair value of the shares issued was RMB147,847,000. These new shares are measured and recorded in the financial statements at their fair value on acquisition date (1 November 2021) in accordance with relevant financial reporting standards.
- (b) On 8 March 2022, the Company issued 2,441,000 new ordinary shares at \$\$0.20 per share to Mr You Zhongjiang, held in trust by Honour Pte. Ltd. in accordance with PRC legal requirements as Mr You Zhongjiang is a PRC national, pursuant to the exercise of the options granted under the Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme in relation to the acquisition of 100% equity interest in Youxin Dental Clinic.

The ordinary shares of no par value are fully paid, carry one vote each and have no right to fixed income.

Capital management

In order to maintain its listing on the Singapore Exchange, the Company has to have share capital with a free float of at least 10% of the shares. The Company met the capital requirement on its initial listing and the rules limiting treasury share purchases mean it will continue to satisfy that requirement, as it did throughout the reporting year. Management receives a report from the share registrars frequently on substantial share interest showing the non-free float to ensure continuing compliance with the 10% limit throughout the reporting year.

The objectives when managing capital are: to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for owners and benefits for other stakeholders, and to provide an adequate return to owners by pricing the sales commensurately with the level of risk.

The management sets the amount of capital to meet its requirements and the risk taken. There were no changes in the approach to capital management during the reporting year. The management manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it where necessary or possible in the light of changes in conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the management may adjust the amount of dividends paid to owners, return capital to owners, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity (that is, share capital and reserves).

The management monitors the capital on the basis of the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net (cash)/debt/adjusted capital (as shown below). Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

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24. Share capital (Cont'd)

	Group		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Net (cash)/debt			
All current and non-current borrowings including leases	35,268	53,620	
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(39,429)	(24,370)	
	(4,161)	29,250	
Adjusted capital			
Total equity	310,526	363,886	
Debt-to-adjusted capital ratio	N.M.	8.04%	

There are material borrowings but with a relatively large cash and cash equivalent base. The debt-to-adjusted capital ratio may not provide a meaningful indicator of the risk from borrowings.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the current and previous reporting years.

The subsidiaries incorporated in the PRC are subject to currency exchange restrictions on the remittance of funds out of the PRC.

24A. Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme

The Company has adopted a long-term employee incentive scheme known as Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme") that was approved by its shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 9 January 2019. The Scheme will expire on 8 January 2029.

Under the Scheme, the aggregate number of shares arising from options which the ESOS Committee may grant on any date, when added to the number of shares allotted and issued in respect of (i) all options and awards granted under the Scheme and the Aoxin Q & M Performance Share Plan, and (ii) all options or awards granted under other incentive schemes or share plans adopted by the Company and for the time being in force, shall not exceed 15% of the issued share capital (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) of the Company on the day immediately preceding the date of grant of the option.

Since the adoption of the Scheme till the date of this statement:

- No options have been granted to the controlling shareholders of the Company and their associates;
- No options were granted to the directors of the Company;
- No participant has received 5% or more of the total number of options available under the Scheme;
- No options that entitle the holder to participate, by virtue of the options, in any share issue of any other corporation have been granted; and
- No options have been granted at a discount.

On 20 January 2020, the Company granted 2,441,000 options to one of the principal dentists of Jinzhou Aoxin Youxin Dental Clinic Co. Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, to subscribe for 2,441,000 ordinary shares of the Company at an exercise price of S\$0.20 per share, which is equal to the average of the last dealt prices of the shares on the SGX-ST over the five (5) consecutive market days immediately preceding the date of grant (the "2020 Options").

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24. Share capital (Cont'd)

24A. Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme (Cont'd)

The 2020 Options are exercisable one year from the date of grant and will expire on 20 January 2030. The 2020 Options may be exercised in full or in respect of 1,000 shares or a multiple thereof, on payment of the exercise price at any time after one year from the date of grant of the 2020 Options, subject to the new shares upon exercise of the 2020 Options being moratorised up to 30 September 2022.

As at 31 December 2022, there were no outstanding share options (2021: 2,441,000).

The options granted by the Company do not entitle the holders of the options, by virtue of such holding, to any rights to participate in any share issue of any other company.

The Company does not have a parent company. Therefore, the disclosure required under Catalist Rule 851(1)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), (c)(i) and (d) are not applicable.

24B. Aoxin Q & M Performance Share Plan

The Company has adopted the Aoxin Q & M Performance Share Plan (the "Plan") that was approved by its shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 9 January 2019. The Plan will expire on 8 January 2029

Under the Plan, the aggregate number of shares arising from awards which the PSP Committee may grant on any date, when added to the number of shares allotted and issued in respect of (i) all options and awards granted under the Scheme and the Plan, and (ii) all options or awards granted under other incentive schemes or share plans adopted by the Company and for the time being in force, shall not exceed 15% of the issued share capital (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) of the Company on the day immediately preceding the date of grant of the award.

The objective of the Plan is to incentivise participants to excel in their performance and encourage greater dedication and loyalty to the Company. Full-time executives (including executive directors) of the Company, its subsidiary companies or associated companies who hold such rank as may be designated by the PSP Committee from time to time and non-executive directors are eligible to participate in the Plan.

Under the Plan, performance target(s), which shall be set according to the specific roles of the participant, will be at the discretion of the PSP Committee.

On 20 January 2020, the Company granted awards in respect of 960,565 performance shares to one of the principal dentists of Anshan Lishan District Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, that will vest in accordance with the vesting schedules each commencing on 1 January 2020 and ending on 31 December 2029, subject to certain vesting conditions. As at 31 December 2022, the total number of performance shares that remained outstanding and unvested was 960,565 (2021: 960,565).

The Company does not have a parent company. Therefore, the disclosure required under Catalist Rule 851(1)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), (c)(i) and (d) are not applicable.

Accounting for the share plans

The measurement of fair value for the PSP granted is based on the estimate of the grant date fair value using Black-Scholes option pricing model (Level 3).

The measurement of the fair value for the share option granted is based on share price at grant date. There is no material difference in the weighted average exercise price during the reporting year.

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25. Other reserves

	Group		Com	pany
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Statutory reserve (Note 25A)	8,763	8,535	-	_
Share-based payment reserve (Note 25B) Foreign currency translation reserve	7,282	6,515	7,282	6,515
(Note 25C)	13,590	2,312	29,522	(7,130)
Other reserve (Note 25D)	(71,920)	(71,920)		
	(42,285)	(54,558)	36,804	(615)

All reserves classified on the face of the statement of financial position as retained earnings represent past accumulated earnings and are distributable as cash dividends. The other reserves are not available for cash dividends unless realised.

25A. Statutory reserve

In accordance with the relevant regulations in the PRC, the subsidiaries in the Group incorporated in the PRC are required to transfer a certain percentage of the profit after tax, if any, to a statutory reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. Subject to certain restrictions as set in the relevant PRC regulations, the statutory reserve which is not available for appropriation may be used to offset the accumulated losses, if any, of the subsidiaries.

25B. Share-based payment reserve

	Group and Company		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
At beginning of the year	6,515	5,095	
Expense recognised in profit or loss, net (Note 7)	767	1,420	
At end of the year	7,282	6,515	

The share-based payment reserve comprises:

- (a) Shares subscription by Honour Pte. Ltd. The share issue price of \$\$0.12 (equivalent to RMB0.59) is \$\$0.08 (RMB0.39) lower than the IPO price of \$\$0.20 (RMB0.98). As prescribed in the agreement dated 11 July 2017 which was signed between the Company and Honour Pte. Ltd., eligible employees in the Group shall not sell or dispose of the shares within 5 years from 14 July 2017. Hence, the difference between the issue price and IPO price amounting to RMB6,400,000 (\$\$1,308,000) is amortised to profit or loss over 5 years as share-based payments.
- (b) Cumulative value of employee services received for the issue of share awards. When share awards vested, the cumulative amount in the share-based payment reserve which relates to the valuable consideration received in the form of employee services is transferred to share capital/reserve for own shares. See Note 24A and Note 24B for the detail of Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme and Aoxin Q & M Performance Share Plan respectively.

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25. Other reserves (Cont'd)

25C. Foreign currency translation reserve

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At beginning of the year	2,312	3,712	(7,130)	7,792
Exchange differences on translating foreign				
operations	11,278	(1,400)	36,652	(14,922)
At end of the year	13,590	2,312	29,522	(7,130)

The foreign currency translation reserve represents exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of the Company and a subsidiary, whose functional currency is in Singapore Dollar, to the Group's presentation currency.

25D. Other reserve

Other reserve relates to the excess of the fair value of the shares issued over the net assets of the remaining equity interests in the subsidiaries acquired prior to 31 December 2016.

	Gro	Group		
	2022	2021		
	RMB'000	RMB'000		
At beginning and end of the year	(71,920)	(71,920)		

26. Trade and other payables

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade payables				
Outside parties and accrued liabilities	14,990	15,347	3,359	2,562
Other payables				
Subsidiary (Note 3)	_	_	_	2
Contract liabilities	3,075	3,265	_	_
Outside parties	5,081	2,745		9
	8,156	6,010		11
	23,146	21,357	3,359	2,573

The contract liabilities are advance considerations received from customers. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue as and when the Group satisfies the performance obligations under its contracts and these are expected within a year.

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27. Other financial liabilities

	Group		Com	pany
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Bank loans (unsecured) (Note 27A)	1,618	12,436	1,618	12,436
Bills payable (secured) (Note 27B)	2,600	6,188		
	4,218	18,624	1,618	12,436
Presented in the statement of financial position as follows:				
Non-current	979	8,982	979	8,982
Current	3,239	9,642	639	3,454
	4,218	18,624	1,618	12,436

27A. Bank loans (unsecured)

The unsecured bank loan is a 5-year temporary bridging loan extended by a bank in Singapore.

27B. Bills payables (secured)

The bills payables bear floating interest rate ranges from 4.60% to 5.46% (2021: 4.78% to 5.65%) per annum. They are repayable within 6 to 12 months (2021: 6 to 12 months).

Bill payables amounting to RMB2,200,000 (2021: RMB4,870,000) is secured by a pledge of a subsidiary's property and corporate guarantees of two subsidiaries in the Group. Bill payable amounting to RMB400,000 (2021: RMB330,000) is secured by corporate guarantee of the Company. The remaining amount of RMB988,000 as at 31 December 2021 was secured by corporate guarantee from the Company and pledge of certain trade receivables of the Group.

28. Lease liabilities

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-current	22,630	28,447	742	835
Current	8,420	6,549	205	209
	31,050	34,996	947	1,044

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liabilities.

The leases are for dental and medical clinics and office premises. The lease contracts are usually for fixed periods of 1.0 to 11.0 years but may have extension options. Lease terms contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

The lease liability above does not include the short-term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets. Variable lease payments which do not depend on an index or a rate or based on a percentage of revenue are not included from the initial measurement of the lease liability and the right-of-use assets.

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28. Lease liabilities (Cont'd)

Lease liabilities under operating leases are secured by the right-of-use assets because these will revert to the lessor in the event of default.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities recognised is between 5.2% and 6.4% (2021: 5.2% and 6.4%) per annum.

A summary of the maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in Note 31E. Total cash outflows from leases are shown in the statement of cash flows. The related right-of-use assets are disclosed in Note 14.

Apart from the disclosures made in other notes to the financial statements, amounts relating to leases include the following:

	Gro	Group		
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000		
Expense relating to short-term leases included in other expenses Expense relating to leases of low-value assets included in other expenses	1,078 148	822 164		
Total commitments on short-term leases at year end date	58	155		

Total cash outflows for all leases in the year amount to RMB7,648,000 (2021: RMB7,756,000).

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's short-term lease commitments at the reporting date are not substantially dissimilar to those giving rise to the Group's short-term lease expense for the year.

29. Operating lease income commitment – as lessor

A maturity analysis of the undiscounted non-cancellable lease amounts to be received on an annual basis for a minimum of each of the first five years and a total of the amounts for the remaining years is as follows:

	Gro	Group	
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Between 1 and 2 years	1,100	183	
Between 2 and 3 years	183		
	1,283	183	

The Group leases out equipment to a non-related party under operating leases. These leases are classified as operating lease because the risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets are not substantially transferred.

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30. Capital commitments

At the end of the reporting year, estimated amounts committed for future capital expenditure but not recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

	Gro	Group	
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Commitments to purchase dental equipment	378		

31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks

31A. Categories of financial assets and liabilities

The following table categorises the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at the end of the reporting year:

	Group		Com	pany
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
<u>Financial assets</u> Financial assets at amortised cost	73,285	85,652	37,490	44,624
<u>Financial liabilities</u> Financial liabilities at amortised cost	55,339	71,712	5,924	16,053

Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

31B. Financial risk management

The main purpose for holding or issuing financial instruments is to raise and manage the finances for the entity's operating, investing and financing activities. There are exposures to the financial risks on the financial instruments such as credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk comprising interest rate and currency risk exposures. Management has certain practices for the management of financial risks. The guidelines set up the short and long term objectives and action to be taken in order to manage the financial risks. The guidelines include the following:

- Minimise interest rate, currency, credit and market risks for all kinds of transactions.
- Maximise the use of "natural hedge": favouring as much as possible the natural off-setting of sales and costs and payables and receivables denominated in the same currency and therefore put in place hedging strategies only for the excess balance (if necessary). The same strategy is pursued with regard to interest rate risk.
- All financial risk management activities are carried out and monitored by senior management staff.
- All financial risk management activities are carried out following acceptable market practices.

There have been no changes to the exposure to risk, the objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk and the methods used to measure the risk.

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31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks (Cont'd)

31C. Fair values of financial instruments

The analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements. These include the significant financial instruments stated at amortised cost and at fair value in the statement of financial position. The carrying values of current financial instruments approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments and the disclosures of fair value are not made when the carrying amount of current financial instruments is a reasonable approximation of the fair value.

31D. Credit risk on financial assets

Financial assets that are potentially subject to concentrations of credit risk and failures by counterparties to discharge their obligations in full or in a timely manner. These arise principally from cash balances with banks, receivables and other financial assets. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the total of the fair value of the financial assets at the end of the reporting year. Credit risk on cash balances with banks and any other financial instruments is limited because the counter-parties are entities with acceptable credit ratings.

For ECL on financial assets, the general approach (three-stage approach) in the financial reporting standard on financial instruments is applied to measure the impairment allowance. Under this general approach the financial assets move through the three stages as their credit quality changes. On initial recognition, a day-one loss is recorded equal to the 12-month ECL unless the assets are considered credit impaired. However, the simplified approach (that is, to measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL at initial recognition and throughout its life) permitted by the financial reporting standards on financial instruments is applied for financial assets that do not have a significant financing component, such as trade receivables and contract assets. For credit risk on trade receivables, contract assets and other financial assets an ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of the debtors and an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Reviews and assessments of credit exposures in excess of designated limits are made. Renewals and reviews of credits limits are subject to the same review process.

Note 23 discloses the maturity of the cash and cash equivalents balances. Cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of the standard on financial instruments. There was no identified impairment loss.

31E. Liquidity risk - financial liabilities maturity analysis

Liquidity risk refers to the difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. It is expected that all the liabilities will be settled at their contractual maturity.

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31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks (Cont'd)

31E. Liquidity risk – financial liabilities maturity analysis (Cont'd)

The following table analyses the financial liabilities at the end of the reporting year by remaining contractual maturity (contractual undiscounted cash flows).

	Carrying amount	Within 1 year	Within 2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Group	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
2022					
Trade and other payables	23,146	23,146	_	_	23,146
Other financial liabilities	4,218	3,268	1,003	-	4,271
Lease liabilities	31,050	10,069	23,351	2,380	35,800
	58,414	36,483	24,354	2,380	63,217
2021					
Trade and other payables	21,357	21,357	_	_	21,357
Other financial liabilities	18,624	9,886	9,245	_	19,131
Lease liabilities	34,996	8,129	25,841	4,899	38,869
	74,977	39,372	35,086	4,899	79,357
Company					
2022					
Trade and other payables	3,359	3,359	_	_	3,359
Other financial liabilities	1,618	668	1,003	_	1,671
Lease liabilities	947	264	836		1,100
	5,924	4,291	1,839		6,130
2021					
Trade and other payables	2,573	2,573	_	_	2,573
Other financial liabilities	12,436	3,698	9,245	_	12,943
Lease liabilities	1,044	263	1,053		1,316
	16,053	6,534	10,298		16,832

The undiscounted amounts on the borrowings with fixed and floating interest rates are determined by reference to the conditions existing at the reporting date.

The average credit period taken to settle current trade payables is about 60 to 120 days (2021: 60 to 120 days). The classification of the financial assets is shown in the statement of financial position as they may be available to meet liquidity needs and no further analysis is deemed necessary.

Financial guarantee contracts – For issued financial guarantee contracts the maximum amount of the guarantee is allocated to the earliest period (being on demand) in which the guarantee could be called. At the end of the reporting year no claims on the financial guarantees are expected to be payable.

31 DECEMBER 2022

31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks (Cont'd)

31E. Liquidity risk – financial liabilities maturity analysis (Cont'd)

The following table shows the maturity analysis of the contingent liabilities from financial guarantees:

	Within 1 year	
	2022 2021	
Company	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial guarantee contracts – bank guarantee in favour of subsidiaries	400	6,188

Financial guarantee contracts if significant are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently measured at the higher of (a) the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance the financial reporting standard on financial instruments or (b) the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of the financial reporting standard on revenue from contracts with customers.

31F. Interest rate risk

The Group is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

31G. Foreign currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group transacts business in various foreign currencies, including the Singapore Dollar, United States Dollar and Chinese Renminbi, and therefore is exposed to foreign exchange risk.

The Group's and the Company's exposures to currency risks are as follows:

	Singapore Dollar		United Sta	ites Dollar
Group	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial assets				
Cash and bank balances	15,817	5,002	417	384
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	(3,378)	(2,590)	-	_
Other financial liabilities	(1,617)	(12,436)	-	_
Lease liabilities	(947)	(1,044)		
	(5,942)	(16,070)		
Net currency exposure on financial assets				
and (financial liabilities)	9,875	(11,068)	417	384

31 DECEMBER 2022

31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks (Cont'd)

31G. Foreign currency risk (Cont'd)

	Chinese Renminbi		United States Dollar	
Company	2022 2021		2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial assets				
Trade and other receivables	10,220	6,600	-	-
Cash and bank balances	4,827	2,391	265	245
Net currency exposure on financial assets	15,047	8,991	265	245

Sensitivity analysis:

<u>Group</u>	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
A hypothetical 10% (2021: 10%) strengthening in the exchange rate of Chinese Renminbi against the Singapore Dollar with all other variables held constant would have an (adverse) favourable effect on pre-tax profit of:	(988)	1,107
A hypothetical 10% (2021: 10%) strengthening in the exchange rate of Chinese Renminbi against the United States Dollar with all other variables held constant would have an adverse effect on pre-tax profit of:	(42)	(38)
Company A hypothetical 10% (2021: 10%) strengthening in the exchange rate of the functional currency Singapore Dollar against Chinese Renminbi with all other variables held constant would have an adverse effect on pre-tax profit of:	(1,505)	(899)
A hypothetical 10% (2021: 10%) strengthening in the exchange rate of the functional currency Singapore Dollar against the United States Dollar with all other variables held constant would have an adverse effect on pre-tax profit of:	(27)	(25)

The above table shows sensitivity to the hypothetical percentage variations in the functional currency against the relevant non-functional foreign currencies. The sensitivity rate used is the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. For similar rate weakening of the functional currency against the relevant foreign currencies above, there would be comparable impacts in the opposite direction.

The hypothetical changes in exchange rates are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). The sensitivity analysis is disclosed for each non-functional currency to which the entity has significant exposure at end of the reporting year. The analysis above has been carried out on the basis that there are no hedged transactions.

In management's opinion, the above sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the foreign currency risks as the historical exposure does not reflect the exposure in future.

31 DECEMBER 2022

32. Changes and adoption of financial reporting standards

For the current reporting year new or revised financial reporting standards were issued by the Singapore Accounting Standards Council. Those applicable to the Group are listed below.

SFRS(I) No.	Title
SFRS(I) 1-16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use – Amendments
SFRS(I) 3	Definition of a Business – Reference to the Conceptual Framework –
	Amendments
Various	Annual Improvements to SFRS(I)s 2018-2020 – Amendments to SFRS(I) 1
	First-time Adoption of SFRS(I); IFRS 9 Financial Instruments; SFRS(I) 16 Leases,
	and; SFRS(I) 1-41 Agriculture

The above applicable new or revised standards did not require any significant modification of the measurement methods or the presentation in the financial statements.

33. New or amended standards in issue but not yet effective

For the future reporting years certain new or revised financial reporting standards were issued by the Singapore Accounting Standards Council and these will only be effective for future reporting years. Those applicable to the Group for future reporting years are listed below.

SFRS(I) No.	Title	Effective date for periods beginning on or after
SFRS(I) 1-1	Presentation of Financial Statements- amendment relating to Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
SFRS(I) 1-1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies – Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 and SFRS(I) Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements	1 January 2023
SFRS(I) 1-8	Definition of Accounting Estimates – Amendments	1 January 2023
SFRS(I) 1-12 SFRS(I) 1	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction – Amendments	1 January 2023
SFRS(I)10 and SFRS(I) 1-28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between and Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined

The transfer to the applicable new or revised standards from the effective dates is not expected to result in any significant modification of the measurement methods or the presentation in the financial statements for the following year from the known or reasonably estimable information relevant to assessing the possible impact that application of the new or revised standards may have on the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.

STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 15 MARCH 2023

Class of shares : Ordinary Shares

Voting rights : One vote per ordinary share

Number of issued shares : 511,288,635

Number of treasury shares : NIL Number of subsidiary holding : NIL

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS BY SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 15 MARCH 2023

	No. of		No. of	
Size of Shareholdings	Shareholders	<u></u> %	Shares	%
1 – 99	1	0.14	10	0.00
100 – 1,000	203	28.15	193,200	0.04
1,001 – 10,000	193	26.77	1,073,400	0.21
10,001 - 1,000,000	298	41.33	34,708,525	6.79
1,000,001 and above	26	3.61	475,313,500	92.96
Total	721	100.00	511,288,635	100.00

LIST OF 20 LARGEST REGISTERED SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 15 MARCH 2023

No.	Name	No. of Shares	%
1	Q & M DENTAL GROUP (SINGAPORE) LIMITED	167,670,838	32.79
2	HEALTH FIELD ENTERPRISES LIMITED	109,401,709	21.40
3	ONG SIEW HWA (WANG XIUHUA)	88,021,818	17.22
4	UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD	21,292,800	4.16
5	MAYBANK SECURITIES PTE. LTD.	16,947,208	3.31
6	FINEST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	10,516,320	2.06
7	MOUNTAIN LIMITED	7,265,605	1.42
8	LIM KUO KAE	5,811,800	1.14
9	EXCLUSIVE INNOVATION PTE LTD	5,658,490	1.11
10	TAN LEE MENG	5,635,321	1.10
11	EXCELLENT WARSHIP INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	5,502,969	1.08
12	WEIXIA PTE LTD	3,754,781	0.73
13	OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LTD	3,172,000	0.62
14	LEO KAH WEI ANDREW	3,010,049	0.59
15	PONG CHEN YIH (FENG ZENGYU)	3,010,049	0.59
16	KWONG SIEW KIEN	2,634,800	0.52
17	HONOUR PTE. LTD.	2,441,000	0.48
18	JOYCE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	2,026,471	0.40
19	HC SURGICAL SPECIALISTS LIMITED	1,748,827	0.34
20	SHINEX CAPITAL PTE LTD	1,748,827	0.34
		467,271,682	91.40

STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 15 MARCH 2023

SHAREHOLDINGS HELD IN THE HANDS OF PUBLIC

Based on information available to the Company as at 15 March 2023, approximately 28.04% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company were held in the hands of the public. Accordingly, Rule 723 of the Catalist Rules, is complied with.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

		Direct Interest		Deemed Interest		
		Number of		Number of		
No.	Name	Shares	% ⁽¹⁾	Shares	% ⁽¹⁾	
1.	Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited	167,670,838	32.79	_	_	
2.	Health Field Enterprises Limited	109,401,709	21.40	_	_	
3.	Dr. Ong Siew Hwa	88,021,818	17.22	_	_	
4.	Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd. (2)(3)	2,562,800	0.50	167,670,838	32.79	
5.	Dr. Ng Chin Siau ⁽⁴⁾	163,300	0.03	170,243,638	33.30	
6.	Dr. Shao Yongxin ⁽⁵⁾	_	_	109,401,709	21.40	
7.	Action Health Enterprises Limited ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	_	_	109,401,709	21.40	

Notes:

- (1) The percentage shareholding interest is computed based on 511,288,635 shares as at 15 March 2023.
- (2) Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd. is deemed to be interested in Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited's shares by virtue of its 53.09% shareholdings in Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited.
- (3) 2,000,000 shares of the direct interest of Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd. are held through the nominee account with OCBC Securities Private Limited.
- (4) Dr. Ng Chin Siau is deemed interested in an aggregate of 170,233,638 shares held by Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited and Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd. by virtue of his 49.80% shareholding in Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd.. He is also deemed interested in 10,000 shares held by his spouse, Madam Foo Siew Jiuan.
- (5) Dr. Shao Yongxin is deemed interested in Health Field Enterprises Limited's shares by virtue of his 100% indirect shareholding in Health Field Enterprises Limited.
- (6) Health Field Enterprises Limited is an investment holding company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. Health Field Enterprises Limited is 100% held by Action Health Enterprises Limited, an investment holding company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, which is in turn 100% held by Dr. Shao Yongxin.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited (the "**Company**") will be held at 2 Clementi Loop, #03-02 Singapore 129809 on Wednesday, 26 April 2023 at 2.30 p.m. (the "**AGM**") for the following purposes:

Ordinary Business

- 1. To receive and adopt Statement by Directors and Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 together with the Independent Auditors' Report thereon. (Resolution 1)
- 2. To approve the payment of Directors' fees of \$\$241,000 for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: \$\$145,000). (Resolution 2)
- 3. To re-elect Mr. Chua Ser Miang who is retiring pursuant to Regulation 117 of the Company's Constitution.

(Resolution 3)

[see Explanatory Note (i)]

4. To re-elect Mr. Lin Ming Khin who is retiring pursuant to Regulation 117 of the Company's Constitution.

(Resolution 4)

[see Explanatory Note (ii)]

5. To re-elect Ms. Ng Sook Hwa who is retiring pursuant to Regulation 122 of the Company's Constitution.

(Resolution 5)

[see Explanatory Note (iii)]

- 6. To note the retirement of Mr. Vitters Sim Yu Xiong as Director of the Company at the conclusion of the AGM.
- 7. To re-appoint Messrs RSM Chio Lim LLP as the Company's Auditors and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. (Resolution 6)
- 8. To transact any other ordinary business which may properly be transacted at an annual general meeting.

Special Business

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions, with or without any modifications:

9. Authority to allot and issue shares

That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore (the "Act") and Rule 806 of the Listing Manual (Section B: Rules of Catalist) ("Catalist Rules") of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST"), the Directors of the Company be authorised and empowered to:

- (I) (a) allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company ("**Shares**") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
 - (b) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require Shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures, convertible securities or other instruments convertible into Shares,

at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit; and

- (II) (notwithstanding that the authority conferred by this resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue Shares in pursuance of any Instrument made or granted by the Directors while this resolution was in force, provided that:
 - (a) the aggregate number of Shares to be allotted and issued (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted) pursuant to this resolution, shall not exceed one hundred per cent (100%) of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (b) below), of which the aggregate number of Shares to be allotted and issued (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted) other than on a *pro rata* basis to the existing shareholders of the Company shall not exceed fifty per cent (50%) of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (b) below);
 - (b) (subject to such manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the SGX-ST) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of Shares (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of the Instruments, made or granted pursuant to this resolution) that may be issued under sub-paragraph (a) above, the percentage of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) shall be based on the Company's total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) at the time this resolution is passed, after adjusting for:
 - (i) new Shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities;
 - (ii) new Shares arising from exercising of share options or vesting of share awards, provided the share options or share awards (as the case may be) were granted in compliance with Part VIII of Chapter 8 of the Catalist Rules; and
 - (iii) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares;

Adjustments in accordance with Rule 806(3)(a) or Rule 806(3)(b) are only to be made in respect of new shares arising from convertible securities, share options or share awards which were issued and outstanding or subsisting at the time of the passing of the resolution approving the mandate;

- (c) in exercising the authority conferred by this resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Catalist Rules for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST), and all applicable legal requirements under the Act and the Company's Constitution for the time being; and
- (d) the authority conferred by this resolution shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in a general meeting, continue to be in force until the conclusion of the Company's next annual general meeting or the date by which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is earlier. (Resolution 7)

[see Explanatory Note (iv)]

10. Authority to allot and issue shares under the Aoxin Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme (the "Scheme") and Aoxin Q & M Performance Shares Plan (the "Share Plan")

That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore, the Directors of the Company be authorised and empowered to offer and grant share options in accordance with the provisions of the Scheme to allot and issue and/or deliver from time to time such number of fully paid-up shares as may be required to be issued or delivered pursuant to the exercise of share options under the Scheme, the aggregate number of shares available pursuant to the Scheme, the Share Plan and any other share-based schemes (if any) of the Company, shall not exceed 15% of the total issued shares of the Company (excluding any treasury shares) from time to time, and the authority conferred by this resolution shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in a general meeting, continue to be in force until the conclusion of the Company's next annual general meeting or the date by which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is earlier.

(Resolution 8)
[see Explanatory Note (v)]

That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore, the Directors of the Company be authorised and empowered to offer and grant share awards in accordance with the provisions of the Share Plan and to allot and issue and/or deliver from time to time such number of fully paid-up shares as may be required to be issued or delivered pursuant to the vesting of awards under the Share Plan, provided the aggregate number of shares available pursuant to the Scheme, the Share Plan and any other share-based schemes (if any) of the Company, shall not exceed 15% of the total issued shares of the Company (excluding any treasury shares) from time to time, and the authority conferred by this resolution shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in a general meeting, continue to be in force until the conclusion of the Company's next annual general meeting or the date by which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is earlier.

(Resolution 9)

[see Explanatory Note (v)]

By Order of the Board

Dr. Shao YongxinExecutive Director and
Group Chief Executive Officer

Singapore, 11 April 2023

Explanatory Notes:

(i) Ordinary Resolution 3

Mr. Chua Ser Miang will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as the Independent Non-Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors ("Board"), Chairman of the Audit Committee and member of the Remuneration and Nominating Committees. He is considered independent for the purpose of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules.

(ii) Ordinary Resolution 4

Mr. Lin Ming Khin will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Board, Chairman of the Nominating Committee and member of the Audit and Remuneration Committees. He is considered independent for the purpose of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules.

(iii) Ordinary Resolution 5

Ms. Ng Sook Hwa will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of the Board.

(iv) Ordinary Resolution 7

The ordinary resolution 7 proposed above, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company, effective until conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company, or the date by which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held or such authority is varied or revoked by the Company in a general meeting, whichever is the earlier, to allot and issue Shares, make or grant Instruments and to issue Shares pursuant to such Instruments, without seeking any further approval from shareholders in general meeting but within the limitation imposed by this resolution, for such purposes as the Directors of the Company may consider would be in the best interests of the Company. The aggregate number of Shares (including Shares to be made in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this resolution) to be allotted and issued would not exceed one hundred per cent (100%) of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) at the time of passing of this resolution. For issue of Shares (including Shares to be made in pursuance of instruments made or granted pursuant to this resolution) other than on a pro rata basis to all shareholders shall not exceed fifty per cent (50%) of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) at the time of the passing of this resolution.

(v) Ordinary Resolutions 8 and 9

The ordinary resolutions 8 and 9 proposed above, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company, effective until conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company, or the date by which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held or such authority is varied or revoked by the Company in a general meeting, whichever is the earlier, to grant share options under the Scheme and grant share awards under the Share Plan, both the Scheme and Share Plan were approved at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 9 January 2019, and to allot and issue and/or deliver from time to time such number of fully paid-up shares pursuant to the exercise of share options or the vesting of awards, provided that the aggregate number of Shares available pursuant to the Scheme, the Share Plan and any other share-based schemes of the Company, shall not exceed 15% of the total issued shares of the Company (excluding any treasury shares) from time to time.

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- 1. The AGM will be held in a wholly physical format, at 2 Clementi Loop, #03-02 Singapore 129809 on Wednesday, 26 April 2023 at 2.30 p.m.. There will be no option for shareholders to participate virtually. Printed copies of this Notice of AGM, proxy form and Annual Report 2022 will NOT be sent to shareholders of the Company. Instead, these documents will be made available on the SGXNET at https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements and the Company's website at https://www.aoxinqm.com.sg.
- 2. Please bring along your NRIC/passport so as to enable the Company to verify your identity. Shareholders are requested to arrive early to facilitate the registration process and are advised not to attend the AGM if they are feeling unwell.

Submission of Proxy Forms to Vote:

- 3. A shareholder who is unable to attend the AGM and wishes to appoint proxy(ies) to attend, speak and vote at the AGM on his/her/its behalf should complete, sign and return the instrument of proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon.
- 4. A proxy need not to be a shareholder of the Company.
- 5. A shareholder can appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy, but this is not mandatory.
- 6. In relation to the appointment of proxy(ies) to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM, a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) appointing his/her/its proxy(ies) should give specific instructions as to his/her/its manner of voting, or abstentions from voting, in respect of a resolution in the instrument of proxy. If no specific instructions as to voting are given, or in the event of any other matter arising at the AGM and at any adjournment thereof, the proxy(ies) will vote or abstain from voting at his/her/their discretion.
- 7. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal, or under the hand of an attorney or an officer duly authorised. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by an attorney on behalf of the appointor, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must be lodged with the instrument of proxy.

- 8. The instrument appointing the proxy, together with the letter or power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed or a duly certified copy thereof (if applicable), must be:
 - (a) deposited at the office of the Company's share registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, at 80 Robinson Road, #11-02 Singapore 068898; or
 - (b) emailed to: sg.is.proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com,

by 2.30 p.m. on Sunday, 23 April 2023, being not less than seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

- 9. The proxy must bring along his/her NRIC/passport so as to enable the Company to verify his/her identity.
- 10. (a) A shareholder who is not a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM. Where such shareholder appoints two (2) proxies, he/she should specify the proportion of his/her shareholding (expressed as a percentage of the whole) to be presented by each proxy in the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies.
 - (b) A shareholder who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two (2) proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such shareholder. Where such shareholder appoints more than two (2) proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies.

"Relevant intermediary" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967.

- 11. For CPF or SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the AGM as their proxy, they should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes at least seven (7) working days before the AGM, i.e. by **2.30 p.m. on Monday, 17 April 2023**.
- 12. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies if it is incomplete, improperly completed, or illegible, or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument.

Submission of questions in advance of the AGM:

- 13. Shareholders who have any questions in relation to any agenda item of this notice, may send their queries to the Company in advance, by **Tuesday**, **18 April 2023**, via email to qnm@aoxin.sg. For verification purposes, a shareholder who wishes to submit their questions by email is required to indicate their full name (for individuals)/company name (for corporates), NRIC/Passport No./Company Registration number, email address, contact number, shareholding type and number of shares held together with their submission of questions, to the email provided.
- 14. The Company will endeavour to address all substantial and relevant questions received from Shareholders and will upload the responses on the SGXNET at https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements and the Company's website at https://www.aoxinqm.com.sg at least 48 hours prior to the closing date and time for the lodgement of the proxy forms. *i.e. by 2.30 p.m. on Friday, 21 April 2023*. For substantial and relevant comments, queries and/or questions which the Company is unable to address prior to the AGM, the Company will address them at the AGM.
- 15. The Company will, within one month after the date of the AGM, publish the minutes of the AGM on SGXNET at https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements and the Company's website at https://www.aoxinqm.com.sg and the minutes will include the responses to the substantial and relevant questions raised during the AGM.

Annual Report and other documents

The Company's Annual Report 2022 has been published and may be accessed from the SGXNET at https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements and the Company's website at https://www.aoxinqm.com.sg. No printed copy will be sent to shareholders.

Personal data privacy:

By (i) submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend and vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof or (ii) submitting any question prior to the AGM in accordance with this notice, a shareholder of the Company consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data and/or its representative's by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the following purposes:

- (a) processing and administration by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof);
- (b) addressing relevant and substantial questions from shareholders received before the AGM and if necessary, following up with the relevant shareholders in relation to such questions; and
- (c) enabling the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, take-over rules, regulations and/or guidelines by the relevant authorities.

The shareholder's personal data and/or its representative's personal data may be disclosed or transferred by the Company to its subsidiaries, its share registrar and/or other agents or bodies for any of the abovementioned purposes and retained for such period as may be necessary for the Company's verification and record purposes.



AOXIN Q & M DENTAL GROUP LIMITED

(Company Registration No.: 201110784M) (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) (the "Company")

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING PROXY FORM

IMPORTANT:

- This form of proxy has been made available on the SGXNet and the Company's website and may be accessed at the URLs https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements and https://www.aoxinqm.com.sg. A printed copy of this proxy form will NOT be despatched to shareholders. Relevant intermediaries (as defined in Section 181(6) of the Singapore Companies Act 1967) may appoint more than two (2) proxies to attend,
- speak and vote at the annual general meeting ("AGM").
- This proxy form is not valid for use and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by CPF/SRS investors who hold the Company's shares through CPF agent banks or SRS operators. CPF/SRS investors should contact their respective CPF agent banks or SRS operators if they have any queries regarding appointment of their proxies.

 CPF or SRS investors who wish to vote should approach their respective CPF agent banks or SRS operators to submit their votes at least seven

*I/We								(Name	
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		er/shareholders of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group	Limited here	hu an	noint:			(Address	
being	" a Shareholde	Pristial enoiders of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group		еру ар	· 1				
	Name	Address	NRIC/			Proportion of Sh			
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*and/	or	l							
			NRIC/	NRIC/		Proportion of Shareholdings			
Name		Address	Passport No.		No. of Shares		5	%	
26 Ap *I/We ndica at *hi Voting	ril 2023 at 2.3 have directed ted hereunder. s/their discretic would be cor	e AGM of the Company to be held at 2 Cleme 0 p.m. and at any adjournment thereof. *my/our proxy/proxies to vote for or again If no specific directions as to voting are given, an, as *he/they will on any other matters arising ducted by poll. Please indicate your vote "Fo	st the resolu , the *proxy/p ng at the AG	tions roxies M and	to be may v l/or at	proposed ote or abs any adjou	at stain ırnm	the AGM a from voting ent thereof	
the bo	ox provided.								
No.	Resolutions				For	Again	st	Abstain	
	ORDINARY B	USINESS							
1.	Company for	lirectors' statement and audited financial stat the financial year ended 31 December 2022 t ent Auditor's Report thereon							
2.	Approval of the sum of S\$241,000 to be paid as directors' fees for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 (2021:S\$145,000)								
3.	Re-election of	Mr. Chua Ser Miang as director							
4.	Re-election of Mr. Lin Ming Khin as director								
5.	Re-election of	Ms. Ng Sook Hwa as director							
6.		nt of Messrs RSM Chio Lim LLP as the Compa ise the directors to fix their remuneration.		5					
	SPECIAL BUSINESS								
7.	To authorise of	To authorise directors to allot and issue shares							
8.	To authorise directors to issue shares under the Scheme								
9.	To authorise of	lirectors to issue shares under the Share Plan							
Dated	this	_ day of 2023.							
		-			No. of Shares in			of Shares	
	CDP R				r				
	Pagisto								



IMPORTANT: Please Read Notes for this Proxy Form

NOTES:

- 1. Please insert the total number of shares held by you. If you have shares entered against your name in the Depository Register (maintained by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited), you should insert that number of shares. If you have shares registered in your name in the Register of Members (maintained by or on behalf of the Company), you should insert that number of shares. If you have shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert the aggregate number of shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and registered in your name in the Register of Members. If no number is inserted, the instrument appointing the proxy or proxies of the AGM shall be deemed to relate to all the shares held by you.
- 2. In relation to the appointment of proxy(ies) to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM, a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) appointing his/her/its proxy(ies) should give specific instructions as to his/her/its manner of voting, or abstentions from voting, in respect of a resolution in the instrument of proxy. If no specific instructions as to voting are given, or in the event of any other matter arising at the AGM and at any adjournment thereof, the proxy(ies) will vote or abstain from voting at his/her/their discretion.
- 3. The instrument appointing the proxy or proxies must be under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal, executed as a deed in accordance with the Companies Act 1967 or under the hand of an attorney or an officer duly authorised, or in some other manner approved by the Directors. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by an attorney on behalf of the appointor, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must be lodged with the instrument of proxy.
- 4. The instrument appointing the proxy, together with the letter or power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed or a duly certified copy thereof (if applicable), must be:
 - (a) deposited at the office of the Company's share registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, at 80 Robinson Road, #11-02 Singapore 068898; or
 - (b) emailed to: sg.is.proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com,

by 2.30 p.m. on Sunday, 23 April 2023, being not less than seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

A shareholder can appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy, but this is not mandatory.

The proxy must bring along his/her NRIC/passport so as to enable the Company to verify his/her identity

- (a) A shareholder who is not a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM. Where such shareholder appoints two (2) proxies, he/she should specify the proportion of his/her shareholding (expressed as a percentage of the whole) to be presented by each proxy in the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies.
- (b) A shareholder who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two (2) proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such shareholder. Where such shareholder appoints more than two (2) proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies.

"Relevant intermediary" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967.

- 5. For SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the AGM as their proxy, they should approach their respective SRS Operators to submit their votes at least seven (7) working days before the AGM, i.e. by 2.30 p.m. on Monday, 17 April 2023.
- 6. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies if it is incomplete, improperly completed or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies. In addition, in the case of shares entered in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing a proxy or proxies lodged if the shareholder being the appointor, is not shown to have shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.

Personal data privacy:

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s), the member is deemed to have accepted and agreed to the personal data privacy terms set out in the notice of AGM of the Company dated 11 April 2023.





DIRECTORY OF AOXIN Q & M'S OUTLETS

OUTLET	ADDRESS	TEL				
DENTAL HOSPITALS						
Huludao Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. 葫芦岛奥新全民口腔医院有限公司	No. 81A, Longwan Street, Longgang District, Huludao City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省葫芦岛市龙港区龙湾大街81A	86-429-821-0555				
Gaizhou City Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. 盖州市奥新全民口腔医院有限公司	Room 107-207, 1-2/F, Building 8, Huayang Garden, Xicheng Office, Gaizhou City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省盖州市华阳花园小区8号楼1-2层107-207	86-417-767-3688				
Panjin Aoxin Quanmin Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. 盘锦奥新全民口腔医院有限公司	Block 0A04-0A05, LeYuan Community, Xinglongtai District, Panjin City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省盘锦市兴隆台区乐园小区0A04-0A05栋	86-427-651-7777				
Dalian Aoxin Quanmin Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. 大连奥新全民口腔医院有限公司	No. 172, Jinma Road, Development District, Dalian City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省大连市开发区金马路172号	86-411-8761-7777				
Shenyang Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. 沈阳奥新全民口腔医院有限公司	No. 196 DaNan Street, Shenhe District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省沈阳市沈河区大南街196号	86-24-2481-8888				
Shenyang City Shenhe District No. 6 Hospital (Shenyang Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Hospital Co., Ltd. – Branch Hospital) 沈阳市沈河区第六医院(沈阳奥新全民口腔医院分院)	No. 181 Zhongjie Road, Shenhe District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省沈阳市沈河区中街路181号	86-24-2481-6666				
DENTAL POLYCLINICS						
Shenyang Heping Q & M Aoxin Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd. 沈阳和平全民奥新口腔门诊部有限公司	No. 31, Xita Street, Heping District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省沈阳市和平区西塔街31号	86-24-2481-5555				
Shenyang Shenhe Aoxin Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd. 沈阳沈河奥新口腔门诊部有限公司	Lot F623, No. 173, QingNian Main Street, Shenhe District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省沈阳市沈河区青年大街173号F623号商铺	86-24-8411-1333				
Shenyang Huanggu Aoxin Dental Clinic Co., Ltd. 沈阳皇姑奥新口腔门诊部有限公司	No. 11 Kunshan Middle Road, Huanggu District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省沈阳市皇姑区昆山中路11号	86-24-8626-1199				
Huludao City Aoxin Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd. 葫芦岛市奥新口腔门诊部有限公司	No. 17-19, Lida Development Xinhua Street, Bohai Street, Lianshan District, Huludao City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省葫芦岛市连山区渤海街利达开发新华大街17#-19	86-429-218-6003				
Huludao Longgang District Aoxin Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd. 葫芦岛龙港区奥新口腔门诊有限公司	No. D, Building 55-3, Long Wan Street, Longgang District, Huludao City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省葫芦岛市龙港区龙湾大街55-3号楼D	86-429-203-3777				
Anshan Lishan District Aoxin Q & M Stomatology Polyclinic Co., Ltd. 鞍山立山区奥新全民口腔门诊部有限公司	No. 149, Shengli North Road, Lishan District, Anshan City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省鞍山市立山区胜利北路149号	86-412-643-1666				
Panjin Jinsai Q & M Stomatology Co., Ltd. 盘锦金赛全民口腔有限责任公司	No. 169, Shengli Street, Shuangtaizi District, Panjin City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省盘锦市双台子区胜利街169号	86-427-381-1118				
Panjin Jingcheng Q & M Stomatology Co., Ltd. 盘锦精诚全民口腔有限责任公司	No. 92-1, Shiyou Street, Xinglongtai District, Panjin City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省盘锦市兴隆台区石油大街92-1	86-427-780-4899				
Zhuanghe City Aoxin Dawei Dental Co., Ltd. 庄河市奥新大伟口腔有限公司	No. 10, Xiangyang Road 2nd Section, Chengguan Street, Zhuanghe City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省大连庄河市城关街道向阳路二段10号	86-411-8985-6668				
Jinzhou Aoxin Youxin Dental Clinic Co., Ltd. 锦州奥新尤信口腔门诊有限公司	No. 14-77 Anheli, Linghe District, Jinzhou City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省锦州市凌河区安和里14-77号	86-416-376-7777				
DENTAL DISTRIBUTION & SUPPLIES						
Shenyang Maotai Q & M Medical Equipment Co., Ltd. 沈阳茂泰全民医疗设备有限公司	Room 2101, No. 107 Nanjing North Street, Heping District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省沈阳市和平区南京北街107号(2101)	86-24-2287-4848				
DENTAL LABORATORIES						
Shenyang Qingaomei Oral Restorative Technology Co., Ltd. 沈阳清奥美口腔镶复技术有限公司	Room 601, Block C, No. 113 Nanjing North Street, Heping District, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省沈阳市和平区南京北街113号和泰运恒国际C座601室	86-24-8673-7370				
Shenyang Xinchuang Medical Technology Co., Ltd. 沈阳新创医疗科技有限公司	Heping Village, Heping Town, Faku County, Shenyang City, Liaoning Province 辽宁省沈阳市法库县和平乡和平村	NIL				
MEDICAL LABORATORIES						
Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. 敏锐诊断有限公司	41 Science Park Road, #01-02, Lobby B The Gemini, Singapore 117610 新加坡科学园路 41 号B大厅#01-02号 (邮编117610)	65-6980-0080				
Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd. 敏锐研究实验室有限公司	41 Science Park Road, #01-02, Lobby B The Gemini, Singapore 117610 新加坡科学园路 41 号B大厅#01-02号 (邮编117610)	65-6980-0080				



AOXIN Q & M DENTAL GROUP LIMITED

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